

YATES' *Annual*

63.9

★ 1940



*Iceland Poppy,
Yates' Artists' Glory:-*

*A 1940 Special -
Art. shades in a delight-
ful mixture, fine bold
flowers, long stems.*

Pkt. 1/-

Sweet Peas.

First Choice Mixed:-

*The finest of all first
quality blends, includes
many of our choicest
named varieties.*

Pkts. 1/- & 2/6

*Bulk lot prices
on application.*



Australia



Colour-snaps in Yates' trial grounds

The above pictures are reproduced from natural colour photographs taken by ourselves in our own grounds and they show glimpses of some of the "check-testing" and plant improvement work we are continually carrying on.

Top Row—The centre picture and that on the right show a selected type and two stud plants for seed respectively, and serve to indicate the very successful and important work we have been doing to produce and improve the now famous "Phenomenal" and other Australian strains of Cauliflower. The right-hand picture shows a comprehensive test of all worthwhile types and strains of Lettuce, and when it is realised that these tests are carried out at least once and sometimes twice in each year, our leadership in high-grade types for Australian growers can be understood.

Centre Row—Here we show our wonderful Australian Sweet Peas. The right and left pictures were taken in our seed crop and indicate how pure to colour and to type are the individual varieties. Further tests carried out in the home garden (centre picture) readily indicate the relative public appeal of the newer tints and varieties.

Bottom Row—Few of the commonly-grown annuals have enjoyed in recent years such a surge of interest and popularity as have Antirrhinums of which the newer types and colourings are quite outstanding. By means of extensive trials and diligent observation we are able to offer only the best strains of the purest colouring and of the most shapely and sturdy habit. Also we are able to select just those colours of greatest appeal to commercial growers as pictured in the middle illustration.

(For continuation of these notes see inside back cover).

A War-Time Catalogue.

ONCE again the community is "carrying on" under the strain and stress of war time and of such restrictions and control as our leaders find necessary for the heavy task now before us. Not least does this apply to the Seed Industry and to the horticultural and agricultural communities who have very important parts to fill in maintaining and increasing our supplies of foodstuffs and agricultural products for the Australian and British peoples, and thus reducing the call on foreign exchange now so urgently needed for war materials.

For our part we are doing and will continue to do everything in our power to ensure a healthy and vigorous continuance of Australian horticulture, because of its great value in both an economic and a cultural sense. As seeds are an essential factor in soil fertility and are the very basis of all food supplies, both vegetable and flesh, our job is to ensure as far as possible a regular and continual supply and distribution of all essential kinds and varieties. Speaking of the national importance of seed supplies, an English paper recently said: "Think for a moment of the importance of the seed harvest, which is the very foundation of all horticulture. The matter is not given the importance it deserves, even by the trade itself, but **what would happen if it failed?**"

There are already added difficulties with certain of our supplies, particularly in the case of seeds which have in the past been the product of overseas non-sterling countries, and later on some shortages are likely. For the present, stocks already in store and prospective harvests now being gathered of most of the important lines are such as to enable us to give our customers a continuance of the efficient service they expect and require.

We are now planning to further increase our Australian seed production and to develop still more our seed growing organisation which, it is interesting to note, was established by the late Arthur Yates soon after the outbreak of the 1914-1918 struggle. We hope thus to do our part in what we believe to be a most essential service—Seeds.

Owing to war-time conditions this issue of Yates' Annual is being published a little later than usual, and some of the subject matter is given in a little less detail, but we feel sure that our customers will once again find it a compendium of all the best in flowers, bulbs and plants and vegetables, and an invaluable help to successful gardening. The various seasonal publications we issue, in addition to this Annual, are set out in detail on page 2.

All offers made and all orders accepted by ourselves and by our distributors are subject to the following:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND NON-WARRANTY

We believe that all Seeds Bulbs and Roots sold by us are of the description and kind specified by us at the time of sale, but owing to the practical impossibility in many cases of being certain of this we give no undertaking that such Seeds Bulbs or Roots will correspond with the description under which they are sold and we make all sales subject to this condition. We further give no warranty expressed or implied as to their growth description quality or productiveness and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods sold to him on these terms they are at once to be returned to us and any money paid to us will be refunded.

Please turn to pages 74, 75 for TERMS OF BUSINESS, notices and instructions. By reading these you may help us to avoid delay and disappointment in attending to your enquiries.

FOR COMPLETE INDEX see pages 76 to 78, and page 2 for list of publications.

ARTHUR YATES & CO. PTY. LTD.

"AUSTRALIA'S GREATEST SEED HOUSE" 184-186 SUSSEX STREET, SYDNEY, N.S.W.

Telephone :
MA 6771
(9 lines)

Letters :
Box 2707-C, G.P.O.,
SYDNEY.

Location :
184 SUSSEX STREET,
Between King & Market Sts.

Telegrams :
"Seedsman,
Sydney."

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A NATION WIDE SEED SERVICE

5000
Local Distributors

Accounts and Records

YATES' VEGETABLE AND FLOWER SEEDS in packets are obtainable from those stores especially appointed in your town for the sale of same, and if the names of stores in your centre stocking Yates' Seeds are not known to you, please ask us. These stores will be pleased to also obtain for you supplies of nursery goods and farm and garden seeds by weight.

Write now for the name and address of the nearest distributor if not already known to you, and be sure to look for the name **YATES** on every bag, label and package delivered to you.

Yates' Catalogues

Yates' Annual—issued February. A complete and well-illustrated list of Seeds, Bulbs, and Plants for the home garden. Valuable for reference, also to the market vegetable grower and commercial flower grower. Lists and describes everything we sell except Agricultural Seeds.

Yates' Garden Calendar—issued January. A valuable sowing and planting guide for each month of the year. Also contains much useful gardening information as well as a concise, descriptive list of popular varieties.

Yates' Book of Grassland and Green Crop Farming—issued February. Fully descriptive and freely illustrated book for farmers, graziers, dairymen, and others interested in pasture improvement and the growing of better fodder crops. Grasses, Clovers, Grains, and all grazing and cutting crops for both autumn and spring sowings are dealt with in an informative way.

Yates' Spring Suggestions—issued August. For the home gardener. Covers Dahlias, Chrysanthemums, as well as all popular lines of Garden Seeds and Flowering Bulbs for spring planting.

Yates' Current Price List—issued first of every month. A complete price list of (1) Grasses, Clovers, Fodder Crops, etc. (2) Bulk Vegetable Seeds for market growers. (3) A selected list of Flower Seeds for commercial growers and florists. Prices only. For descriptions, see relative catalogues.

Yates' Seasonal Vegetable and Flower Notes for Market Gardeners—issued June and December. Interesting notes and comments on commercial growers' varieties of flowers and vegetables, with special reference to the newer varieties and more recent developments.

Parcel Despatch Room

Handling Inwards Mail

Forwarding Division

Scientific Seed Testing

Pocket Filling Machinery

Outdoor Trials and Selection

Manufacturing Seed Pockets

One of Six Large Cleaning Plants

Australian Seed Production

Packing of Nursery Goods

WORTHWHILE NOVELTIES FOR 1940

On this page we feature new flowers, not only from the best overseas sources of supply but also some originated by us in Australia.

For easy reference we have classified these contributions with identifying characters as follows:—

* All the varieties preceded by this mark are our own introductions for 1940. They are the result of years of patient work of our Trial Ground experts. Before featuring them we checked their merit by final tests against the best of to-day's strains.

§ These varieties are the very latest offering from overseas growers and are carefully chosen from many lists. At the time of going to press we are still awaiting the arrival of most of them. They are so new that there has been no opportunity for testing but they come to us with good reputations.

‡ Varieties so marked are the cream of the 1939 novelties and still new enough to cause excitement among gardening friends. They have "survived" the keen criticism of our experts and received the approbation of many flower lovers who grew them last season.

And so, for 1940-41, we present a very select list of choice specialities. Let their newness and charm pervade the home and help to lighten the daily cares and the worries of war-time. Growing some of the many "lovelies" of this page will stimulate your interest as they unfold their hitherto hidden beauty.

AGERATUM

- § King of the Blues—Appears a really worthwhile introduction because of the tufty, compact plants which are literally covered with flowers of deep and pure bright blue. Grows only a few inches high, and will be ideal for window boxes, rockeries, etc. Pkt., 1/-.

ALYSSUM

(Maritimum Nanum)

- ‡ Violet Queen—6 inches—When gardeners saw this bloom for the first time they realised its possibilities for the rockery, window box, border or balcony. A striking violet shade. Pkt., 1/6.

ANTIRRHINUM

(Nanum Grandiflora)

- § Strawberry Gleam—18 inches—The raiser of this introduction is almost at a loss for words to describe its beauty; we are content to say that it has many desirable features plus a gorgeous colouring of vivid crushed strawberry, shaded orange and contrasted with a bright orange lip. Pkt., 1/-.

CALENDULA

- § Yellow Colossal—20 inches—Has the reputation of producing the largest flowers of any Calendula yet introduced, some being 4½ inches across. A Chrysanthemum-flowered type of bright yellow. Fully double, loosely formed flowers. Pkt., 1/6.



CONVOLVULUS, ROYAL ENSIGN.

CONVOLVULUS

(Minor)

- § Royal Ensign—12 inches—Bright ultramarine blue flowers; entirely new shade. Convolvulus grows almost anywhere. Pkt., 1/-.

DIANTHUS

- § Rainbow Loveliness—The plants are covered with fairy-like lacey flowers. The colours comprise pastel shades of mauves, reds, pinks, white, and cream. Shows great promise. Pkt., 1/6.
- § Delight—9 inches—The range of shades in this mixture appears to be unlimited. The plants flower continuously and resist the driest weather. Nearly all the flowers display a similar but deeper shade at the centre. Pkt., 1/-.

HOLLYHOCK

(Annual)

- ‡ Indian Spring—6 to 8 feet—This introduction enables the Hollyhock to be grown in warmer climates than hitherto possible. Single and semi-double flowers resemble beautiful Begonias in indescribably lovely shades of bright rose and rosy carmine. Pkt., 1/6.

IPOMOEA

- ‡ Scarlet O'Hara—The graceful trailers are plentifully studded with rosy crimson flowers. Quickly blooms from seed and very easily grown. Pkt., 1/6.

NASTURTIUM

- ‡ Indian Chief—12 inches—Brilliantly vivid scarlet flowers combine with the dark foliage to form an unusual effect. Sweetly scented blooms appear from every opening among the leaves. Pkt., 1/-.

ICELAND POPPIES

- * Yates' Artists' Glory—20 inches—A superb mixture of all the now popular art tones, comprising biscuit, salmon pink, light tangerine, and many bicolor effects. Fully-cupped flowers are well crinkled and carried on long vigorous stems. One of the best introductions for 1940. Special pkt., 1/-.
- * Yates' Giant Yellow—20 inches—By continuous selection we have obtained almost 100 per cent. purity. The rich yellow shade is unrivalled

ICELAND POPPIES (continued)—

- for indoor or outdoor decoration. Immense flowers and vigorous stems. Pkt., 1/-.
- * Coonara Giants—15 inches—A great improvement on our popular Coonara strain. The flowers are larger and the stems longer. The salmon and rose-pink shades do not exist in any other variety of Iceland Poppy. Pkt., 1/-.

SCABIOSA

- ‡ Blue Moon—3 feet—Fully "domed" flowers often measuring 1½ inches across the base. The colour is an unusually deep sapphire blue. Pkt., 1/-.

WALLFLOWER

- * Yates' "Russet Shades" Mixed—15 inches—We offer this strain as being not just the finest of Annual Wallflowers but the one having the choicest colours and most vigorous growth of any yet offered. Rare colours of unusual sheen such as blood red, ruby, mahogany and burnt yellow are included in this mixture. Special pkt., 1/-.
- * Yates' Early Giant Yellow—15 inches—An ALL yellow strain from which a large harvest of fragrant blooms can be expected. The plants are vigorous and well branched. Pkt., 1/-.



WALLFLOWER, RUSSET SHADES.

YATES' NEW "LARGE PACKET" SPECIALS

FOR SPRING, AUTUMN AND ALL THE YEAR ROUND PLANTING.

Real news about flowers spreads among the gardening fraternity like a bushfire. That's just what happened with the announcement of our New Enlarged Packets with their generous sowings and beautifully illustrated 5 x 4 inch pictures.

Some of the varieties are old favourites to which we have given special attention and thereby improved them. Others, such as Yates' Artists' Glory Iceland Poppy and Wallflower Single Early Flowering "Russet Shades," are our own 1939-40 introductions. One and all they carry our recommendation.

We have announced the Autumn and Spring-sown varieties separately, but this is our first opportunity of listing them together. We know by the demand that gardeners appreciate our efforts to offer something quite different.

In the list below there are two sections; those offered as Choice Mixtures at 1/- per pkt., and those available as collections at 1/3 per pkt., which are really three 6d. sized packets enclosed in one large packet and consist of three SEPARATE and DIFFERENT varieties.

Following the success of our new Spring Packets our distributors showed a keenness that was almost overwhelming to "land" these Autumn Specials on their counters as early in the season as possible. Some orders were received even before the packets were printed. The point we are trying to make is that there should be no difficulty in obtaining your requirements. All leading stores display them on special show cards. Ask your nearest distributor to show you these new packets.

FOR AUTUMN SOWING



LINARIA, FAIRY BOUQUET.

CHOICE MIXTURES

Each, per Packet, 1/-.

CALENDULA

Yates' Goldmine Mixture—15 inches—Comprises two fine rust-resisting varieties of the Chrysanthemum-flowered type.

CINERARIA

Yates' Large Flowered Branching Mixed—18 inches—Comparisons have shown this to be several years ahead of the average Cineraria Mixture.

LINARIA

Fairy Bouquet Mixed Colours—8 inches—Window boxes, rockeries or neat dwarf edgings are just the places for these lovely flowers, which resemble tiny Antirrhinums. A rare range of colour.

PANSY

Roggli's Giant—4 inches—The rich blotches are contrasted with luxurious colourings. Worthy of exhibition.

ICELAND POPPY

Yates' Artists' Glory—20 to 24 inches—Our own 1939-40 introduction. For description, see Novelties, page 3.

STOCK

Yates' Giant Perfection Mixed—20 to 24 inches—Noted for its high percentage of doubles and wonderful mixture of colour. Now regarded as the finest Stock for warm climates.

SWEET PEA

Yates' First Choice Mixed—6 to 7 feet—Home gardeners tell us they require nothing better for a vivid display of large, long-stemmed flowers. Also available at 2/6 per packet.

WALLFLOWER

Yates' Early Flowering "Russet Shades" Mixed—15 to 18 inches—Another of our own 1939-40 introductions and described in the Novelties on page 3.

RUSSELL LUPINS

Mixed Colours—4 feet—Recommended for cool climates. Enormous bloom spikes up to 2 feet long and 6 inches across the base.

COLLECTIONS OF THREE DISTINCT COLOURS

Per Collection Packet, each 1/3.

LARKSPUR

Tall Branching—Lustrous carmine, sky blue, dark blue—three popular colours from our Rainbow Mixture. Heavy trusses of bloom. 3 feet.

LUPIN

Hartwigii Tall Small Seeded—Heavenly blue, rosea, dark blue—3 feet—The long, vigorous spikes grow from the crown of the plant at ground level. Three chosen colours.

NEMESIA

Compacta—8 inches—Orange, scarlet, blue. Very striking combination of shades.

SCABIOSA

Tall Double—Cherry Red, Azure Fairy, Peach Blossom—4 feet—The names of these varieties are very appropriate and describe the colours very favourably.

STOCK

Yates' Giant Perfection—18 inches to 2 feet—Late deliveries have made it uncertain which three varieties we will be able to include in this collection, but these will be shown on the packets which are available at all leading stores.

SWEET PEAS

(6 to 8 feet)

1—Yates' Early Flowering Spencer Type—Lavender, Rich Pink, Deep Blue.

2—Yates' Early Flowering Spencer Type—Rich Pink, Crimson Rose, and Deep Blue.

Chosen after thoroughly combing six acres of Sweet Pea trials. Popular choice has also shown that these six varieties are among the most appealing. Each collection, 1/3.



SCABIOSA, TALL DOUBLE.

Linaria Fairy Bouquet is one of the loveliest of annual rockery plants.

"LARGE PACKET" SPECIALS (CONTINUED)

FOR SPRING SOWING



PHLOX, "BRIGHT EYES" MIXTURE.

CHOICE MIXTURES

Each, per Packet, 1/-.

ANTIRRHINUM

Semi-Dwarf Majestic Mixed—18 ins.—Separate varieties of this newer Antirrhinum are listed on page 9. This mixture is blended from them.

ASTER

Yates' Re-Selected Giant Crego Mixed—18 inches—Every worthwhile colour is included, and the strain selected and grown on our own Tasmanian Seed Farm is the very best.

American Beauty Mixed—This type flowers when the Crego has finished. Recommended for all districts, especially where summer heat is intense.

CHRYSANTHEMUM

Perennial Early Flowering Mixed—3 to 5 feet—Easily grown from seed. The flowers are single, semi-double with a great variety of colour.

NASTURTIIUM

Dwarf Double Globe Mixed—15 inches—Tidy, compact plants which literally cover themselves with the many-coloured blooms.

PETUNIA

Single Giants of California—15 inches—An easily grown strain, the blooms of which are in many cases worthy of exhibition.

PHLOX

Yates' "Bright Eyes" Mixture—15 inches—Because it only contains the white-eyed varieties, it is extremely showy when massed in large quantities.

ZINNIA

Yates' Brilliant Giants Mixed (Dahlia-Flowered)—4 feet—An exclusive mixture of the very finest colours.

COLLECTIONS OF THREE DISTINCT COLOURS

Per Collection Packet, each 1/3.

ANTIRRHINUM

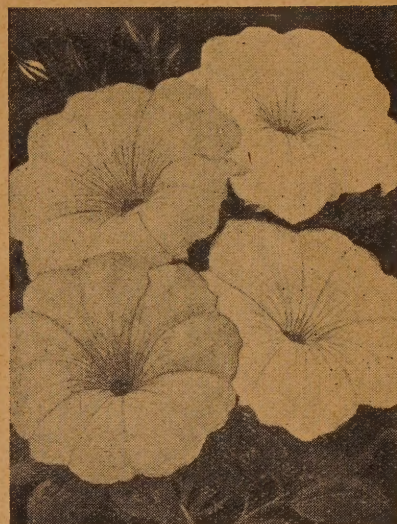
Tall Giant Large Flowered—3 to 4 feet—Scarlet, Pink, Tango. Valuable for massing or cutting. Large "open-throated" flowers.

ASTER

American Beauty—18 inches—Lavender, Purple, Rose—A wilt-resistant strain providing long, lateral-free stems.



CHRYSANTHEMUM, EARLY FLOWERING.



PETUNIA, DWARF BEDDING.

MARIGOLD

Tall African—3 to 4 feet—Orange Prince, Lemon Queen, Guinea Gold—There is nothing like the African Marigold for a hardy summer-growing annual.

PETUNIA

Dwarf Bedding Single—15 inches—Violacea, Rosy Morn Improved (Rose of Heaven), Periwinkle Blue—A very lovely trio from the Petunia family.

PHLOX

(Drummondii Grandiflora)

Yates' Derwent—Scarlet, Rose, Salmon—15 inches—Phlox enthusiasts have always shown favouritism toward these three varieties.

ZINNIA

Lilliput—2 feet—Rosebud, Scarlet, Canary Yellow—Daintiness, charm and delightful colourings are all to be found in this superb collection.

ZINNIA

Giant Dahlia-Flowered—3 to 4 feet—Canary Bird, Golden State, Scarlet Flame—Imagine these three lovely colours massed close together.

CREEPERS

Aristolochia Elegans, Antigonon Lepotus, Cobaea Scandens—The beautiful illustration on the packet containing these three perennial creepers will enable you to conjure up their many possibilities to beautify your garden.

ALL THE YEAR ROUND PLANTINGS

It will be noticed that among these specialities there are three varieties which in most districts can be sown the whole year round. These are:

ANTIRRHINUM SEMI-DWARF MAJESTIC MIXED. Pkt., 1/-.

ANTIRRHINUM YATES' GIANT LARGE FLOWERED COLLECTION. Pkt., 1/3.

NASTURTIIUM DOUBLE GLOBE MIXED. Pkt., 1/-.

NOTE.—In climates where the summers are mild and the winters severe, the autumn specials could be sown in the early spring.

Every one of our SPECIAL packets contains a four-page leaflet with illustrations on how to raise flower seeds.

A HANDY REFERENCE

SPECIAL USES							Height in inches	NAME	Flowering Season	FOR COLOUR EFFECTS						
For Fra-grance.	For Cutting	Window Boxes	Rock Gardens	Hot, Dry Places	Semi-Shade	Pot Plants				Gold Yellow	Crimson Scarlet	Pink Rose	Blue Lavender	White	Mixed Shades	
	+			+			24	Acroclinium	Spr						+	
	+			+			6-18	Ageratum	All S'sns				+			
+	+	+	+	+	+		3-9	Alyssum	All S'sns	+			+	+		
				+			48-60	Amaranthus	Su	For Foliage						
	+	+	+	+			6-9	Anemone	Spr		+				+	
	+				+		36	Aquilegia	Spr						+	
	+			+			36-40	Antirrhinum, Tall	All S'sns	+	+	+	+	+	+	
	+		+	+			18-20	„ Semi-Dwarf	All S'sns	+	+	+	+	+	+	
	+						24	Aster	Su A		+	+	+	+	+	
			+	+		+	18	Balsam	Su A							
		+	+	+		+	12-15	Begonia, Fibrous	Su A		+	+			+	
					+	+	12	„ Tuberosus	Su A						+	
	+			+	+		18-20	Calendula	W Spr	+					+	
	+			+			20	Calliopsis	All S'sns	+					+	
	+						22	Candytuft	Spr W		+	+	+	+	+	
	+				+	+	24	Canterbury Bells	Spr						+	
+	+			+		+	18	Carnation	All S'sns						+	
	+					+	30	Celosia	Su A						+	
	+				+		36	Centaurea	W Spr				+		+	
	+				+		36	Chrysanthemum, P.	A						+	
	+				+		24	„ Annual	Spr						+	
		+	+			+	30	Cineraria	W Spr						+	
	+			+		+	24	Clarkia	Spr						+	
			+	+		+	36	Cockscomb	Su A		+				+	
		+	+	+		+	30	Coleus	Su	For Foliage						
	+			+			6ft.	Cosmos	Su A	+		+			+	
	+						6ft.	Dahlia	Su A						+	
	+						60-72	Delphinium Hyb.	A W Spr				+		+	
		+	+	+			12	Dianthus	All S'sns		+				+	
			+	+			12	Eschscholtzia	Su A						+	
	+			+	+		8	Forget-Me-Not	Spr				+		+	
+	+	+	+			+	6-8	Freesia	Spr				+	+	+	
	+			+			24	Gaillardia	All S'sns	+					+	
	+			+			18	Gerbera	Spr Su						+	
	+						24	Geum	Spr	+	+					
	+						24	Godetia, Tall	Spr		+				+	
	+					+	20	Gypsophila, Ann.	Su A Spr			+		+		
	+	Everlasting	+				30	Helichrysum	Spr Su A						+	
	+						60	Hollyhock, Ann.	Su		+	+				
	+		+	+			30	Honesty	Spr	Silver Seed Pods	+					
	+		+	+			18	Hunneemannia	Su	+						
	+						48	Larkspur	Spr		+	+	+	+	+	
	+						24	Leptosyne	W	+						
	+	+	+		+	+	15	Linaria	W Spr	+	+				+	
			+	+		+	4	Lobelia	Su A				+			
+	+				+		36-48	Lupin, Ann.	W Spr	+		+	+		+	
	+			+			36	Marigold, African	Su	+					+	
	+		+				30	„ French	W Spr	+					+	
+	+						15	Mathiola	Spr				+			
	+			+	+		24	Matricaria	A W					+		
	+	+	+	+			6	Mesembryanthemum	Su A						+	
+	+					+	6-9	Mignonette	Spr	+	+				+	
			+	+		+	20	Mimulus	Spr						+	
+	+	+	+	+	+	+	15	Nasturtium, Dwarf	All S'sns	+	+				+	
	+		+			+	12	Nemesia	W Spr	+	+		+		+	
	+						15	Nigella	Su				+			
+	+	+	+	+	+	+	6	Pansy	W Spr	+	+		+	+	+	
	+		+	+	+	+	14	Petunia	Su A		+	+	+	+	+	
	+			+			24	Pentstemon	Spr Su A						+	
	+		+	+		+	12	Phlox	Su A	+	+	+	+	+	+	
	+		+				18-20	Poppy, Iceland	W Spr	+	+	+			+	
		+	+	+			6	Portulaca	Su						+	
	+						9	Primrose	W Spr	+					+	
			+	+	+	+	9	Primula Mal.	W Spr			+	+			

CHART FOR FLOWERS

SPECIAL USES							Height in inches	NAME	Flowering Season	FOR COLOUR EFFECTS							
For Fragrance.	For Cutting	Window Boxes	Rock Gardens	Hot, Dry Places	Semi-Shade	Pot Plants				Gold yellow	Crimson	Scarlet	Pink	Rose	Blue	White	Mixed Shades
+	+		+				12	Ranunculus	Spr								+
+	+		+	+	Everlasting		12	Rhodanthe	Su								+
+	+			+			24	Salpiglossis	Su A								+
	+	+	+	+			12	Salvia, Dwarf	Spr Su A		+				+		+
	+			+			20	Saponaria	Spr Su A				+	+		+	
	+						36	Scabiosa	Spr Su		+		+	+	+	+	+
	+	+	+		+	+	18	Schizanthus	Spr								+
	+			+			24	Statice	A Su Spr	+			+	+	+		+
+	+						20	Stock	W Spr			+	+	+	+	+	+
+	+						4-6ft.	Sweet Pea	W Spr			+	+	+	+	+	+
For Perennial Border							30	Stokesia							+		
+	+			+			2-6ft.	Sunflower	Su	+							+
+	+		+		+		18	Sweet William	Spr Su								+
+	+		+	+	+		15	Sweet Wivelsfield	Spr Su								+
+	+				+		48	Thalictrum	Su						+		
+	+			+			6ft.	Tithonia	Su			+					
		+	+			+	6	Torenia	Spr Su						+		
		+	+	+			9	Ursinia	Su	+							
	+	+	+	+			8	Verbena	Spr Su			+	+	+	+		+
		+	+				4	Viola	W Spr	+		+			+	+	+
		+	+		+	+	6	Virginian Stock	Spr								+
+	+	+	+			+	12	Viscaria	Su								+
+	+		+		+		15	Wallflower	Spr	+		+					+
+	+			+			36	Zinnia, Giant	Su A	+		+		+	+	+	+
+	+		+	+			15	„ Lilliput	Su A	+		+		+			+

NOTES ON THE USE OF THIS CHART

A = Autumn.

Spr = Spring.

W = Winter.

Su = Summer.

The object in compiling this chart is to provide a handy reference to the varieties that are best suited to one or other of the special uses set out on the left-hand side, and on the other hand to indicate on the right-hand side the varieties which will best serve to obtain the special colour effects which can be such a valuable feature of a well-planned garden.

It will, of course, be necessary to consult the varieties listed and described in the General List of Flower Seeds so that you may pick out the particular kind or colour which has the qualifications required. Also against each variety in the General List will be found indicator letters or symbols, such as H.A.-A.E., H.P.-E., and so on, and the purpose and use of these in deciding when and how to sow is carefully explained in the following article.

EXPLANATIONS OF LETTERS AND GARDENING TERMS USED IN CULTIVATION NOTES AND DESCRIPTIONS IN GENERAL LIST

Every packet of Yates' Seeds bears useful cultivation hints, time of sowing, etc. For those who wish to learn more about gardening generally, our advice is to write for Yates' Garden Guide, which has been compiled especially for the amateur. This is priced at 1/- per copy, post free.

A leaflet on the raising of flower seeds is available free on request.

In the following pages of flower seeds, each variety is marked with reference letters, and by referring to the table above gardeners will be able to sow at the right time and to give the most suitable treatment for sowing.

Yates' Garden Calendar is available free on request, and sowing times throughout the year can be obtained from this.

H.A.—Hardy Annual. Sow in Autumn or Spring unless otherwise mentioned.

H.H.A.—Half-hardy or Tender Annual. Sow late in Spring unless otherwise mentioned.

H.P.—Hardy Perennial. Sow in Autumn unless otherwise mentioned.

H.B.—Hardy Biennial. Sow in Autumn unless otherwise mentioned.

A.—The seeds of these can be planted to advantage in the borders where the plants are to grow, thinning out to the proper distances apart when the seedlings are up. Or they can be raised in seed-pans or nursery beds, and transplanted when large enough.

B.—These plants do not transplant well, and are best sown in the borders where the plants are to grow, thinning to the proper distances apart when large enough.

C.—These plants are best raised in pans, boxes, or sheltered nursery beds.

D.—Only suitable for raising under glass or frames. In the winter artificial heat would be required.

E.—Suitable for very hot, sunny positions, and will thrive in the warmer districts as well as in the more temperate climates.

F.—These do best in the cooler districts, say where the English fruits thrive.

G.—If grown in warm climates require a shady position.

Annuals.—Plants which complete their life span within a year. They require to be raised from seed every year.

Biennials.—Plants which, being raised from seed one year, complete their life and die the next.

Perennials.—Plants which live more than two years.

Herbaceous Plants.—Those perennials whose stems die annually, while their roots continue alive in the earth.

Early.—Applied to plants whose growing season is short, and which mature quickly. For this reason, if late sowing becomes necessary an early sort usually does best.

Late.—Applied to plants which take longer to complete their growth than other varieties of their species.

Hardy Plants.—Are those with a vigorous constitution which will thrive in the open ground without much care.

Tender (or Half-hardy).—Is a term applied to all plants which, being of delicate growth, require special care in raising. The term is more generally applied to those which are easily killed by extreme cold. Many plants, such as Tomatoes, are very tender in the early Spring, but become quite hardy when the weather gets warmer.

GENERAL LIST OF *Choice* FLOWER SEEDS

The capital letters H.A.—A., etc., indicate cultural requirements, times of sowing and other information as set out on pages 6 and 7.

ACROCLINIUM

(Everlasting Daisy)

(H.A.—A.) Lovely everlasting flowers, valuable for cutting. Plant out in a sunny border.

Large Flowered Double Hybrids—The double flowers are extremely large and are produced in profusion over a long period. The range of colour is remarkable for its rich shades of apricot, salmon, pink, and cerise, many having dark centres. 2ft. high. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

AGATHEA

(Blue Marguerite)

(H.P.—A.E.) Has charming blue Aster-like flowers. Likes a sunny situation. Sow Spring and Autumn. Coelestis—Blue, with yellow centre; 18 inches high.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

AGERATUM

(Floss Flower)

(H.A.—A.) Lovely bedding plants with beautiful lavender blue flowers. Imperial Dwarf Blue—Suitable for edgings or small beds; 9 inches high.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Imperial Tall Blue—Valuable for cut flowers and florists' work; 18 inches high. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Blue Cap—Small foliage, showy dark blue flowers. Height, 6 inches.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-

ALONSOA

(H.A.—A.) Very pretty plants, throwing up spikes of beautiful scarlet flowers.

Warszewiczii—Brilliant scarlet; 18in. high. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

ALYSSUM

(H.P.—A.) Pretty dwarf perennial plants, for edgings, borders, and rock work.



ACROCLINIUM, DOUBLE HYBRIDS.

ALYSSUM (continued)—

Alyssum Procumbens (Carpet of Snow)—A very select strain, growing only about two and a half inches high. The blossoms are massed, completely hiding all the foliage.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Lilac Queen (Compactum)—The flowers are of a light purple shade, changing to lilac as they develop; sweetly scented. 6 inches high.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Odoratum (Benthami)—White and very fragrant; 10 inches high. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Saxatile—Golden flowers, later blooming than above sorts; 9 inches high.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

AMARANTHUS

(H.H.A.—A.E.) Magnificent tall-growing plants with the most brilliant foliage. Sow in clumps, where they are intended to grow. They will make a gorgeous show in the Autumn, growing 5 to 6 feet high.

Mixed Hybrids—A wide range of colours. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Salicifolius Improved (Fountain Plant)—Long, narrow pink foliage; 6 ft. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Tricolor Improved (Joseph's Coat)—Yellow, red and green; very showy. 4 feet. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 1/-, 2/6

ANCHUSA

(Cape Forget-Me-Not)

Blue Bird. (H.A.—C.) A hardy plant for either moist or fairly dry conditions. Deep blue flowers.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Italica—Dropmore variety. (H.P.—C.)—A good border plant for summer conditions. Has intense gentian-blue flowers with white eye. 3 feet high. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

ANEMONE

(Windflower)

(H.P.—C.) Lovely spring flowering perennial plants, of which we also offer the bulbs (Bulb Section, see index). They are, however, easily raised from seed. Make sowings from January to March, and, if well grown, they will flower the first Spring. See also notes on the method of raising Ranunculus seed.

St. Brigid, Yates' Prize Strain—A distinct strain of most brilliant and striking colours, most of the flowers being semi-double; 12 inches high. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Giant Scarlet Emperor (Single)—A very fine colour; long stems, large blooms. Vigorous grower.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

AQUILEGIA

(Columbine)

(H.P.—C.F.) A spring flowering perennial. Successful in climates similar to and cooler than Sydney. First year seedlings bloom most prolifically.

Yates' "Derwent" Long Spurred—AD Long Spurred of the Scott-Elliott type, in a splendid mixture of colours. We have included in this the finest English exhibition strains. At our Tasmanian Seed Farm, where they are grown, we are continually selecting this strain. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

ARCTOTIS

(White African Daisy)

(H.P.—A.) A silvery foliaged perennial from South Africa. 2 feet high. **New Hybrids**—Many beautiful shades of bronze, crimson, and brown.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Grandis—The petals are white on the face and pale lilac on the reverse side, and the centre disc is light blue. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

ASPARAGUS

(Asparagus Fern)

(H.P.—C.G.) A hardy long-lasting plant for graceful decoration in the bush-house or shaded verandah.

Sprengeri—Bears numerous light green "trailers."

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Plumosa—Ordinary climbing variety. See Vines and Creepers. (See Index.)

AUBRETIA

(H.P.—C.F.) Excellent for rock gardens and trailing down over banks. **Graeca**—Light blue.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Hybrida grandiflora—Fine mixed colours. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

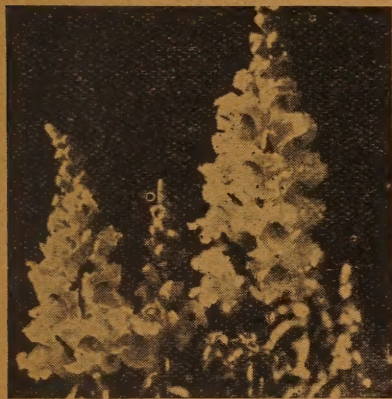


ASPARAGUS SPRENGERII.

ANTIRRHINUMS

(SNAPDRAGON)

(H.P.—A.E.) These newer Antirrhinums are recommended with every confidence as some of our very best flowers for Spring and Summer Blooming. They stand the hot weather well, and will grow in dry, sunny positions, where many other plants will fail. Keep all dead flowers cut off to encourage a long blooming season. They do best sown in the Autumn and early Winter, when fine, sturdy plants will become available for Spring and Summer blooming, but can also be sown in the Spring and early Summer. Do not make the ground too rich, and do not over-water.



ANTIRRHINUM, SEMI-DWARF TYPE.

TALL GIANT LARGE-FLOWERED

These stately Giant Antirrhinums are particularly suitable for planting at the rear of borders, or between shrubs or other tall plants.

Yates' Tall Giant Flowered Mixed—As a combination of all the best colours this mixture is second to none. Practically every shade in Antirrhinums is represented. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Tango Shades Mixed. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Rose Shades Mixed. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Special Collection Packets—One packet each scarlet, pink and tango, for 1/3. Each variety is separately pocketed in one large packet.

ROSE AND PINK SHADES

Rose King (Brilliant Rose)—A good rich rose self.

The Rose—A clear rose with golden centre, extra large, bold, well-frilled florets, and large heads of flower. Specially recommended for exhibition.

Rose Queen—Soft shades of pale pink medium-size florets; good branching habit.

Ruby—An intense carmine rose; produces large centre spikes with many side laterals.

ORANGE AND TANGO SHADES

Old Gold (Gotelind)—Mid. tangerine shade with a salmon sheen; an added attraction is the golden centre, flushed light tangerine. Florets are nicely frilled.

Moonlight—A rich deep tango with a harmonising carmine tube. The florets are closely placed on good, strong stems.

Golden Queen—A light tawny shade with a lovely harmonising lilac tube; florets are large and nicely placed on long, strong stems. Specially recommended.

Wallflower—A rich deep wallflower with golden centre; very large flor-

ets and heads of flower. A fine variety for exhibition.

CRIMSON AND SCARLET SHADES

Cardinal—A rich tawny scarlet evenly shaded throughout the blossom. The long spikes of flowers are carried on strong wiry stems. A most attractive Snapdragon for indoor decoration.

Monarch—A rich crimson which glows in the sunlight; stands weather conditions well. A good deep shade for cutting.

Kermesina Splendens—Deepest crimson, long spikes of flower.

LILAC AND PURPLE SHADES

Cattleya—Varies from light to deep lilac; quite an uncommon shade; strong grower.

Purple King—Velvety dark purple.

GOLDEN YELLOW SHADES

Yellow King—A very fine deep clear yellow; well formed heads of flower.

WHITE

Snowflakes—White shading to cream; extra tall growing, with giant heads of bloom; liable to wind damage if planted in exposed position.

Queen Victoria—The clear pure glistening white fairly dances in the breeze; good long stems unequalled for cutting.

Each pkt. separate colours: 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

SEMI-DWARF LARGE-FLOWERED

For massing in borders as the shades of colour blend harmoniously together. The flowers are large, very showy, and are produced in great abundance.

Yates' Semi-Dwarf Large-Flowered Mixed—An exceedingly choice blend of the most beautiful named varieties. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Tango Shades Mixed.

Black Prince—Black red.

Defiance—Orange.

Mauve Queen—Rosy lilac.

Nelrose (Fascination)—Rose pink

Terra Cotta Shades.

Beacon Rose—Salmon.

Red Emperor—Rich deep scarlet.

White Beauty.

Carmine Queen—Rose carmine.

Scarlet Triumph—Bright scarlet.

Climax—Rich orange shaded gold.

Empress—Velvety crimson.

Golden Monarch—Rich golden, faint touch of orange.

Jennie Schneider—Pure rose.

Flame—Orange scarlet.

Each: Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

TOM THUMB (EXTRA DWARF)

Mixed Tom Thumb. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

SEMI-DWARF MAJESTIC

This type of Antirrhinum bears the



A BED OF TALL GIANT "SNAPS" UNDER TEST AT OUR TRIAL GROUNDS.

large flowers of the "Tall Giant" and forms sturdy plants of compact but vigorous growth. Valuable for exposed positions; 18 inches high.

Semi-dwarf Majestic Mixed—This excellent mixture is featured on page 5. Pkt., 1/-.

There are, however, a number of separate colours from which this mixture is made and these are listed below.

Avalanche—Large flowers, good white suffused with yellow.

Fire Dragon—Rose and crimson contrast here and produce a unique effect.

Golden Dawn—Deep rich tango which lightens in shade as it approaches the centre of flower.

Red Chief—A rich deep scarlet with no contrast in colour. Very brilliant under artificial light.

Rose Beauty—Delightful rose pink to contrast well with Red Chief.

Rose Marie—A fine rich carmine pink for dense massing.

Rosamond—A pure rose pink. Superb for bedding.

Sunset—A lovely shade for cutting, being a bright terra-cotta shaded with rosy salmon.

Twilight—A wonderful variety for decoration because of the delicate apricot colouring suffused with yellow and salmon.

Victory—Soft terra-cotta with variations of yellow and orange shadings. Valuable for low compact massing.

All the above separate colours are in Pkts. at 6d. each; or Bulk pkts., 2/-.

RUST-PROOF ANTIRRHINUMS.

The type of rust against which these Antirrhinums were bred to resist "is not prevalent in this country," says the Department of Agriculture, Sydney.

As the colours leave much to be desired, there is no advantage that we can see in growing them, and we do not now stock this seed.

ASTERS

YATES' WILT-RESISTANT AND OTHER SELECTED STRAINS

(H.H.A.—C.) The best results are obtained in moderately warm climates, from October-November sowings. They require rich, well-manured open soil, and must be kept well watered and mulched in dry weather. Sowings as late as February often produce the season's finest blooms

NOTES AS TO TYPES

The varieties of Asters generally grown can be divided, broadly speaking, into two main classes—those with long flat petals (sometimes slightly re-curved), which include the Yates' Giant Crego and Californian Giants; those with short stiff straight or slightly curled petals, such as Yates' Tasmanian Branching, American Beauty, and Royal Emperor.

AMERICAN BEAUTY ASTERS

(Wilt-Resistant)

In season these are late, thus escaping the very hot weather. The flowers are very large, and of full short petalled type, and are carried on long stems sometimes up to 24 inches.

American Beauty Mixed—A combination of the beautiful colours as listed below. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

For details of Special Pkts. at 1/-, see page 5.

Separate Colours—White, shell pink (September Beauty), carmine rose, crimson, lavender, azure fairy, purple, deep violet. Each: Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Special Collection Offers—3 pkts., 1 pkt. each lavender, purple, rose, 1/3 (see page 5). 6 pkts., distinct colours (our selection), 2/6.

CREGO ASTERS

(Wilt-Resistant)

A splendid strain, of a free, sturdy growth and attaining a height of two feet, well branched, with long, strong stems; flowers are large, often over four inches across. This type is about three weeks earlier than American Beauty and Californian Giants.

Yates' Re-selected Giant Crego Mixed—A well-balanced mixture of all the popular shades, including many of the recent introductions. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-. For details of Special Pkts. at 1/-, see page 5.

Separate Colours—White, shell pink, light rose, deep rose, salmon rose (Enchantress), crimson, light lilac, light blue, azure blue, navy blue

CREGO ASTERS (continued).

(Blue Flame), purple, violet. Each: Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Special Collection Offer—

Six packets, distinct colours (our selection), 2/6.

TASMANIAN BRANCHING ASTERS

(Wilt-Resistant)

They are well branched and average two feet or more in height, and, in their season, are covered with blooms of the short, straight-petalled type.

Yates' Tasmanian Branching Mixed—All the best colours in harmonious proportion. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

CALIFORNIAN GIANT ASTERS

A strain of the Crego type, but later and larger; renowned for its robust habit, large flowers and length of stem.

Californian Giants, Mixed—Made up from the named colours as mentioned below. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Separate Colours—White, peach blossom, silvery rose, carmine rose (dark stem), deep rose, light blue, light purple, dark purple (Wilt-Resistant). Each: Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Special Collection Offer—

Six packets, distinct colours (our selection), 2/6.

OTHER TYPES

El Monte—A good strong crimson. Dainty flowers with interlaced petals carried on long stems.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Los Angeles—Similar to above in habit; colour is shell pink.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Wilt-Resistant Golden Sheaf—The deepest creamy yellow Aster yet developed. The attractive double flowers have a full-cushioned crest-like centre supported by several rows of short ray petals.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Royal Emperor Type (Wilt-Resistant)

—A newer Aster which shows some promise. It is later flowering than most and in trials has bloomed well right into the colder weather of late Autumn. When well grown there is no Aster equal to it. Many of the flowers measure 4 inches across and are similar to the American Beauty in formation. At present the colouring is limited to Blue.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Heart of France Aster (Wilt-Resistant)—A pure ruby-red Aster, deepening a little with age, but retaining its purity of tone, claimed to be the best red Aster introduced. The flowers are medium size.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Improved Giant Sunshine, Choice Mixed—Flowers are single, with unique yellow quilled centres. Blooms measure up to 5 inches across. A good proportion come true to type. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.



GIANT CREGO WILT-RESISTANT ASTERS GROWING FOR SEED.

To ensure the vitality of all our seeds over 15,000 germination tests are taken yearly.



BALSAM, YATES' SUPERB DOUBLE

BALSAM

(H.H.A.—C.E.) Thrives in rich moist soil, and very easily grown either in a border or a pot. 18 inches high.

Yates' Superb Double Mixed—Extra fine mixture in all colours. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Double Bush Flowered Torch—Dwarf compact plants under 12 ins. high, covered with vermilion red flowers. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

BEGONIA**TUBEROUS ROOTED
BEGONIAS**

Tubers in Bulb pages—see Index.

(H.H.P.—D.) We offer the choicest strains of Single and Double Tuberous-rooted Begonias, containing all the best colours and markings. Sown in the early Spring under glass they will, with good cultivation, flower during the ensuing Autumn.

Double, Finest Exhibition Strain—Every colour is represented, and the flowers are of the finest form and quality. Pkt., 2/6; Small pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkts., 5/-, 10/-, 20/-.

Single—A very fine strain, containing shades of orange, yellow, red, rose, pink and white. We also include in this a proportion of the crested and frilled types in their various colours. Pkt., 2/6; Small pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkts., 5/-, 10/-, 20/-.

Pendula Mixed—For hanging baskets. A very fine variety, of trailing habit, specially suited for hanging in a glass or a warm bush-house. Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkts., 5/-, 10/-.

FIBROUS-ROOTED**(OR BEDDING) BEGONIAS**

By making sowings of these in early Spring we can look forward to a wonderful show of brilliant foliage and flowers for several months during the Summer and Autumn. The types listed here grow from 8-12 ins. high. Providing they obtain water they are quite hardy.

Semperflorens Mixed—A nicely proportioned mixture of rose and red shades with just a sprinkling of white. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

BEGONIA (continued)—

Separate Varieties—Massed effects are very striking and the following are ideal for this purpose. **Prima-Donna**—soft rose; **Bonfire**—carmine scarlet contrasting with metallic brown foliage; **Luminosa**—scarlet flowers and brown-red foliage. Each: Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

BELLIS PERENNIS

(English Daisy)

(H.A. and H.P.—C.) Best treated as annuals and re-sown each Autumn. A favourite for edgings and borders. 6 inches high.

Yates' Prize Strain—A mixture of large flowering named varieties of brilliant colouring. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

BORONIA

(H.P.—C.F.) A small sowing should be made each season to keep up a vigorous stock. 3 feet high.

Megastigma (The Sweet-Scented Boronia).

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

BRACHYCOME

(Swan River Daisy)

(H.A.—E.) A Western Australian native flower similar to the Cineraria.

Iberidifolia—Mixed white and blue. 18in. high. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

CALCEOLARIA

(H.H.P.—D.) A glass-house perennial requiring cool, moist conditions. 2 feet high.

Hybrida, Yates' Superb Strain—Mixed colours; a selection of all the finest exhibition sorts. Pkt., 2/6; Small pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkts., 5/-, 10/-.

CALENDULA

(Broad-leaved or English Pot Marigold)

(H.A.—A.) Very showy, hardy annual with gorgeous blooms; suitable for borders, 1½ to 2 feet high. This very useful and always popular flower succeeds best sown in the Autumn and early Winter months in climates like Sydney. In the cooler districts may also be sown in the Spring.

**SOFT, LOOSE-PETALLED
CHRYSANTHA TYPE**

Rapidly becoming the favourite sort on account of its length of stem with an absence of short laterals. Pleasing flowers with their long slender petals, which make them a delight for bedding and cutting. Hardy and rust-resistant.

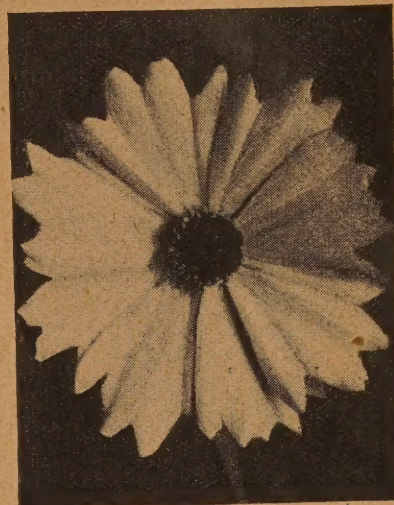
Golden Delight—Rich buttercup.

Orange Sunshine—Clear orange. Each: Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Goldmine Mixture—A mixture of above shades. Pkt., 6d.; Special pkt., 1/- (see description on page 5); Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

**FLAT, STRAIGHT-PETALLED
VARIETIES**

Valuable for massing for their profusion of blooms, but not so suitable for cutting on account of the short



CALLIOPSIS, DRUMMONDII.

CALENDULA (continued)—

lateral growth; more subject to rust than the *Chrysanthia* type.

Campfire Improved—Deep orange, large flowers.

Lemon King—Rich lemon shades.

Each: Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Orange King (Ball's Select Florist Strain)—Rich dark orange, a shade smaller than above two but more double. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

QUILLED PETAL TYPE

Very dainty sorts, useful for both massing and cutting, each petal being tubular, giving the form of small cactus dahlias.

Radio—Deep orange.

Golden Radio—Rich yellow.

Each: Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

For **FRENCH** and **AFRICAN MARI-GOLD**—See Marigold.

CALLIOPSIS

(Coreopsis)

(H.A. and H.P.—A.E.) Very showy, hardy border plants; they continue to bloom through the hottest weather, and are much prized for cutting.

ANNUAL VARIETIES

These succeed best sown in Spring and early Summer, and are of great value for hot sunny positions.

Drummondii—Yellow, crimson centre; 2 feet high. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Bicolor (*Tinctoria*)—A splendid mixture of yellow, brown and mahogany shades; 2 feet high. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Bicolor Double—This is a double form of the well-known single *Tinctoria*. Includes shades of yellow, brown and gold. 3ft. high. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

PERENNIAL VARIETIES

Autumn sowing is recommended, but they can also be planted through the Winter and early Spring.

Lanceolata Grandiflora—A lovely golden yellow, single flower, hardy perennial, excellent for cutting and borders; 2 feet high.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

CANDYTUFT

(Iberis)

(H.A.—A.) Hardy annual border plants, very showy for massing or edgings in borders.

CORONARIA TYPE

This class produces long spikes with numerous flowers placed closely up to the stem as in the form of a hyacinth.

Yates' Hyacinth Flowered (Empress)

—A grand strain, with pure white spikes of great beauty and fragrance, 12 inches high. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

UMBELLATA TYPE

This type produces long stems with a lot of small flowers bunched at the top.

Yates' Giant Flowered Hybrids—

Choice mixed; this is a very fine strain. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Separate Colours of above—Rose-cardinal, lavender (the two most showy shades); also crimson, purple, white. Each. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

CANNA

(H.P.—C.E.) Saved from a fine collection of named varieties of Tall Cannas.

Giant Hybrids.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

For Plants—See Plant Section in Index.

CANTERBURY BELLS

(Campanula Medium)

ANNUAL TYPE

(H.A.—C.F.) Until the introduction of this annual sort, it was a difficult matter to grow these lovely flowers in warm and moderately warm climates. We can now have blooms equal to those of the biennial type in districts similar to and warmer than Sydney. Sowings should be made in the Autumn for Spring flowers.

Annual Choice Mixed—A fine blend of the very best colours. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

BIENNIAL TYPE

(H.B.—C.F.) These are the favourites for the cool climates where sowings are made in very early Autumn so that the plants bloom the following Spring.

Single Mixed—White, rose, and blue tints. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.



CARNATION, GIANT BEDDING.



CANDYTUFT, YATES' HYACINTH FLOWERED.

CANTERBURY BELLS (continued)—

Double—A mixture of the choicest colours. 2 feet high.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-
Calycanthema (Cup and Saucer)—Has a large round petal at the back of the bell resembling a saucer. A charming mixture of the finest colours. 24 inches high.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

CAPSICUM

(Ornamental Chili)

(H.P.—C.E.) An easily grown ornamental "berry" plant. Sow Spring.

Celestial—Produces numerous pods, the colour of which changes from white to white striped purple, yellow and scarlet as they mature. 24 inches high. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

CARNATION

(H.P.—C.) May be sown at any time of the year except in the very hot weather. Autumn sowing will provide strong, sturdy plants for Spring and early Summer blooming. Rooted Plants of named Carnations in Plant Section—see Index.

Yates' Giant Bedding, Mixed (Giant Margaret—Malmaison Type)—This magnificent variety blooms in about five to six months from the time of sowing the seed, and is the most free flowering and highly scented strain of bedding carnations yet introduced. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Chabaud's Early—A first-rate strain of the Giant Margaret type. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Margaret (Mixed)—A free flowering strain, giving a wide range of fine colours. Splendid for bright sunny situations.

Pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-
Perpetual Flowering—Quite distinct from the above bedding types; hand-fertilized and saved from named varieties. They produce a great variety of colour and a good percentage of large double flowers, though a proportion will come single and semi-single.

Pkt., 2/-; Bulk pkts., 5/-, 10/-

CELOSIA

(Feathered Cockscomb)

(H.H.A.—B.E.) Sow when frosts are over, for summer bedding.

Thompsoni Mixed—A brilliant mixture of crimson, scarlet and gold shades. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

CELOSIA (continued)—

Pyramidalis (Flame of Fire)—Plants produce a central pyramidal spike of intense scarlet colour, with numerous lateral spikes covering practically the whole of the foliage. Neat dwarf plant growing only about 9-12 inches high. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Cristata—See Cockscomb.

CENTAUREA

(Cornflowers and Sweet Sultans)

(H.A.—A.) These are seen at their best in climates cooler than Sydney.

CYANUS TYPE

The well-known Cornflower family, growing about 3 feet high.

Double Mixed—Contains the above and many other shades of purple, lilac and white. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Blue King—Deep blue, double flowers; 2 ft. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Rose Beauty—The colour is a clear bright rose. The double flowers are large and produced in great profusion. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

SWEET SULTAN TYPE

Quite distinct from the Cyanus type, this class is very decorative and grows about 2 feet high.

Imperialis (Giant Flowering Sweet Sultans)—Produces blossoms from 3 to 4 inches across of graceful airy effect, and most deliciously fragrant. They are excellent for cutting. Mixed colours. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

CHEIRANTHUS

(H.P.—C.) Recommended for rock gardens.

Allioni (Siberian Wallflower)—A brilliant orange coloured variety.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-
Kewensis—Fragrant flowers, sulphur passing to golden and purple violet. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

CHRISTMAS BUSH

(Ceratopetalum Gummiferum)

(H.P.—C.) Our seed saved from the finest trees.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-



CAPSICUM, CELESTIAL.

CHRYSANTHEMUM

(H.A. and H.P.—C.) Very favourite family of border plants. They are all hardy and excellent for cutting. Perennial types should be sown in the Spring, and the annual types in the Autumn. For Chrysanthemum Plants of named varieties, write for special list in September-October.

ANNUAL TYPE

("Painted Daisies" or French Marguerites.)

Excellent for cutting and very free flowering.

Tricolor Mixed—A combination of white, yellow, lavender and red shades, with rich golden and red zones around the dark centres of blooms. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

PERENNIAL TYPES

Yates' Early Flowering (Indicum, or well-known Japanese Chrysanthemum)—Contains single, semi-double and double flowers of the smaller or florist type (not the big exhibition incurved), in a wide range of copper, rose, yellow, cream and white tones. A specially selected, free flowering strain, ideal for cutting. Sown in the early Spring, they will bloom in the late Autumn.

Pkt., 6d.; Special pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Shasta Daisy (Excelsior)—Much the largest of the Shasta Daisies, measuring up to four and a half inches in diameter.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

CINERARIA

(H.H.A.—C.) A feature of the gardens around Sydney and similar districts during the late winter is the glorious effect of wide borders of Cineraria. These gardeners are fortunate in these districts in being able to grow them outdoors, but they also make a beautiful glass-house plant, and in both cases are quite easily grown. In the open they favour shelter from the wind and a semi-shaded spot. Sow late Summer and Autumn.

Yates' Large Flowered Branching—A hardy outdoor strain growing about 3 feet high. The vigorous branching habit ensures a multitude of blooms in a great variety of colour. Pkt., 6d.; Special pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-, 20/-.

California Super Giant—This is a very fine bush or glass-house type. The plants are dwarf and suitable for potting. Although not nearly as numerous as in our Tall Branching strain, the flowers are of extraordinary size. 15 inches high.

Pkt., 3/6; Bulk pkts., 10/-, 20/-.

CLARKIA

(H.A.—A.) The flowers are formed in crinkly rosettes on the long stems in the manner of peach blossoms.

Double Mixed—A splendid mixture made up from the best colours. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

CLIANTHUS**DAMPIERI**

(Sturt's Desert Pea)

(H.P.—B.) A native of the dry Australian interior. The flowers are brilliant deep crimson with black centres, and very attractive. Sow Spring. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

COBÆA SCANDENS

In Creepers—See Index.

COCKSCOMB

(Cristata)

(H.H.A.—C.E.) One of the best summer blooming annuals we possess. Sow in the Spring, in a warm situation.

Glasgow Prize—Crimson. A very dwarf strain saved from exhibition heads.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-
Good Mixed—Several shades, including crimson and yellow, salmon and gold. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

For Feathered Cockscomb—See Celosia.



DAHLIA, HYBRID CACTUS.

COLEUS

(H.A.—D.E.) The gorgeous foliage makes a brilliant display. Although requiring warmth in cool climates, it is a hardy outdoor plant for Sydney and warmer districts.

Yates' Special Exhibition—Comprises the best of the exhibition varieties and a proportion of the fringed types. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-, 20/-.

CONVOLVULUS

(H.H.A.—C.)

Minor Mixed (Dwarf Morning Glory)—Invaluable for borders or bedding. 12 inches high. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Major (Climbing Morning Glory)—In Creepers—See Index.

COSMOS

(H.A.—A.E.) A graceful flower for cutting. Succeeds in poor soils. A late January sowing is usually productive of some fine late Autumn blooms.

Mammoth Single Mixed—The large flowers are daintily poised on long slender stems. White, crimson and rose make an attractive assortment of colour. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Double Mixed—Provides a nice range of colour and a good percentage of blooms displaying a double effect. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

COSMOS (continued)—

Lady Lennox—The largest and most vigorous pink.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Yellow Klondyke—Brilliant orange flowers, very showy; requires warm seed bed; 3 to 4 feet high.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Early Orange Flare—Very quick to flower from the time of sowing the seed and useful for late sowings. The colour is a very bright orange and effective under artificial light.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

CUPHEA

(H.A.—C.) A neat, compact-growing plant growing about 10 inches high.

Firefly—The small delicately-formed fiery cerise flowers are produced in profusion, and almost smother the foliage. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

CYCLAMEN

(H.H.P.—D.) Beautiful early spring flowering, tuberous perennials. We also supply Tubers—see Index.

Persicum Giganteum—A superb strain of mixed colours.

Pkt., 2/-; Bulk pkts., 5/-, 10/-, 20/-

Butterfly (Papilio)—The petals are very broad across the top, the edges being gracefully waved and curled.

Pkt., 2/-; Bulk pkts., 5/-, 10/-

CYNOGLOSSUM

(Chinese Forget-Me-Not)

(H.A.—C.) A pretty annual, suitable for borders, somewhat like Forget-Me-Not; 18 inches high.

Amabile—Blue flowers.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

DAHLIAS

(H.P.—C.) As easily raised from seed as Zinnia, and when sown in the early Spring will bloom in the late Summer and Autumn. Dahlias do not come uniformly true to colour and type when grown from seed, but a very fine collection may be built up by selecting and retaining the best seedlings. Small tubers are formed when the seedling plants die down.

Plants and Tubers of named varieties are available in season. Write for special list published September.

Double Mixed—This seed is saved from named varieties of Decorative and Cactus Dahlia. In the past it has always been productive of some fine new Dahlias. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Charm Mixed—Noted for its numerous flowers in a splendid variety of colours. Its daintiness makes it ideal for the vases. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Single Mixed—A mixture from Col-larette and Giant Single Types. Bunches of varied blossoms can be picked from a few well-grown plants. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Unwin's Ideal Bedding Mixed—An unusual plant for massing in a low growing border. They attain a height of only 2 ft. and are covered with quaint semi-quilled blooms.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Hybrid Cactus—Has similar flowers to the true Cactus but the petals are broader. Excellent for cutting because of the stiff stems on which the blooms are poised at an attractive angle. Pkt., 1/-

Try the Yates' Early Flowering Perennial Chrysanthemum for bunches of flowers to fill the vases.



DELPHINIUM HYBRIDS.

DELPHINIUM

(Perennial Larkspur)

(H.P.—C.F.) These stately plants can be used effectively in masses along wide borders. In moderate and warm climates the finest blooms are obtained from the first and second flowerings. Old plants should be discarded.

Yates' Perennial Hybrids (Tall Kelway type)—Saved from our fine Tasmanian collection of named Delphiniums. Sky blue, rich blue, royal purple, are only a few of the shades in these double and semi-double flowers. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Hollyhock Flowered—A new and very much improved selection, throwing a great range of colour and having immense flowers resembling Hollyhocks.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-
Butterfly (Chinese Delphinium) — Dainty florets are delicately poised on slender stems. We offer the following colours:—

Deep Blue (Gentian). Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Azure Blue. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

White. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-
Belladonna—Type somewhat between the Kelway and the Butterfly. Colour, light blue, plants medium height.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-
Bellamosum—Bright dark blue, habit similar to Belladonna.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-
Annual Delphinium—See Larkspur.
Delphinium Crowns—See page 65.

DIANTHUS

(H.B.—A.E.) Dianthus represent one of the hardiest and most colourful plants we have. They are long flowering and available in many different beautiful types. The finest flowers are obtained from fresh sowings made each year, and by doing this a continuous succession of blooms can be had throughout the year. Spring and Autumn sowings are recommended.

Yates' Double Hybrids—The finest selection in this type. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Yates' Single Hybrids—Deeply fringed flowers in the richest colours and markings. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

DIANTHUS (continued)—

Fireball Double—A brilliant scarlet.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-
Laciniatus Splendens—Brilliant crimson single flowers. Central white eye. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Chinensis (Indian Pinks)—Flowers in bunches. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Dianthus Barbatus—See Sweet William.

DIDISCUS

(Blue Lace Flower)

(H.A.—C.) The colour is a rare and exquisite shade of clear light blue. Plants grow 18in. to 2ft. high. Coeruleus—Blue.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

DIMORPHOTHECA

(H.A.—C.E.) The brilliant flowers are set off by having dark centres, the general effect, when grown in masses, being extremely fine. 18in. high.

Aurantiaca—Brilliant orange. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Aurantiaca Hybrida—A mixture of most unusual colour combinations. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

ERIGERON

(H.P.—C.) Pretty lilac shade, with a yellow centre. 18in. high. Speciosus—

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

ESCHSCHOLTZIA

(Californian Poppy)

(H.A.—B.E.) A very showy race of hardy annuals, which thrive in our dry hot climate, and make a great show during the hot summer months. 12 inches high.

Mixed Hybrids—A superior strain, producing a splendid range of vivid colours, including orange, scarlet, mauve and rose. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Ramona Hybrida Mixed—The flowers are beautifully frilled and fluted, the petals incurving to form a flower which at first glance appears to be double.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

FLANNEL FLOWER

(Actinotus Helianthi)

(H.P.—A.E.) Does best in poor soils and resents over-much moisture. Rather difficult to raise. Sow in Spring.

Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

FORGET-ME-NOT

(Myosotis Alpestris)

(H.P.—C.F.) An old English favourite; 18 inches high.

Blue—A rich blue. The favourite shade, and a specially selected strain. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-
Mixed Colours—Shades of blue, pink, and white.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

FOXGLOVE

(Digitalis)

(H.P.—A.F.) Here's a handsome, stately plant for wide borders or clump planting. Requires temperate cool climate.

Large Flowered Mixed—Long spikes of large flowers, many beautifully spotted. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

FREESIA

(H.P.—C.) Flowers the first season from seed; beautifully fragrant. 9 inches high. Bulbs in Bulb Section—See Index.

Yates' Hybrids—We have been fortunate in obtaining a very select strain of seed and many gardeners have expressed amazement that such colours are obtainable in Freesias. The variety includes pink, rose, deep cream and shades of orange. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-
Refracta Alba—Pure white. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

GAILLARDIA

(H.P. and H.A.—A.E.) Will give a splendid succession of flowers nearly the whole year. 18 inches high. Sow all the year round.

PERENNIAL TYPE

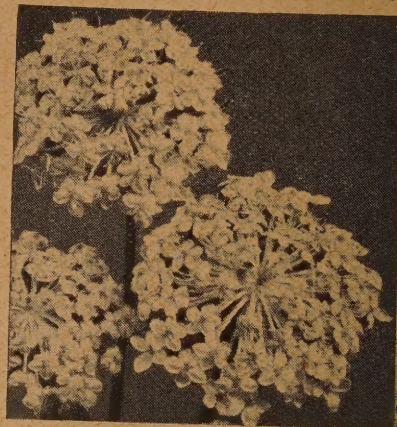
Grandiflora Mixed—Includes several new tints and shades, from almost pure orange to Indian red, with innumerable intermediate shades; many with gold tips; exceptionally large. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

ANNUAL TYPE

These varieties bloom quickly from seed.

Lorenziana—Large, handsome double-quilled flowers of red and yellow shades. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Picta, Single—Mixed colours. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-



DIDISCUS.

GERBERA JAMESONI

(African Daisy)

(H.P.—D.E.) Our supplies of this seed are freshly gathered at regular, short intervals and stocks are left at the lowest possible minimum so that we are continually using fresh seed. Any orders received whilst we are awaiting arrival of new stock are held over and executed as soon as our germination tests are completed. Packets supplied to our distributors are dated for sale for three months only.

Mixed Hybrids—Saved from a fine and exclusive collection of named Gerberas. Numerous colours, both old favourites and new, can be anticipated. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Plants—In Nursery Section—See Index.

GEUM

(H.P.—C.) In Sydney and cooler districts these hardy border plants will last for some years. The Carnation-like flowers are fully double. Sow during Autumn.

Mrs. Bradshaw — Large brick-red, semi-double blooms. Free flowering, the best red variety.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-
 Lady Stratheden — The flowers are semi-double and of a bright golden-yellow.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

GLADIOLI

(H.P.—C.) The seed we offer is saved from best named sorts. Gladioli are easily raised from seed. We can also supply bulbs in season—See Index.

Yates' Giant Hybrids—The most beautiful shades of the well-known large-flowered Gladioli. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

GLOBE AMARANTH

(Gomphrena)

(H.A.—A.) Very pretty, bushy everlasting; 2ft. high.

Purple. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-
 Mixed Colours — Including orange, flesh pink and purple.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

GLOXINIA

(H.H.P.—D.) An exquisite glass-house or bush-house plant which, after the first year, forms a bulb for replanting the following season. Sow in spring or summer. For Bulbs—See Index.

Yates' Prize Strain—A very choice mixture of all classes, saved from named varieties.

Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkts., 5/-, 10/-, 20/-

GODETIA

(H.A.—A.) Since the introduction of the Improved Tall varieties, Godetia has rapidly won favour as a flower for cutting. They are among the easiest plants to grow. The sowing season extends from Autumn to early Winter.

TALL DOUBLE TYPES

(Azalea Flowered Variety)

These grow up to 3 feet high and every stem is freely studded with the Azalea-like blooms.



GODETIA, SYBIL SHERWOOD.

GODETIA (continued)—

Double Mixed—All the finest colours. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Separate Colours—Cherry red, rich pink, carmine.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

TALL SINGLE TYPES

These grow to about 20 inches high and carry their flowers at the top of the stems. Used for massing and cutting.

Sybil Sherwood—Salmon-pink blended with orange and softened by a delicate white border.

Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Kelvedon Glory — Vivid salmon-orange. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Pelargonium — Delicate blush pink blotched with carmine.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Double Sybil Sherwood—Salmon-pink edged with white. Semi-double effect. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

GRASSES

(Mixed Ornamental)

For decorative work and mixing with cut flowers. Sow thinly in clumps in Autumn. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

GYPHOPHILA

(Fairy Grass)

(H.P. and H.A.—A.) The dainty flowers, when mixed with such flowers as Sweet Peas, or used in bouquets, add greatly to their value. 2ft. high.

ANNUAL VARIETIES

Elegans Grandiflora—Under this name come such varieties as the London Market and Paris Market. These are really distinctions used by commercial growers for slightly different types of the white Gypsophila. The difference between these types is of no great importance to the home gardener who is mostly concerned with obtaining a wealth of these dainty flowers. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6.

Also available in Rose or a Mixture of Rose and White.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

PERENNIAL VARIETIES

Paniculata—White; hardy in cool climates. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Pacifica—Flowers are larger than the Paniculata variety and are of a lovely shade of light pink.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

HELICHRYSUM

(Straw Flower)

(H.A.—A.) Hardy annual everlastings. Handsome border plants; also suitable for cutting. Sow in the Autumn or Spring. 2 feet high.

Mixed Colours—Contain a mixture of white, salmon, rose, crimson, scarlet and yellow shades. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

HELIOTROPE

(Cherry-Pie)

(H.P.—C.E.) Seed should be sown in the Autumn. The fragrant blossoms are produced nearly the whole year round.

Mixed Varieties—A choice mixture of the most popular shades.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

HEUCHERA

(Coral Bells)

(H.P.—C.) Is most valuable for the edges of borders or in rock gardens. Slender spikes carry numerous tiny bell-shaped flowers. Sow in Autumn. Sanguinea—Coral red.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

New Hybrids—A mixture of white, blush pink and coral red.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

HOLLYHOCK

(Althaea)

We are now able to announce the introduction of new Annual types which are particularly valuable in warm climates. They flower within about five months of seed and the flowers are quite equal to those of the Perennial type.

ANNUAL TYPES

(H.A.—C.F.)

Indian Spring—A recent introduction of great merit. For description see Novelty, page 3.

Double Scarlet Beauty—The vivid scarlet double blooms nestle closely together on the long, stately stems to form a wonderful display of colour.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-

PERENNIAL TYPES

(H.P.—C.F.)

Yates' Derwent Double Mixed—This seed is saved and blended from a fine collection of Double Hollyhock, ensuring a satisfying percentage of double blooms. Brilliant range of colour. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Single Mixed—Very prolific of a varied assortment of colourful blooms. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

HONESTY

(Lunaria)

(H.B.—A.) A handsome spring flowering border biennial. The shining silvery seed pods are much prized for winter decoration; 18 inches high.

Purple—Best colour.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-



HELICHRYSUM, MIXED COLOURS.



GYPSOPHILA ELEGANS, WHITE.

HUNNEMANNIA

(Mexican Poppy)

(H.P.—B.F.) A lovely dwarf perennial from Mexico. This plant will not stand transplanting. 9 inches high. *Fumariaefolia*—Glowing yellow, single flowers, not unlike the Iceland Poppies; fine for massing. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-.

Semi-Double Sunlite—A splendid new introduction. Because of an extra row of petals the flowers do not appear so pronouncedly closed.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

IMPATIENS

(Sultan's Balsam)

(H.H.P.—C.) Ideal for the bush-house or any shady spot.

Holsti, New Hybrids—Includes brilliant scarlet, cerise, lavender, rose, flesh, white, etc. 18 inches high.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-

IPOMOPSIS

(or Gilia)

(H.B.—A.) Hardy biennial border plants, with long spikes of bloom. Sow in Autumn; 2 feet high.

Mixed—Orange and scarlet. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

KOCHIA

(The Mock or Summer Cypress)

(H.A.—A.) It is grown for its ornamental foliage and shapely habit of growth, and bright green shade which changes to a rich russet-crimson in the Autumn. 2 feet.

Tricophylla (Childsii Strain). Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

LARKSPUR, TALL

(Annual Delphinium)

(H.A.—A.) An easily grown plant, the seed of which can be sown where the plants are to flower. Used in many districts for combating grasshoppers which die if they eat the foliage. Seed germinates during cool moist weather. Masses of these in wide borders are most effective, but they look well when grown in clumps.

LARKSPUR, TALL (continued)—

Yates' Rainbow Mixture—A fine collection of only the best colours chosen from the list below. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Tall Branching Mixed—Contains an ever-popular range of shades. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

We offer the following attractive colours separately.

Sky Blue, *Dark Blue*, *Exquisite* (light pink), *Pink Beauty* (rich pink), *La France* (soft pink), *Lustrous Carmine*, *Rosy Scarlet*, and *White*.

Each: Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Special Offer—1 pkt. each of 3 separate colours. See page 4.

The following "Spire" type Larkspurs are of rather different habit, being more compact; most of the flower spikes come from the main stem near the top.

Giant Imperial Coral King—A lovely shade of delicate coral pink with a salmon tint.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Giant Imperial Gloria Improved—A delightful shade of rich deep rose on a salmon ground. Early flowering. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Blue Spire. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Lilac Spire. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

LEPTOSYNE

(Great Winter-flowering Yellow Marguerite)

(H.A.—A.) Brilliant light yellow flowers. Excellent for cutting. Easily raised from seed, and comes very rapidly into bloom. 2 feet. Sow direct in their permanent position during Autumn and early Winter.

Maritima. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.



LOBELIA, CRYSTAL PALACE

LINARIA

(Toad Flax)

(H.A.—A.E.) These dainty plants have many different uses, but perhaps the best and most effective is in rock gardens or similar constructions. They make a most pleasing harmony with *Ranunculus*, and for this purpose *Fairy Bouquet* is recommended. Sow the seed in Autumn in the permanent positions.

MAROCCANA VARIETIES

Excelsior Hybrids—This choice mixture contains many colours, including blues, orange shades, purples, pinks, etc. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.



KOCHIA, TRICOPHYLLA.

LINARIA (continued)—

Fairy Bouquet—A very dwarf variety (about 8 in.) and most useful for rock gardens, etc. Mixed colours. Pkt., 6d.; Special pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Golden Gem—Rich yellow with a bright orange centre. Height, 15 in. Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Ruby King—Deep carmine with yellow centre; recommended for borders. Height, 15 in. Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Reticulata—Flowers are a combination of golden and maroon carried on graceful long stems. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

LINUM

(Flax)

(H.A. and H.P.—A.) Sow in the Autumn.

Grandiflorum Coccineum—Glowing crimson annuals. Recommended for massing. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

LOBELIA

(H.A.—C.) Lovely bedding plants. They should be raised in a seed pan preferably in the Autumn and early Winter months, and transplanted as soon as large enough to handle.

COMPACTA TYPE

(for Edging)

Mrs. Clibran—Dwarf; deep blue, with white eye.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Crystal Palace, Compacta—Dark rich blue, dark foliage; 4 inches.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

ERINUS TYPE

About 9 inches high, spreading in habit.

Azure Blue. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

PENDULA TYPE

For hanging baskets, window-box or rockery work.

Sapphire—Deep blue with white eye. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-



LUPIN, TALL SMALL SEEDED.

LUPINS

(H.A. and H.P.—B.) There is a wide selection of Lupins from which to choose, and as they are so easily grown it is worthwhile knowing just what are suitable for our particular requirements.

ANNUAL VARIETIES

These can be divided into three sections.

1. TALL ANNUAL LARGE SEEDED

These grow about 3 feet high and have a smooth glossy foliage. Their growth is similar to a Standard Rose, in that, they carry a heavy branching top growth on a sturdy "trunk."

Pink Pearl—Shell pink, shading to lighter pink at top with a dainty golden spot. Strongly perfumed and of branching habit. The favourite pink Lupin. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Blue Gem—Rich deep blue with yellow centre, the latter changing to brown with age. Strongly perfumed, well branched. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

White Pearl—A fine white selection from Pink Pearl, shading to mauve as the flowers age. Similar habit to above. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Hybridus Nigrescens—A darker blue than Blue Gem, with rich maroon markings. Vigorous grower, slightly perfumed.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Tall Large Seeded, Mixed—Contains the above and other shades. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

2. HARTWIGII, OR HAIRY FOLIAGE (SMALL SEEDED)

These are particularly valuable because all the foliage is covered with fine hairs ensuring protection against pests such as slugs and snails. They grow about 2 ft. high and these long stems come from the crown of the plant almost at ground level. This makes them very effective in clump planting.

Albus—A beautiful pure white, retaining its colour right through; well branched, long spikes.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Blue—A dark blue with white eye, and a companion in habit and type with Albus. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Heavenly Blue (coelestinus)—A charming shade of pale blue with white eye; very attractive and the

LUPIN (continued)—

only one of this colour which is uniform from opening.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Rosea—A mauve or lilac shade of rose. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Tall Small Seeded, Mixed (Hartwigii type)—Contains a mixture of above varieties. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Special Offer—1 pkt. each of 3 separate colours. See page 4.

3. DWARF (TRAILING)

In this type there is only one variety which has special merit for the home gardener. It represents the very best yellow in Annual Lupins. An excellent soil for window boxes and rockeries and also throws up stems quite long enough for cutting.

Luteus Romulus—The colour is a rich canary yellow and the flowers are sweetly perfumed.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/-.

PERENNIAL VARIETIES

These are similar in habit to the Hartwigii Type, but the stems are much longer and reach up to 4 ft. in height. They grow to perfection in cool climates. Even in warmer districts such as Sydney they will, under favourable conditions, produce sizeable blooms.

Russell Mixed—This is included in our Autumn Specials, for which see page 4.

Arboreus, Snow Queen (Tree Lupin)—A giant variety of perennial Lupins. They form large bushes, and are covered with spikes of lovely white flowers.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 1/-, 2/6

Hybrid Polyphyllus—Produces handsome spikes in many beautiful shades of colour, including rose, crimson, yellow, apricot, blues, and numerous other tones.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/6, 5/-

MARIGOLD

(Tagetes)

TALL AFRICAN TYPE

(H.A.—A.) These flowers were practically "made for Australia," for they stand our hot summers well. Dry weather holds no fears for them, but they readily respond to an occasional watering. Where this treatment must be necessarily very limited, a heavy mulch of rotted leaves, grass cutting or old manure will protect the surface roots on which these plants mostly rely. Growing them closely together, say 18 inches apart, in wide beds, enables the foliage to shade the soil and keep the roots cool and moist. Normal spacing is 2 feet apart. Sow in Spring and Summer.

Of recent years the gardening world has been literally inundated with new African Marigolds, claims for which appear to be a little exaggerated. We are always right to the fore in the search for something new and we have tried out at least 125 new varieties in recent years, but for the Australian climate at least, consider these in our list the best the seed world has to offer.

What can they be used for, these Marigolds? Well, they make a splendid temporary hedge in a new home and there are few sights to equal a mass of them in beds 4-6 feet wide.

TALL DOUBLE FISTULOSA VARIETIES

These flowers are tightly packed with a multitude of frilled petals forming

MARIGOLD (continued)—

a fully double pompon ball of colour. A handy, free flowering, cut-and-come-again strain.

Tall Double Mixed—Nicely balanced mixture of lemon and orange shades. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Orange Prince—Glowing orange.

Lemon Queen—Soft yellow.

Each: Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

CARNATION FLOWERED

VARIETIES

In this Marigold the petal formation is quite irregular and provides that unconventional touch for which these flowers are so renowned. They have proved a boon to housewives, florists, interior decorators and even artists, all of whom find them so obligingly decorative. Guinea Gold is the most popular for this purpose.

Guinea Gold—Hardy, free flowering, magnificent colour. A tip-top strain for the home gardener or florist.

Yellow Supreme—Very similar to Guinea Gold except colour is creamy lemon yellow. Odourless foliage. Each: Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Special Offer—1 pkt. each, 3 separate colours. See page 5.

OTHER VARIETIES

Gigantea Sunset Giants—Has now been greatly improved and our last trials showed a very fine proportion of "doubles." These are truly magnificent in size and formation and often measure 4 inches across. Variations in orange comprise the colours. Free from the usual Marigold odour.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Chrysanthemum Flowered, Mixed—An easily grown Marigold that resembles the Japanese incurved Chrysanthemum; has possibilities for every gardener. Of fairly recent introduction and new enough to still cause surprise among your gardening friends. Orange forms the basis of the colourings. Odourless foliage.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-



MARIGOLD, RUSSET AND GOLD.

MARIGOLD (continued)—

FRENCH MARIGOLDS

These are used for Winter and Spring displays. The sowing season extends from mid-Summer to Autumn. The warm, rich shades provide welcome relief both in the garden and home during the colder months. Hardy and easily grown.

Tall Double French Mixed—Mixed yellow and brown striped; 2 feet high. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Marigold Winter Delight (True Australian Strain)—The flowers are large and of a deep mahogany shade, with golden yellow crested centres. If sown in December and January will bloom right through the Winter months, but they may also be sown until late Autumn.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Tall Tree Marigold—A variety greatly favoured by florists for its beautiful rich shades, which are not excelled by any other type of Marigold. The best sort for early Winter use. 4 feet high. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Russet and Gold (Dwarf Double Mixed)—Contains all the richest shades of brown and mahogany, some being tipped with gold, others having rich golden crested centres. A choice strain highly recommended. 12in. high. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Flaming Fire, Tall Single—Varies in shade from flaming red to red and yellow. A good introduction, splendid for cutting and "make-up."

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Marigold (Broad Leaved or English) —See Calendula.



MIMULUS—YATES' LARGE FLOWERED HYBRIDS.

MATHIOLA

(Night-scented Stock)

(H.A.—A.) A very interesting and pretty lilac flower; after a shower or in the evening they emit a delightful perfume. Does best in the cooler districts. 1 foot high. Sow in Autumn.

Bicornis—Lilac.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

MATRICARIA

(Camomile)

(H.P.—C.) A hardy plant which will last for many years. Bunches of blossoms are gathered during the late Summer months when the annuals are "going off." A profitable florists' flower. Sow in Spring.

MATRICARIA (continued)—

White—Branching stems covered with fully double button-like flowers measuring about half an inch across the base. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

MESEMBRYAN-

THEMUM

CRINIFLORUM

(H.A.—A.) A very pretty dwarf-growing annual, suitable for edgings, rock gardens, or crazy paths. Shades of colour include pinks, salmon, white and yellow. They succeed best in a warm sunny position. Sow during Spring and Summer months.

Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-

MIGNONETTE

(Reseda)

(H.A.—B.) Favoured for their fragrance and especially valuable in window boxes. Sow direct into the soil the plants are to occupy. 6 to 9 inches high.

Crimson Machet (Yates' Special Florists' Strain)—Has enormous spikes, an extra special stock. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Yates' Selected Large-Flowering—Large spikes of all shades from yellow to crimson; sweetly scented. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Goliath—A rich shade with trusses of double red flowers.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Golden Machet—Yellow compact variety. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

MIMULUS

(Monkey Flower)

(H.P.—C.F.G.) A beautiful family of perennials; but in warm districts are best grown as annuals for early Spring blooming. The flowers are finely blotched and marked. They make a great display when massed. Sow in the Autumn. 1½ to 2 feet high.

Yates' Large Flowered Hybrids—A splendid strain, very large-flowered and blotched with various shades of pink, red, and copper. The markings are most beautiful. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

NASTURTIUM

(Tropaeolum)

(H.H.A.—A.) Useful for almost any position, especially where the soil is not particularly rich. They are almost ever-blooming, and require little attention.

DOUBLE GLEAM VARIETIES

(Dwarf Trailing Type)

There are three delightful varieties—**Golden Gleam**, **Scarlet Gleam** and **Orange Gleam**. All of these are favoured for their fragrance and high percentage of double flowers.

Each: Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Gleam Hybrids—Contains all the above varieties, as well as many new shades, such as yellow and salmon. Although variable in type, they produce a good percentage of doubles and semi-doubles.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

DWARF TYPES

(Non-Trailing)

Dwarf Double Golden Globe—Bearing almost identical flowers to the "Gleam" type, this strain is favoured for its neat, compact plants ideal for border or rockery work. Rich golden flowers.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-



NEMESIA COMPACTA.

NASTURTIUM (continued)—

Dwarf Double Globe Mixed—A mixture of the loveliest shades, including crimson, orange, yellow, salmon and scarlet. The tiny compact plants seem to literally cover themselves with blooms through a greater part of the year. Pkt., 6d.; Special pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Tom Thumb Mixed (Single)—All the most beautiful colours in mixture. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

CLIMBING TYPE

(Single)

Yates' Matchless Mixture—Besides covering an unsightly fence, this variety will also trail gracefully over embankments, covering them with a many-coloured quilt of blooms. The trailers reach up to 10 feet in length. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

NEMESIA

(H.A.—C.E.) For decoration, for window boxes, or massed display, there is nothing to equal this attractive flower. Available in tall and dwarf varieties. Winter flowering.

Large-Flowered Tall Mixed (Strumosa)—Long stems and large flowers which are beautifully marked make this a first-class strain. A few of the colours are **Crimson**, **Aurora** (Bi-color), **Rose**, **Scarlet**, **Orange**, and **Maroon**. 12 to 18 inches high. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Grandiflora Compacta Mixed (Strumosa)—Much more compact in habit, and for this reason is the better strain for massing or extensive bedding. The individual flowers are just as large and of the same charming colours; 6in. high. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

DWARF (COMPACTA)

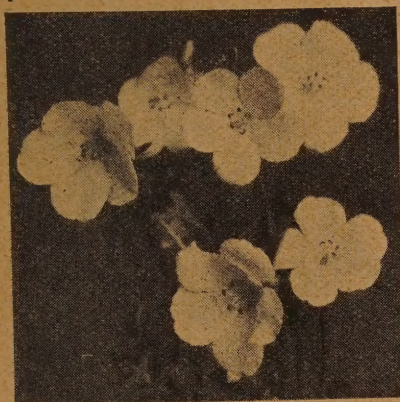
VARIETIES

Blue Gem—It is not difficult to imagine the attractiveness of these soft azure blue flowers in the window boxes or narrow borders; 6in. high. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Crimson—A delightful shade of red, and unusually large flowers. Pkt., 6d.

Orange—A vivid shade and equal in every way to the crimson, both of which mass effectively together. Pkt., 6d.

Special Offer—The 3 above separate colours are offered in our Autumn Specials, for which see page 4.



NEMOPHILA.

NEMOPHILA

(H.A.—A.) Pretty dwarf hardy annuals, suitable for borders. Sow in the Autumn; 12 inches high.

Insignis—Blue flowers, with white centres. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Maculata—White blotched with violet. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

NIEREMBERGIA

(Cupflower)

(H.P.—C.E.) We strongly recommend this plant, which should be more largely grown because of its long flowering period and effective display in open borders. Sow in the Autumn; 18 inches high.

NIEREMBERGIA (continued)—

Hippomanica—Has special appeal for Rock Gardens. Flowers are produced freely in a lavender-blue shade; 6in. high, 8in. across.

Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 5/-

Gracilis—Lilac and white flowers.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

NIGELLA

(Love in a Mist, or Devil in the Bush)

(H.A.—A.F.) Very popular because of its quaint flowers. 15 inches high.

Miss Jekyl—The flowers are double and of a beautiful deep blue shade, and are half hidden in the foliage, from which fact they derive their common name.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

PANSIES

(H.P.—A.E.) We believe that Yates' Champion Fancy and our other large-flowered strains are unexcelled for size, colouring and marking, and are equal to the best and most highly bred that can be obtained anywhere in the world. For methods of cultivation, see Yates' Garden Guide (1/- post free). Briefly, we recommend sowing in seed beds or boxes in December to April in mild climates, and on into early Spring in cold districts. Plant out the seedlings about nine inches apart in sunny positions, and if possible apply liquid manure during the flowering season.

YATES' GIANT
EXHIBITION AND
GARDEN VARIETIES

Yates' Champion Fancy—A truly magnificent strain of Giant Fancy Pansies. The colourings and markings are remarkable for their diversity of striking shades, while the substance and size of the blooms eclipse any other variety we have seen. Has probably won more prizes during the past years than any other strain. Recommended for general garden use and for show purposes.

Pkt., 3/6; Bulk pkts., 5/-, 10/-, 20/-

Engleman's Exhibition—A large Pansy of true exhibition form and size. The colourings are rich, and contrasted with regular large blotches. Has won many prizes and has a high reputation in England and America. Pkt., 3/6

Yates' Superb Giant Mixed—A very excellent strain of Giant Show and Exhibition Pansies. The flowers are large, brilliantly marked, and of a great variety of colouring.

Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkts., 5/-, 10/-, 20/-

Ullswater Blue—A very large, free-flowering Pansy of a delightful shade of rich blue with darker blotches. A splendid variety for massing in borders and for bedding. Pkt., 2/6; Small pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkts., 5/-, 10/-, 20/-

Roggli's Giants—A fine strain of Giant Pansies, combining size, substance and diversity of colour. The form is good, though not of the true exhibition type. Special pkt., 1/-

Yates' Large Flowered Blotched—Really good mixture of rich browns, mahogany, and yellow tones, all having large black blotches; flowers are carried well above the foliage, and are produced in profusion. For borders or massed bedding this is a very rich strain.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-

Cassiter's Blotched Mixed—A fine strain of Blotched Pansies of great richness and wide range of colour. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-

EXHIBITION AND GARDEN VARIETIES (continued)—

Trimardeau Mixed—These are good hardy Pansies, giving a variation of colours, but for a good garden display we recommend the above.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Fine Mixed—Contains a good assortment of hardy varieties which are easily raised and bloom freely over a long period.

Pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

For Violas, see Index.

BEDDING PANSIES

Planted in masses in large clumps or in ribbon borders, these give a magnificent show in Spring. Their colours are very bright and they yield a great wealth of bloom. The flowers are not so large as the ordinary Pansies, but they are of strong, compact,

BEDDING PANSIES (continued)—

upright habit, and very free flowering. Choice Mixed Bedding Pansies—Containing all the best colours.

Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Separate Varieties.

Each: Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Candidissima—White.

White with Purple Eye.

Lord Beaconsfield—Dark blue.

Emperor William—Bright blue.

Azure Blue—Mid. blue.

King of the Blacks—Very dark.

Prince Bismarck—Tawny yellow.

Golden Queen—Yellow.

Emperor Frederick—Maroon, gold margined.

Meteor—Red-brown.

Fairy Queen—Light blue, white border.

Collection "BEST TEN" BEDDING PANSIES for 4/-

SPECIAL
COLLECTION
OFFER
FOR 7/6

This consists of four of our most distinct varieties and carries our recommendation. For descriptions of varieties, see this page.

1 packet Yates' Champion Fancy . . . 3/6

1 packet Engleman's Exhibition . . . 3/6

1 packet Yates' Large Flowered Blotched 1/-

1 Small packet Ullswater Blue . . . 1/6



YATES' CHAMPION FANCY PANSIES.

PETUNIAS

(H.P.—A.E.) In Petunias the Large Flowered types can be regarded as the thoroughbreds of the strain. Even so it is impossible to avoid a small proportion of "off types," which can be weeded out early so as not to spoil the display. The production of seed of rare Petunia is a very costly business, but of course the seed is very fine, amounting to about 250,000 to an ounce. It can easily be seen, therefore, that what only might appear a small quantity should provide numerous seedlings, and, in fact, our packets of these seeds show such a satisfactory germination that one packet should provide a very large display. Sow Spring and Summer.

LARGE-FLOWERED TYPES

Yates' Superb Exhibition and Fancy Mixed Single (Superbissima Grandiflora) (Fringed)—This is a very large-flowered strain, the flowers of which show wide-open, beautifully veined throats. An assortment of rich dark and delicate shades. Pkt., 2/6; Small pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkts., 5/-, 10/-, 20/-.

Single Giants of California—A hardy strain from which a proportion of exhibition types should be obtained. Noted for its prominent veining.

Special pkt., 1/-

Yates' Double Ruffled Giant—This strain has consistently shown a high percentage of beautiful ruffled double flowers. The colours range from white to bluish pink and deep rose, and include many blue shades. (Supplies very uncertain.) Pkt., 2/6

DWARF SINGLE BEDDING TYPES

In our opinion, the most effective type for massed bedding or a broad "ribbon edging" for large borders or circular beds, as they produce their blooms in the greatest profusion and over a long period during our hot summer months. For inland gardens we know of no better summer annual. Also excellent for pot and window-box culture.

Dwarf Mixed—Compact, bushy habit and a fine assortment of colour. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Rosy Morn Improved (Rose of Heaven)—The popular rich rose, very free flowering. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Periwinkle Blue—Best described as a pastel blue. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Viola—Deep violet. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Snowball—Pure white. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Special Offer—1 pkt. each of 3 separate varieties. See page 5.

TALL BEDDING TYPE

These are equal to the dwarf bedding varieties for hardiness and length of flowering. They are valuable where slightly taller growth is required. Approximately 18 inches high.

Tall Mixed—A very fine assortment of colour. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Flaming Velvet—Rich blood red flowers. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Rose King Improved—Clear, rich rose, light golden throat.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

MINIATURE

Rose Gem—Only 5 to 6 inches high and smothered with rich deep rose

PETUNIAS (continued)—

flowers slightly suffused with scarlet. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

PEA, EVERLASTING

(The Perennial Pea)

(H.P.—A.) Most attractive semi-dwarf creepers, or they may be grown as border plants by tying to a stake; excellent for cut blooms. Sow in Autumn; 5 feet high.

Mixed Colours (Latifolius)—Contains white, rose, and crimson.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Lathyrus Pubescens (Argentine Perennial Pea)—Literally covered with long spikes of lovely pale violet flowers during the spring; splendid for cutting.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-



PHACELIA.

PELARGONIUMS

(Geraniums)

(H.H.P.—D.) Sown in seed pans, under glass, they will bloom the following year. For Plants see Plant Section.

Zonale—Saved from named varieties. Mixed colours.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

PENTSTEMON

(H.P.—C.) Because of their hardiness and continuous blooming these are worth a place in any garden.

Gloxinia-Flowered Hybrids—Brilliant, large-flowered strain, mixed colours. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

PHLOX DRUMMONDII

(H.A.—A.E.) Even the novice to gardening requires no introduction to Phlox. It is worth emphasising, however, their value for brilliant and varied colours and their ability to withstand hot conditions. The sowing season extends from early Spring to early Autumn, but in cold climates Spring sowings only are recommended. Features of our Derwent Drummondii Phlox are the large flowers and the splendid blend of colour.

DRUMMONDII GRANDIFLORA TYPE

Yates' Derwent Large-Flowered Mixed—A very fine large-flowered strain. The colour range is almost

PHLOX DRUMMONDII (continued)—

unlimited and includes the following: crimson, white eye; bright rose; light rose, dark eye; chamouis rose; lilac, white centre; scarlet; vermilion; rose, white centre; buff and yellow; violet, white eye; bright red, white eye; rose cerise, white centre; white. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Separate Colours—As described above. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Special Offer—1 pkt. each of 3 separate colours. See page 5.

Salmon Glory (Gigantea)—A worthwhile introduction in this large type of Phlox. The colour is a soft salmon pink which radiates around a creamy central eye. Pkt., 1/6

Yates' "Bright Eyes" Mixture (Gigantea)—One of the gayest mixtures of Phlox we have yet evolved. Only large-eyed varieties have been included. Special pkt., 1/-

Drummondii, Mixed—A hardy strain comprising a good mixture of colours.

Pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-

Extra Dwarf Mixed (Drummondii)—Suitable for exposed positions or rock gardens. Contains a wide range of colour. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Cuspidata (Star Phlox)—The edges of petals are deeply serrated and flowers star shaped.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

PHACELIA

CAMPANULARIA

(H.A.—C.) Rich gentian blue flowers with prominent protruding white anthers. Very hardy; 9 inches high. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

PLATYCODON

(Chinese Bell Flower, also known as Campanula Grandiflora and Wahlenbergia)

(H.P.—C.) A dwarf Campanula-like plant, with blue and white bell-shaped flowers. Summer flowering.

Dwarf Large-Flowered Single—Mixed blue and white.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-



GLOXINIA FLOWERED PENTSTEMON.

POINCIANA

(Bird of Paradise Flower)

(H.H.P.—C.) Bears graceful foliage contrasted with yellow flowers and red anthers.

Gilliesii—Best variety.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

POLYANTHUS

(H.P.—C.F.G.) A Spring-flowering border plant which requires a moist, shaded bed. Sow early Autumn.

Yates' Selected Gold Laced—A mixture of the large flowered type, with a wide range of colour. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

POMEGRANATE

(Dwarf)

(H.P.—C.) A continuous succession of bright red flowers is followed by a crop of decorative fruit. Used for miniature hedges or in rockeries; 18 inches high. Sow Spring and Summer.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-

ICELAND POPPIES

(H.P.—C.) It is now hard to imagine a gardening world without Iceland Poppies in it, but it is not so many years ago since these were almost unknown. We have been continually endeavouring to give lovers of these flowers the very best, and judging by the letters received and the response, we think we have succeeded. This year we offer a very fine selection of some of our own varieties on which we have worked during the last few years. For filling the vases during the Winter months there are few flowers to excel them. They should be gathered not later than about 10 o'clock in the morning and preferably just as the buds are splitting. If the stems are stood in scalding water or burnt they will last for many days.

Sunbeam, Yates' Florist Mixture—A great favourite with home gardeners and florists alike, and easily comparable with many strains for which great claims are made. The range of colour is remarkably fine and includes yellow, tangerine,



POPPY, YATES' QUEEN.

ICELAND POPPIES (continued)—

bronze, cream, with just a tiny sprinkling of white. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Yates' Artists' Glory—A fine introduction of new art tones. See Novelty and Autumn Special pages for further information.

Florists' Yellow—A practically 100 per cent. true strain of soft yellow. Unusually fine when massed together or used for decorating dark furniture. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Florists' Orange—A 100 per cent. true strain of popular tangerine, giant stems and large flowers. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Coonara Pinks (Rose Tints)—In no other Poppy, except our Coonara Giants (see page 3), will such colourings be found. Mostly deep, true pink shades, and although the flowers are not large they are particularly well formed. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Gartford Giants—This strain has a number of admirers who like its lighter shadings. Our seed is supplied to us in sealed packets by the originators. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Gartford Art Tones—This strain appears to have some merit because it contains some of the newer art shades. Pkt., 1/-

POPPIES

(QUEEN AND SHIRLEY)

(For Iceland Poppies, see above)

(H.A.—B.) These are also for Autumn sowing, but in cold climates sowings can be made in the Spring. Sow the seed where the plants are to flower.

Yates' Queen—A really magnificent strain of double Shirley Poppy. The edges of the petals are picoteed and the colours range from flush-pink to rich crimson. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Shirley Re-selected—The well-known Single Shirley Poppy with its lovely colourings. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

PORTULACA

(Sun Plant, or Pig Face)

(H.H.A.—A.E.) These provide a dazzling display with their single rose-like flowers during the hottest Summer months. Sow some of the seed in the crevices of paved or crazy paths for unusual effect.

Yates' Sunnybank Mixed—The special mixture now offered under this name contains both doubles and singles and a particularly wide range of the most brilliant as well as the more delicate tints. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Double Mixed—Produces a good percentage of doubles in a wide range of attractive shades. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Single Mixed—A wide range of colour is obtained from this mixture, including delicate cream, pink and salmon tones, as well as rich golden, scarlet, rose, and crimson shades. Very brilliant. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

PRIMROSE

(H.H.P.—C.F.G.) These favour the partial shade and a nice moist spot. Spring flowering.



PRIMULA MALACOIDES.

PRIMROSE (continued)—

Hybrida, Finest Coloured—Single, of various shades. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Yellow—The old favourite Primrose of England. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

New French Hybrids—A vigorous growing cross between the Polyanthus and the Primrose. The flowers are very large and the colours brilliant. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

PRIMULA

MALACOIDES TYPE

(H.H.P.—C.) This type can either be used for outdoor display or in pots for indoor decoration. Flowers in the Winter and early Spring.

Dawkins Pink—Finest pink yet introduced. It still retains its colour even in outdoor growth. Can be used for rock gardens, window boxes or massing in large beds. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

OTHER TYPES

The varieties listed here are suitable for bush or glass house cultivation. They are noted for their large florets and rare colours.

Sinnens Fimbriata, Yates' Superb—An unusual range of colour and remarkably large flowers. Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkts., 5/-, 10/-.

Obconica, Large Flowered—Will grow in a sheltered semi-shaded spot or in a glass house. Fringed flowers which range in colour from white to rose. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

PYRETHRUM

(H.P.—C.F.) A beautiful class of hardy perennials which are mainly used for borders. Sow in the Autumn.

Aureum (Golden Feather)—Splendid bedding plant, golden yellow foliage, unrivalled for borders; 6 inches high. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Hybridum Roseum, Single and Double—Large Marguerite flowers resembling single Asters, some having beautifully crested centres. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Camomile—See Matricaria.



SAPONARIA VACCARIA.

RANUNCULUS

(H.P.—C.) If sowings are made in the early Autumn blooms can be expected by the following Spring. Sowings in May are often very successful, but do not provide blooms until the following Autumn.

For Bulbs—See Index.

Asiaticus, Yates' Superb Mixed—The flowers are single, semi-double, and double, and the colours range from the purest lemon yellow, through the most varied and beautiful tints of orange, salmon pink, and scarlet, to deep glowing crimson, the various tints blending together most harmoniously. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Claremont Hybrids—A well-known Victorian strain having a wide range of rich and rare shades.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Camellia-Flowered—The flowers are of immense size, of great substance, and throw a large proportion of doubles, while the colours are mostly lighter shades.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

REHMANNIA

(H.B.—C.) Large ornamental leaves, from the centre of which come the spikes of Gloxinia-like flowers.

Angulata—Bright rosy purple, yellow throat, spotted and striped with purple; 3ft. high.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

RHODANTHE

(Everlasting Daisy)

(H.A.—A.) Pretty everlastings, with drooping flowers. They are hardy annuals, but do best sown in Spring; 12 inches.

Mixed Colours—

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

RUDBECKIA

(H.A.) An interesting flower in that it is not unlike the Gaillardia and yet it has a very attractive centre similar to a Ranunculus, with deep golden and mahogany zones on the petals. Suitable for cutting. Sow in Spring.

Kelvedon Star. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

SALPIGLOSSIS

(H.H.A.—B.E.) One of the most beautiful of all our annuals, and now one of the most popular flowers for Summer bedding and for cutting. The gorgeous colours, and rich and varied markings of Salpiglossis, are not equalled by any other flowers.

Yates' Emperor Mixed—An improved strain of the large-flowered varieties, containing such shades as brown, light blue, scarlet, crimson, violet, white and rose, and beautifully veined with gold. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Dwarf Mixed—Of compact branching habit, the individual flowers are produced in profusion.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

SALVIA

(Flowering Sage)

(H.P.—C.E.) Reserve the sunniest side of the house for Salvia for they revel in the heat. Sow during Spring. Although perennial it is best to raise fresh seedlings every year.

Splendens Bonfire—A taller growing variety, well-known for its fiery-scarlet spikes of great length. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Splendens Harbinger—Deep green foliage makes a frame-work for the dazzling scarlet flowers. Dwarf, compact habit.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Extra Dwarf Scarlet—Very low growing and wonderful for rockeries or even wide borders over which it spreads a carpet of bloom during the hottest months.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Farinacea (Blue Bedder)—This variety grows about the same height as Bonfire, but is a delicate Wedgwood blue, with white eye on the lip, and has handsome foliage.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

SAPONARIA

VACCARIA

(Big-Gyp)

(H.A.—A.) Plants grow up to 3 feet high and produce an abundance of bloom somewhat similar in shape to the Gypsophila, only being much larger in the flower. It lasts well when cut. Sow during the Autumn, Winter, and Spring months.

Rose or White.

Each: Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

SCABIOSA

(Pin Cushion)

(H.A. and H.P.—A.E.) A very suitable plant for growing in clumps or along the back of a border with lower growing plants in front.

TALL DOUBLE ANNUAL VARIETIES

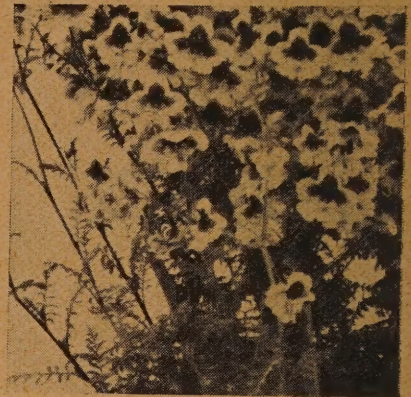
Yates' Artists' Mixture—A carefully proportioned blend of soft pink, rich pink, pale blue, in addition to some of the newer deep rich shades.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Separate Colours of above—Peach blossom, shasta (white), azure fairy (rich pale blue), cherry red, salmon.

Each: Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Double Mixed—2 feet high. All shades. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.



SCHIZANTHUS.

SCABIOSA (continued)—

PERENNIAL VARIETY

Scabiosa Columbaria—A charming shade of delicate mauve. The flowers are beautifully formed and are from two to two-and-a-half inches across. Very useful for cutting and garden decoration.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

SCHIZANTHUS

(Poor Man's Orchid)

(H.A.—A.) These unique butterfly-like flowers never fail to win admiration. The charming colours are accentuated by many different markings. Very hardy and blooms in the Winter and Spring. Sow Autumn.

Wisetonensis New Hybrids—A mixture of the choicest shades of amber, rose, salmon, blue and purple, daintily marked with golden tones. Flower heads are carried on long stems. A much improved strain. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Sunset Hybrids—A special blend composed of the most brilliant red and rose shades, each flower being delicately marked with gold or white. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Fine Mixed—Good shades.

Pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 1/-

SESBANIA

(Brazilian Glory Pea)

(H.P.—A.) This quick-growing shrub attains a height of 9 feet or more and bears graceful Mimosa-like foliage. The flowers are orange-scarlet and hang in long trusses. Blooms within about a year from sowing the seed.

Tripetil. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-



SALPIGLOSSIS, EMPEROR MIXED.

STOCKS

THE FAMOUS "YATES' GIANT PERFECTION" STRAIN

(H.B.—C.) These are large flowered Stocks, which grow to a height of twenty to twenty-four inches, with an excellent branching habit producing an abundance of blooms early in the season on long stems. This is therefore an excellent strain for florists and for cut flowers. Many customers report from 70 per cent. to 80 per cent. of doubles, and our own trials bear out these figures. Stocks are very impatient of wet, undrained land, and care should be taken not to over-water them. They like a sunny position and an occasional dressing of slaked lime. In warm climates Stocks must be planted in the early months of the year for late Winter and early Spring blooms. In very cold climates early Spring sowings are successful. As a general rule Stocks are best treated as annuals under Australian conditions.

YATES' GIANT PERFECTION STOCKS

SPECIAL OFFERS

Three packets, Separate Colours, our selection 1/3
Six packets, Separate Colours, our selection 2/6
Twelve packets, Separate Colours, our selection 4/6
Note.—The collection of three packets at 1/3 is included in one large packet and is available from all leading stores. By asking to see these packets, the varieties contained in them can be determined.

Yates' Giant Perfection Mixed—A really first-grade balanced mixture made up to our own special formula of the best individual named sorts selected in our own Trial Grounds from a wide range of varieties, to give a bright show, and including all the best colours. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-, 20/-.

Sapphire—A rich deep violet and one of the most popular in this shade. The florets are much larger than in most varieties, and this variety has consistently shown a high percentage of doubles.

Heatham Beauty—A glowing shade of golden rose; very early flowering, branches well and produces a high percentage of doubles.

Rose—A rich shade of pink which deepens with age to rose. A little later flowering than Heatham Beauty.

Blood Red—A very striking shade showing up well for indoor decoration.

Canary Bird—A good branching Stock of a deep creamy shade, but the

percentage of doubles is only fair.
Antique Copper—Helebores red overlaid with copper. An unusual colour but not showy for decorative work.

La France—Shade is a white flushed pink.

Fiery Scarlet—The most brilliant coloured variety of all, and literally glows in bright sunlight.

Queen of the Belgians—A tall growing sort with flowers of a pale mauve tint.

Empress Augustus Victoria—A distinct shade of silvery lilac.

May Queen—An entrancing shade of pale blue; a vigorous free bloomer.

Violet Slate—Is a unique shade of slate mauve, but not as showy as others.

Snowdrift—Has long spikes and branching habit, early flowering, produces only a fair percentage of doubles.

Separate Colours—Any of the above. Each: Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/- and 20/-.

NICE GIANT OR

BEAUTY STOCKS

Nice Giant Mixed—A special mixture of the best of the Nice varieties, made up to our own special formula. It contains many lovely shades and will produce a good proportion of double flowers. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small, 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

SEPARATE COLOURS

Minister Lloyd George—Blood red.

Beauty of Nice—Flesh pink.

Monte Carlo—Yellow.

Queen Alexandra—Rosy lilac.

Bella Napoli—Terra-cotta pink.

Pride of Keller—Pale blue.

Bianca—Pure white.

Violet—A beautiful shade.

Salmon Rose—A very pleasing shade.

Aurora—Cream tinted old rose.

Each: Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

SUPER GIANT

IMPERIAL STOCKS

A recently introduced class of great promise. Produces numerous giant spikes, each floret being exceptionally large. Branches from the base like Giant Perfection strain.

Roselight—Early flowering rose pink.
Rose Charm—Deep rose, rather late flowering.

Dark Blue—A beautiful shade. Each: Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Early Giant Imperial Mixed—Practically similar to Yates' Giant Perfection. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.



YATES' GIANT PERFECTION STOCKS—NOTED FOR THE HIGH PERCENTAGE OF "DOUBLES."

When planting out Stocks, choose the lower growing seedlings which are usually the doubles.

YATES' CHOICE SWEET PEAS

AUSTRALIAN EARLY FLOWERING STRAIN

The charm of Sweet Peas seems never to diminish. They are still the favourites of garden lovers in every corner of the world. Until we introduced the Early Flowering Strain many years ago it was difficult to grow Sweet Peas in climates similar to, or warmer than, Sydney. Now, however, by sowing in the Summer and Autumn we can have them for quite a long period throughout the year. Every year our experts comb six acres of trials to choose the finest of the year's offering. In addition, they pick Yates' Best Twelve Collection for the year, and this, of course, is now world famous. Novelties from overseas are also included in these trials, and if there is anything outstanding it is offered to our customers at the earliest possible date.

CULTURAL NOTES.—Mid-Summer (January-February in Sydney) sowings will produce some early Winter Blooms, but for best results sow in the Autumn (March-May in Sydney). Sow seeds four inches apart in a well-drained position. Sweet Peas thrive in a free, limy soil enriched to a considerable depth with well-rotted animal manure. Where there is a heavy clay subsoil be careful to avoid making a trough in it which will hold excessive moisture; in such cases it is better to raise the bed above the natural level. Remember, they must have good drainage. Water regularly until seeds germinate.

For further information write for booklet, "The Cultivation of Sweet Peas," which is free on application, and contains hints for the exhibition grower as well as the enthusiast who "just wants a good show."

YATES' OFFERINGS IN COLLECTIONS

YATES' "BEST TWELVE" FOR 1940 COLLECTION, 5/- POST FREE

With the extensive trials and crops of Sweet Peas which we grow each year, we are able to make very close and accurate comparisons between each of the varieties. This collection comprises the following twelve varieties which we ourselves think to be the "pick of the bunch" for type, distinctive colouring, freedom of flowering, earliness, hardiness and long flowering season, and contains one full-size packet of each.

Attraction	Shirley Temple	Lavender Glory
Blue Wonder	Triumph	Firefly
Mars	Princess Blue	Daphne
Ajax	Chime	Red Indian

YATES' "CHAMPION" COLLECTION, 20/- POST FREE

A large collection for Sweet Pea lovers and those with spacious gardens in town or country. It is especially suitable for exhibition in the important shows, and we send a large number each year to customers in India, China, and other Eastern countries. This collection contains extra special value (about 27/- worth at catalogue rates), and includes all the choicer varieties and tested introductions.

YATES' "STAR" COLLECTION, 12/6 POST FREE

This collection is made up of 30 choice varieties, selected by us, including many prize-winning sorts and varieties which have proved outstanding in our trials. For those who wish to study the characteristics of the individual varieties this collection has a special appeal.



A GLORIOUS SHOW OF YATES' SWEET PEAS, GROWN ON A TRIPOD SUPPORT.

SPECIAL MIXED COLOUR PACKETS

YATES' PRIZE PACKET, 3/6 POST FREE

This special offer comprises the "Best Twelve for 1940" varieties above mentioned and the next best eight sorts selected in our trials, all in mixture. Yates' Prize Packet is intended to suit the requirements of those many garden lovers who have limited space, but who desire to have the very best. The proportions of the different colours in this mixture have been very carefully chosen, with the object of giving an artistic colour balance. It contains approximately 150 seeds, and is sufficient to plant about 50 feet of row, setting three seeds to each foot.

SPECIAL SWEET PEA OFFERS

This year we are adding two new collections, each containing three separate colours, for 1/3 each collection. For details, see Autumn Specials on page 4.

YATES' FIRST CHOICE MIXED

A super mixture made up from the finest varieties in our list and containing a complete range of all the colours offered, also waved and "double standard" sorts. We sincerely believe this to be the finest mixture available at this price. Special pkts., 1/- and 2/6; Bulk pkts., 5/-, 10/-, 20/-.

MIXED HYBRIDS

An excellent mixture of the Australian Early Flowering Sweet Peas (Spencer Type), containing representative colours from throughout the following list, ranging through whites, creams, pinks, reds, crimson, orange, blues, mauves, and flaked varieties.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 1/-, 2/6, 5/-

LIST OF EARLY FLOWERING SWEET PEAS

(CLASSIFIED UNDER COLOURS)

Except where otherwise priced, all varieties are: Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 1/6, 3/-, 5/-, 10/-.

WHITES

White Elf (Black Seeded)—The best and purest white in cultivation, early and free flowering, producing an abundance of bloom over a long period. Flowers are carried on good strong stems with many "fours." Being black seeded, better germination and stronger plants are produced.

CREAMS

Cream Elf (Black Seeded)—The finest deep cream for garden decoration and exhibition. Blooms are large, well frilled and carried on strong long stems. Flowers are produced freely with a high percentage of "fours." Being a black seeded sort, seed is not so liable to rot in the ground.

PICOTEEES

Pale Violet Flush—A fine shade for indoor decoration. The pale tone of violet which deepens towards the edges gives it a picotee effect. Early and free flowering.

Daybreak (Field Daisy) — Creamy white with rose pink edgings; produces many "fours."

CREAM PINKS

Daphne—Soft creamy pink. A newer introduction which shows great promise because of its large, heavily frilled and duplex blooms. Remarkably free and early flowering.

Delicious—Soft pink on cream ground, deepening to edge of petals, which adds to its attraction. Blooms are well frilled and duplexed. Early and free flowering.

Blushes—Mid-pink on cream ground, many duplex; an ideal shade for bunching. Available only in pkts., 1/- each.

BLUSH PINKS

Josie—A deep rose-pink on white ground. Flowers are large and carried on good strong stems.

Shirley Temple—Rich pink on white ground; free and early flowering, good long stems. Flowers large and nicely frilled. Stands cold conditions very well.



SWEET PEA, MOONLIGHT.

ROSE CERISE SHADES

Ajax Improved—Very free and early flowering, nicely frilled, many duplex; good long stems. Colour crimson rose varying with age to almost crimson; splendid for exhibition.

Brightness—Crimson rose, produces a very high percentage of "fours," also occasional "fives," which are nicely placed on the strong stems; very free flowerer.

MAROON

Red Indian—The darkest Sweet Pea grown, shade is deepest maroon with no sign of purple. The individual blooms are very large, beautifully waved and highly fragrant, produces many "fours." Very early flowering, good exhibition sort.

BLUE SHADES

Moonlight—A real deep violet, very even in colour throughout, richest blue yet offered.

Blue Wonder—A very early pleasing shade of mid-blue. It is the best blue yet offered and its bold, well-frilled blooms and free flowering habit make it a sort every gardener should include in his collection. Stands cold conditions and heat very well.

Queensland Beauty—A very nice light soft blue slightly frilled. Produces a fair percentage of "threes," good long stems, early flowering; quite a distinct shade.

Princess Blue—The finest light sky blue with no trace of lavender; well formed flowers produced freely.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 3/-

LAVENDER AND MAUVE SHADES

Lavender Glory—The "pick" of the lavender shades. Good clear colour; large flowers, heavily frilled and nicely placed on good strong stems. The vines are vigorous and strong; flowers abundantly; one of the finest varieties to grow for exhibition purposes.

Triumph—Flowers on opening are light mauve lavender, deepening with age to deep mauve. Large bold nicely frilled flowers, "fours" produced in profusion.

CRIMSON AND SCARLET

Monarch—An unusual ox-blood shade with good resistance to burning.

Mars—A real rich bright red. Stands weather conditions well; a great improvement on other similar shades.

Emperor (A. J. Quarrell) — A rich crimson, standing hard weather conditions remarkably well.

ORANGE, SALMON AND ROSE SHADES

Chime—Large, bold, nicely frilled flowers well placed on good strong stems. Stands weather conditions well. Colour is soft salmon. Splendid exhibition sort. Many "fours."

Pkt., 1/-

Fairy—A warm tone of Glitters; producing many double standards, and in our opinion one of the most attractive sorts in our list. Colour is rich rose-pink, has long flowering period, slightly subject to scald during heavy frosts.

Glitters (Improved)—Produces long stems nicely frilled and many



SWEET PEA, DAPHNE.

ORANGE, SALMON & ROSE SHADES (continued)—

"fours"; a magnificent and very popular variety; rich reddish orange; does not burn easily.

Firefly—Colour is a brilliant orange-scarlet, dazzling in the sunlight. Flowers are of medium size, carried on good, strong stems.

Vulcan (Rawhiti) — A magnificent glowing orange-scarlet for florists; very resistant to burning.

Prosperity—A vigorous free flowerer, producing beautiful salmon pink blooms on good stems, with a distinct white centre.

Early Attraction—Beautiful bright rose blooms which resist the weather and are produced in great quantities.

FLAKED AND STRIPED

Gypsy—Flaked rich deep crimson on a white ground, quite a novel combination; our own introduction.

Donald J. Coghill—White flaked rosy salmon.

Grey Flakes—Chocolate flakes on slate blue ground.

Blue Flakes—Deep blue flakes on white ground.

Columbine—White ground heavily flaked crimson; throws many "fours."

Mixed Flakes—A mixture of flaked varieties.

LATE FLOWERING

SPENCER SWEET PEAS

While for the greater part of the Commonwealth we consider that the Early Flowering Spencers will give finer results both in Winter and Summer, these Late or "Long Growing Season" varieties can be grown with success in cold climates. Main sowings should be made in March-April and a small sowing in August. In other respects their cultivation is similar to the Australian Early Flowering varieties.

Late Flowering Spencers Mixed — A splendid combination containing an almost infinite variety of colours. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 1/6, 3/-.



STREPTOCARPUS.

STATICE

(Sea Lavender)

(H.P. and H.A.—A.) Has rapidly become one of the most popular of the "everlastings." The annual varieties are easily raised from seed and can be sown in the Autumn or early Spring. If the blooms are cut and dried the colours last for many weeks.

ANNUAL VARIETIES

- Sinuata Hybrids**—A nicely proportioned mixture of the colours mentioned below. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6.
- Sinuata True Blue**—A rich navy blue. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6.
- Sinnata Rosea Superba**—Rosy lilac. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6.
- Sinuata Atrocoerulea**—Brilliant deep blue. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6.
- Sinuata White**—Is used where a long lasting white flower is necessary. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6.
- Bonduelli**—An attractive shade of yellow. Flowers borne on very slender stems. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6.

PERENNIAL VARIETIES

Seed of the two following varieties is often "shy" in germinating.

- Perezii Multiflora**—A deep pure blue of a true perennial type. Stems up to 3 feet long. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.
- Caspia**—The flowers and stems, which are almost as fine as those of *Gypsophila*, are a pretty lavender shade. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

STOKESIA

(Stoke's Aster or Cornflower Aster) (H.P.—C.) Handsome perennial of erect habit. The charming blue flowers are very effective in beds when massed.

Cyanea Blue.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-

SUNFLOWERS

(Helianthus)

(H.H.A.—C.E.) Easily grown, very ornamental and useful for many different purposes. Summer and Autumn flowering.

TALL VARIETIES

Tall Red Sunflower—The dark centre of the flower head is surrounded by a band of purple red, the tips of the petals showing the typical Sunflower yellow.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

SUNFLOWERS (continued)—

- Tall Single**—Yellow, excellent for hiding fences, etc.; 5 feet. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.
- Globosus**—Very large double flowers; a stately plant; 5 feet. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.
- Large Russian**—The seeds are grown for fowl feed. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.

MEDIUM AND DWARF VARIETIES

- Bronze Hybrids (Purpureus)**—A mixed strain comprising pretty shades of copper and bronze. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.
- Miniature**—Pretty single variety, suitable for a background or for hiding unsightly fences or sheds; will do well in a hot dry position. The golden-yellow flowers, with their dark centres, are also useful for indoor decoration. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.
- Dwarf Double**—Similar to *Globosus*, but much dwarfer. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

STREPTOCARPUS

New Hybrids—A very choice selection of this uncommon flower. Includes a wide and varied range of colour. Suitable for pot culture in the bush-house. Pkt., 1/6

SWEET WILLIAM

(*Dianthus Barbatus*)

(H.P.—A.) A favourite old-fashioned perennial, very effective in mixed borders. If sown in the early Autumn they will bloom the following Spring. For warm climates we strongly recommend the more easily grown Sweet Wivelsfield.

Double Mixed—All colours and markings. For cool climates no flowers are more showy. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

SWEET

WIVELSFIELD

(H.P.—C.) Combines the charm of the Sweet William and the hardy *Dianthus* in one beautiful plant. Very free flowering and useful for Winter display.

Single Mixed—A wide range of shades, many being beautifully interlaced with rich markings. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

THALICTRUM

(H.P.—C.) Both the flowers and foliage are favoured by florists for decoration.

Dipterocarpum—Flowers in late Spring and early Summer, carrying a profusion of dainty lavender flowers with yellow anthers. Fern-like foliage.

Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-

TITHONIA

(Mexican Sunflower)

(H.H.A.—C.E.) Handsome orange scarlet flowers, very showy. Grows 4 to 5 feet.

Speciosa. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Fireball—Brilliant scarlet orange with clear yellow centre, rather late flowering.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-



VENIDIUM FASTUOSUM.

TORENIA

(H.H.A.—C.) The delightful blue of this plant is most unusual for window boxes and other similar decorations. **Fournieri**—Blue.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

URSINIA

(Jewel of the Veldt)

(H.A.—C.) **Anethoides Hybrids**—A mixture of cream and yellow shades. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Pulchra—An uncommon flower for the window box or low growing border. Deep orange petals surround a rich centre. Very compact and dwarf. Pkt., 6d.

VENIDIUM

(Monarch of the Veldt)

(H.H.A.—C.) Rich orange coloured Daisy-like flowers, which are marked with a purple-black zone at the base of the petals; 2 to 3 feet.

Fastuosum Hybrids—The colour range in these new hybrids comprises apricot shades, creamy white, pure white, salmon, canary, golden yellow. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Fastuosum—Deep orange Daisy-like flowers, 3in. across, with a purplish or black zone around the centre. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-



SWEET WIVELSFIELD.

VERBENA

(H.P.—C.E.) The brilliancy of a bed of Verbenas is a worth-while sight. If spent blooms are regularly pruned they will continue to bloom for many months. Autumn sowings produce the best results. The seed is slow in germinating and care should be taken to see that the soil does not dry out. Once established they are amongst the hardiest of plants.

Yates' Large-Flowered Extra Choice Mixed—This is a fine strain of Gigantea Verbenas. Shades of colour include rose, scarlet, crimson, flame, blue, purple, and cream, many having large white eye. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Separate Colours—Fine for massing. **Etna**—Intense geranium red with small creamy eye. **Luminosa**—Flame pink, toning to salmon and coral. **Rosea Stellata**—Rose pink, white eye. **Blue**—White eye. **Lucifer**—Showy red, no eye, and **Defiance Red**—White eye.

Each: Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-
Good Mixed—Contains all the popular colours.

Pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

DWARF COMPACT VARIETIES

Very much in demand for rockeries and similar places where neat, compact habit is necessary.

Crimson Glow—A rich glowing crimson. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

Brilliant—Intense flame-rose petals radiate around a central white eye. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

VINCA ROSEA

(H.P.—A.E.) Handsome bushy perennial, producing an abundance of round single flowers. It is suitable for pot culture or for clumps or specimens in semi-shaded positions. 2ft. high.

Mixed Colours—Contains white, rose, and white with crimson eye.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

VIOLAS

(H.A.—C.) These are very similar to the Bedding Pansy, and they are noted for their long flowering period and wonderful display of bloom throughout the season. They require the same cultivation as Pansies with spacing of about 4 to 6 inches apart. When planted in this way they make an unbroken carpet of bloom during the flowering season.

Yates' Spring Glory Mixed—A careful blend of the best colours, giving a nice balance of the light and dark shades. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Fine Mixed—A mixture of the popular shades. Pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

NAMED VARIETIES

Blue Perfection—A splendid mid-blue. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Lutea Splendens—Pure yellow. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkts., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

White Perfection—Pure white. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Apricot—A true apricot shade blending well with Blue Perfection. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.



VERBENA.
LARGE FLOWERED MIXED.



VIOLA.



VIRGINIAN STOCK.



VISCARIA MIXED.

VIOLAS (continued)—

Ruby Gem—A bright glowing red. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Papilio Lavender Blue—A true lavender shade. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Papilio Deep Violet—A rich deep violet. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

VIOLETS

See Plant Section.

VIRGINIAN STOCK

(French Forget-Me-Not)

(H.A.—A.) Hardy old-fashioned annuals. They are suitable for edgings or small borders. 6 inches high.

Mixed Colours—Including such shades as yellow, crimson, and carmine. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

VISCARIA

(H.H.A.—C.) A dainty flower that makes a brave show during the summer months and also extremely effective for indoor decorations.

Mixed—An extensive colour range of white, blue, lavender and pink shades. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Dwarf Mixed—Will be welcomed because of its dwarf habit. Has all the lovely features of the taller Viscaria and a fine colour range. Pkt., 1/-

WALLFLOWER

(H.P. and H.A.—C.F.) The introduction of the early flowering type has enabled this fragrant flower to be grown in the warmer districts. Autumn sowings produce late Winter flowers and even later sowings provide Spring blooms. This early flowering strain, which we have selected, blooms very quickly from seed.

Yates' Single Early Flowering Russet Shades—This is one of our Autumn Specials, for which see page 4.

Single Early Flowering Mixed—Our standard popular mixture. Vigorous tall branching habit and large individual petals. Brown, golden yellow, ruby and blood red comprise the colours. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Early Wonder Double—Although much earlier than the late flowering type, it is not so quick-flowering as the singles, nor is it so showy or sweetly scented.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-

PERENNIAL FOR COOL DISTRICTS

Sowings should be made only in the Autumn months.

Single Late Flowering Mixed—All the finest forms and most attractive colourings. Contains the following shades: Golden yellow, ruby red, blood red. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 1/-, 2/6.

WARATAH

(Telopea Speciosissima)

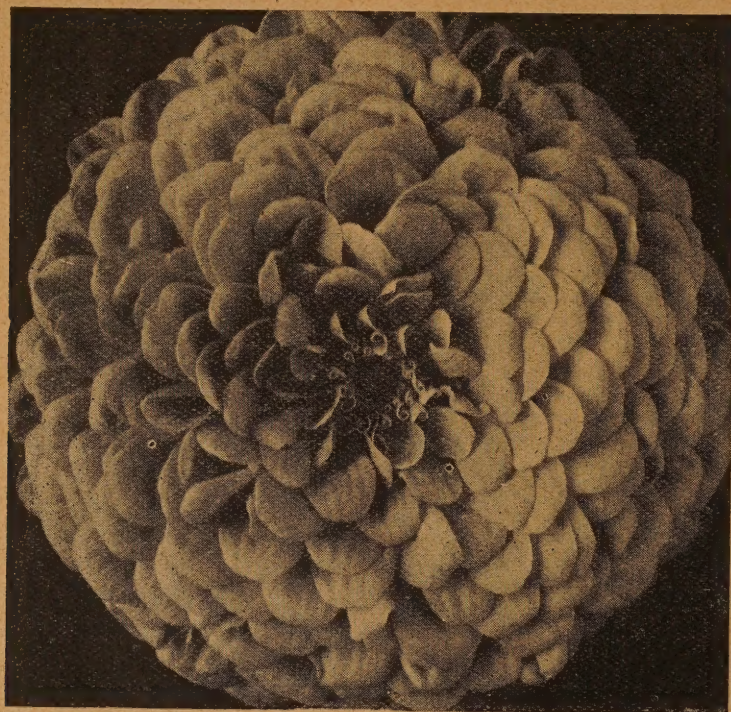
The N.S.W. national flower, and one of the most stately in the Australian bush, bearing vivid red flowers in great profusion. Once the plants are established will grow to a height of 8 to 10 feet. Supplies depend on seasonal conditions.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/-

ZINNIAS

CULTIVATION NOTES:

(H.H.A.—A.E.) The brilliant colours that have been evolved in the hardy free flowering Zinnias during the last few years have made them, in such climates as ours, one of the most popular annuals for Summer bedding. Successional sowings may be made every eight weeks from early Spring (after frosts) till early Autumn. They grow 2½ to 3 feet high, and flourish on most soils, but, of course, do better when well fed with manure; the first blooms usually come more or less single, and should be removed from the plants.



A GOOD SPECIMEN OF DAHLIA-FLOWERED ZINNIA.

GIANT

DAHLIA-FLOWERED

A magnificent strain for the home garden or exhibition work, and flowers resemble double dahlias. The rich colours and soft tones of this class have lifted the once-despised Zinnias into the forefront of garden flowers.

Yates' Brilliant Giants (Dahlia-Flowered type)—This is our own special mixture of the very best separate colours, such as orange, gold, scarlet, crimson, and rose, the pale shades having been eliminated. This mixture is specially recommended. Special pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Giant Dahlia-Flowered (Gold Medal) Mixed—A magnificent strain which has become very popular. It contains an almost endless range of colour. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Separate Colours—Golden Dawn, Purple Prince, Exquisite (light rose), Golden State, Crimson Monarch, Dream (deep lavender), Illumination (deep rose), Giant Attraction (brick red), Oriole (orange and gold), Meteor (deepest red), Canary Bird (clear rich yellow), Scarlet Flame.

Each: Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Special Collection Offer—

Six packets, distinct varieties, our selection, 2/6.

Special Offer—

1 pkt. of each of 3 separate colours. See page 5.

GIANT DOUBLE TYPE

(Robusta Grandiflora)

The plants are of exceptionally robust habit and throw up long wiry stalks crowned with immense flowers, sometimes measuring five to six inches across. For showy groups and borders, as well as for cutting, these Zinnias are unrivalled.

Yates' Giant Double Mixed—An outstanding strain containing a wide selection of the most brilliant colours as listed below. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Separate Colours—Scarlet, golden-yellow, salmon shades, orange, rose, white, flesh, crimson, light canary, purple and pink shades (Florists' Strain).

Each: Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Special Collection Offer—

Six packets of distinct colours, our selection, 2/6.

California Giants (or Mammoth)

Mixed—Noted for its large flat blooms and tall branching habit. Contains all the leading colours.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

LILLIPUT OR POMPONE

Lilliput Mixed—A miniature Zinnia carrying Pomphone-shaped flowers of great depth, and plants grow to a height of 12-18 inches. They are useful for edgings and make dainty indoor decorations. Included in the mixture are the following colours: Yellow, gold, scarlet, salmon,

LILLIPUT OR POMPONE (cont.)—

white, and rose-pink. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-, 10/-.

Lilliput Rosebud—Colour is a delightful rose-pink. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.

Special Offer—

1 pkt. each of 3 separate colours. See page 5.

ZINNIA HAAGEANA

Free flowering, bushy habit. About 50 per cent. of the flowers are double, ranging in colour from lemon to deep orange, many having petals blotched deep maroon. Grows 12 to 15 ins. high, and blooms are 1 to 1½ inches across. Pkts., 6d. and 1/-; Bulk pkt., 2/6.

FANCY VARIETIES

Early Wonder Gypsy—Very early and free flowering; medium-sized, well formed flowers on long, slender stems. Colour is deep burnt orange.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Early Wonder Fiery Salmon Cerise Pink—Similar to above except in colour. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Scabious Flowered Mixed—A proportion come single.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Fantasy Finest Mixed—Shaggy lacy petalled flowers in several colours.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Crown of Gold, Desert Gold—Has bi-color effect of light and deep gold. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Zinnia Linearis—Semi-trailing species, with slender stems and foliage; small single golden yellow flowers produced very freely.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-.

Gaillardia Flowered Mixed—Colour range includes bronze, rose, pink, yellow, orange, and lavender, most of the flowers being two-toned, having a ring of deeper colour at the centre. A splendid new Zinnia for massed bedding or indoor decoration. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkts., 2/-, 5/-.



ZINNIA, LILLIPUT.

VINES AND CREEPERS FROM SEED

We have chosen a very selected list of climbing plants which are very easily grown from seed. They are all quite hardy, except in very cold districts. The growing of these plants can work wonders to a home. Bare, uninviting fences and out-houses, which no one wants to look at, can be converted into beauty spots of the garden by completely hiding them with flowering creepers.

Sowings are usually made in the late Spring or early Summer, and nearly all the varieties here favour warmth for successful germination. It is better to raise them in seed boxes and afterwards transplant to their permanent positions when about 6 inches high.

In the list below each name is followed by certain letters which designate the type of creeper, as given here: E.—Evergreen. A.—Annual. P.—Perennial. D.—Deciduous, i.e., they lose their leaves in the Winter.



ANTIGONON LEPTOPUS.



ARISTOLOCHIA ELEGANS.



COBAEA SCANDENS.

SPECIAL OFFER:

In our Autumn Specials this year we are offering a beautifully illustrated packet of 3 varieties—Antigone Leptopus, Aristolochia Elegans, Cobaea Scandens—for 1/3. Ask to see the illustration of these flowers on the packets available from all leading stores.

Antigone Leptopus—D.P.—The slender stems are covered with bright rose flowers. Prune well after flowering. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-
Aristolochia Elegans (Dutchman's Pipe)—E.P.—Quaint richly coloured flowers. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-
Asparagus Plumosa—E.P.—The foliage is the Asparagus Fern used for floral work. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-
Banana Passion Fruit—See *Tacsonia Mollissima*.
Bignonia Tweediana (Cat's Claw)—E.P.—Grows in climates similar to or warmer than Sydney. Showy yellow flowers. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6
Calampelis Scabra (Eccremocarpus)—E.P.—A splendid climber with showy orange flowers. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-
Cardinal Climbers—See *Ipomoea Quamoclit Cardinalis*.
Cobaea Scandens—E.P.—Canterbury Bell-like flowers which change from green to violet blue. Quick growing. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-
Convolvulus Major—A.—A mixture of all the very best shades. Pkts., 3d. and 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

Convolvulus Major, Double and Semi-double—A.—Quick growing and hardy. Brilliant colourings. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Dolichos Lignosus (Cocks and Hens)—E.P.—Vigorous and easily grown. White or pink. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Gourds, Ornamental—A.—Quick-growing climber producing ornamental fruits in all sorts of queer shapes and colourings. Mixed: Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

Ipomoea Quamoclit Cardinalis (Cardinal Creeper)—A.—Strong, rapid grower with graceful foliage, from every opening of which there is a blaze of cardinal red flowers. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Ipomoea Quamoclit—A.—Dark green feathery foliage. Rose, scarlet and white flowers. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Ipomoea Heavenly Blue Improved—A.—Deep intense blue, lighter at the centre. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Ipomoea Grandiflora (Moon Flower)—A.—Pure white flowers, opening at night and closing about 10 o'clock in the morning. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Ipomoea Scarlet O'Hara—See Novelties page.

Kudzu Vine—See *Pueraria Thunbergia*.

Lathyrus—See *Pea, Everlasting*, in Flower Seeds.

Mandevillea Sauvelensis—E.P.—Large fragrant, trumpet-shaped white flowers. Very vigorous. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Maurandia Barclayana—E.P.—Exceptionally hardy. Blue and rose flowers. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Mina Lobata—A.—One of our brightest creepers. Vivid red pods change to orange and cream as they open. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Passiflora Edulis (Passion Fruit Vine)—E.P.—The Passion Fruit of commerce and favoured for its fruit as well as decorative flowers. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Phaseolus Caracalla (Snail Flower)—E.P.—Quaint snail-shaped purple flowers. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Physianthus Albus (The Moth Plant)—E.P.—Very fragrant white pendulous flowers followed by gourd-like seed pods. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Pueraria Thunbergia (Kudzu Vine)—E.P.—Large shade-giving foliage studded with rosy purple Pea-like flowers. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Tacsonia Mollissima (Banana Passion Fruit)—E.P.—The extremely decorative soft pink flowers are followed by a crop of edible oblong fruit. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Tropaeolum—See *Nasturtiums* in Flower Seeds.

Nasturtiums—See *Nasturtiums* in Flower Seeds.

Thunbergia Gibboni (Golden Glory Vine)—E.P.—A low-growing creeper with ivy-like leaves and a mass of brilliant orange flowers. Pkt., 1/-(8 seeds); Bulk pkts., 5/-, 10/-

Thunbergia Mixed—A.—White, yellow and buff flowers with black centres. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 2/-

Flowering Bulbs



The Bulbs offered this season are the finest procurable, having been selected from the best sources of supply. We have indicated the correct planting times for each bulb, but advise ordering early to avoid disappointment.

SPECIAL COLLECTIONS

Intending purchasers who are unacquainted with the varieties that we catalogue would be well advised to leave the selection to us, and we will send only those sorts that, in our opinion, are suitable for their districts, and produce the best results. For this purpose we make up—

Collections at 20/-, 10/-, and 5/-.

ALL POST PAID

Or Special Collections to any value to suit the purchaser's convenience. In each case the selection must be left to us, and the value of the bulbs received will range from 10 to 25 per cent. better value than if ordered separately.

BULB-GROWING FIBRE

We offer a specially prepared compost for growing bulbs in bowls or pans indoors. As the material is highly absorbent, it is not necessary to have drainage.

Price: 4d. lb.; 2/3 for 7 lbs.; 4/- for 14 lbs. CARRIAGE EXTRA.

LEAFLET ON BULBS GROWING IN FIBRE POST FREE ON REQUEST.

ACHIMENES

Plant August to October. Post Free. The flowers are mostly shades of blue, being very effective when planted in hanging baskets, about four to six bulbs being sufficient for a 10in. basket. 3d. each; 2/6 doz.

AGAPANTHUS

(African Lily)

Plant all seasons. Postage extra. Hardy evergreen bulbous plants producing 3 feet standards of bloom about Christmas time. May be grown in the open ground or as a pot plant. Single Blue—1/- each; 11/- dozen. Single White—1/- each; 11/- dozen.

ALLIUM

Plant February to June. Post Free. Alliums flower in spring and summer and are useful for planting in borders, or to grow naturally in grassland. White, Pink and Yellow—4d. each; 3/- doz.

ALSTROEMERIA

(Peruvian Lily)

Plant February to July. Post Free. Hardy bulbous plants. Plant about 6 inches deep and leave undisturbed for a few years.

ALSTROEMERIA (continued)—

Aurantiaca—Orange. 9d. ea.; 7/6 doz.

Aurea—Bright golden yellow. 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

AMARYLLIS

(See also Hippeastrums)

Plant October to March. Postage extra (about 1/- each).

Plant in a sunny position with the bulb about 8in. to 9in. deep.

Belladonna—Varying shades of pink. 6d. each; 5/- doz.

Belladonna Perfecta—A taller variety, colour shading white to pink. 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

ANEMONE

(Windflower)

Plant February to June. Post Free. Should be planted in well-drained soil that has been dug to a good depth, and preferably fertilised with bonedust and lime. Plant the bulbs with the flat crown side up, about 1½ to 2 inches below the surface, spacing about 6 inches apart each way. Regular watering is specially necessary at flowering time.

St. Brigid, Yates' Prize Strain, Mixed—A splendid mixture of all the best colours. 1/- doz.; 7/6 100; 60/- 1000. St. Brigid, Super Hybrids—A selected strain of Giant Anemone.

2/- doz.; 14/- 100

ANEMONE (continued)—

St. Brigid, Amethyst Beauty—Rich lavender rose. Full blooms on long stems. 2/- doz.; 14/- 100

St. Brigid, Beacon (Vivid Scarlet)—A beautiful type. 2/- doz.; 14/- 100

St. Brigid, Blue Admiral—A rich bright blue. 2/- doz.; 14/- 100

Scarlet Emperor—Giant single type, excellent for cutting. 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100

Blue Bonnet—A beautiful brilliant blue. 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100

ANOMATHECA

(Scarlet Freesia)

Plant February to April. Post Free. Grows in a sunny or partially shaded situation. Plant 2 inches deep.

Cruenta—Rich scarlet crimson. 4d. each; 3/- doz.; 20/- 100

ARUM LILY

See Calla.

BABIANA

Plant February to April. Post Free. Spring flowering plants growing about a foot in height. Suitable for bedding, borders, or clumps. Plant 2 inches deep.

Mixed Colours (mostly purple and mauve shades)—1/3 doz.; 8/6 100.

BEGONIAS

(Tuberous Rooted)

Plant August to November. Post Free. Suitable for bush-house or verandah culture, or may be planted in partially shaded beds outdoors. The hanging basket type are particularly beautiful, three bulbs being sufficient for a 10-inch basket. Cultural directions sent with each order.

Available in red, pink, and yellow shades, and white, unless stated otherwise.

Double, separate colours.

1/6 each; 16/- doz.

Mixed colours. 1/3 each; 13/6 doz.
Single, separate colours.

1/6 each; 16/- doz.

Mixed colours. 1/3 each; 13/6 doz.
Fringed Edge, separate colours.

1/6 each; 16/- doz.

Mixed colours. 1/3 each; 13/6 doz.
Camellia Flowered—Beautiful bi-colour blooms, variegated pink and white, similar to a Camellia.

1/6 each; 16/- doz.

Crested, separate colours.

1/6 each; 16/- doz.

Mixed colours. 1/3 each; 13/6 doz.
Hanging Basket Begonias—Red and pink shades, and white.

1/6 each; 16/- doz.

BILLBERGIA

Plant all seasons. Postage extra. A hardy evergreen plant that will thrive in almost any situation, growing well as a pot plant, or in the open ground. The tubular flowers are green colour with blue stripes and hanging gracefully in bunches from a beautiful pink stem or sheath.

Nutans. 1/- each; 11/- doz.

BRUNSVIGIA

Plant November to January. Postage extra.

Sweetly perfumed autumn flowering bulbs requiring a warm, sunny situation. The flower stalks, which appear before the leaves, are up to 3 feet in length, each carrying 18-24 separate blooms. Plant with the top of the bulb showing above the surface of the soil.

Pink and White varieties.

1/6 each; 16/- doz.

CALADIUMS

Plant August to October. Post Free. Natives of tropical America requiring a warm climate or a green-house. Caladiums are grown for their foliage, which in many varieties is of unsurpassed beauty. The colours range from white to deep crimson, purple, bronze, pink, etc.

Choice named varieties.

5/- each; 55/- doz.

Choice unnamed varieties.

2/6 each; 27/- doz.

CALLA

(Arum Lily)

Plant April to August. Postage extra. Plant 4 to 5 inches deep.

Aurata—Lemon yellow, jet black centre. 1/- each

Elliottiana—A beautiful golden yellow, the foliage being spotted. Recommended. 1/6 each; 16/- doz.

Ethiopica—The well-known White Arum Lily. 9d. ea.; 7/6 doz.; 50/- 100

Pentlandi—Rich yellow, black centre. 2/- each

CALLA (continued)—

Rehmanni—Delicate rose pink, small and dainty. 2/- each

Sanctum (Sacred Black Arum)—Rich velvety black. 2/- each

Solfaterre—Primrose yellow, purple centre. 1/- each; 10/- doz.

CHLIDANTHUS

(Summer Daffodils)

Plant April to July. Post Free.

A hardy bulb producing golden yellow trumpet-shaped flowers in summer. The blooms are fragrant and the plants will thrive in any soil or situation.

Fragrans—Golden yellow, perfumed.

1/- each; 11/- doz.

CHIONODOXA

(Glory of the Snow)

Plant February to April. Post Free. Charming little spring flowering bulbous plants closely related to Scillas and Hyacinths. The plants are hardy, and prefer a semi-shaded position. Plant about two inches deep.

Lucillae—Brilliant blue, white centre.

6d. each; 5/- doz.; 37/6 100

Sardensis—Rich gentian blue.

6d. each; 5/- doz.; 37/6 100



CALLA ELLIOTTIANA.

CLIVIA

(Imantophyllum)

Plant January to June. Postage extra. Evergreen bulbous plants producing in the spring large clusters of orange yellow funnel-shaped flowers on stems 12 to 15 inches long. Clivias grow well in the ground in partial shade, or, as pot or tub specimens for the bush-house or verandah.

Hybrids—Various shades of orange-yellow. 5/- each

Nobilis—Orange-yellow. 3/6 each

CRINUM

Plant all seasons. Postage extra. Evergreen herbaceous bulbs producing tall spikes of scented blooms in the spring, mostly delicate shades of pink. Thrive in any good rich soil, or may be grown as tub specimens.

Moorei—Delicate pink. 1/6 each

Pedunculatum—Tall spikes with long, thin petalled blooms. 1/- each

Powellii Alba—A beautiful white. 1/6 each

Powellii Rosea—Rosy pink. 2/- each

CROCUS

Plant February to April. Post Free. Early spring flowering bulbs suitable

CROCUS (continued)—

for cold climates only. Plant 2 inches deep and leave undisturbed for a few years if possible, removing the dead foliage only each summer.

Blue, Purple, Yellow, Striped, and White. 4d. each; 3/6 doz.; 25/- 100
Mixed. 4d. each; 3/- doz.; 20/- 100

CYCLAMEN

Plant December to March. Post Free. Winter and early spring flowering plants specially suitable for growing singly in pots. The tuber should be planted so that it just shows above the soil. A leaflet on Cyclamen culture will be enclosed with each order despatched.

Giant Large Flowered—Mixed colours.

1/3 each; 13/6 doz.

Separate Colours—Rose-pink, salmon, light red, dark red, and white.

1/6 each; 16/- doz.

Growing Bulblets (in leaf)—From September onwards we offer these in mixed colours, many of which will flower the first season.

9d. each; 7/6 doz.

CYRTANTHUS

(Ifafa Lily)

Plant March to July. Post Free.

Hardy bulbs flowering in spring and summer; may be grown in the open ground or as pot plants, placing 3 or more bulbs to each pot. Any good garden soil is suitable. It is advisable to leave the bulbs undisturbed for a few years.

Carmine Red, Apricot, Yellow, Pink, and White. 1/6 each; 16/- doz.

DAFFODILS

(Narcissus)

Plant February to May. Postage extra (except Special Offers).

Daffodils and other Narcissus form an extensive and varied group, but for convenience we are arranging the varieties in the simplest classification. Although best in cool districts, they may be grown almost anywhere, either in the open, in pots, or in fibre in bowls. Plant 3 to 4 inches deep. The term perianth used in descriptions refers to the six petals surrounding the trumpet or cup. Complete list on application.

Special POST FREE OFFERS.

For those who do not wish to choose their own varieties, we make up Special Collections at 5/-, 10/- and 20/-. These contain extra good value and include a fine assortment of varieties.

MIXED DAFFODILS:

Yates' Choice Mixed Trumpets and Short Cupped, 2/- doz. Post Free. Special Choice Trumpet Mixture of all Trumpet varieties, finest quality containing bicolors and self colours. 5d. each; 4/6 doz; 30/- 100. Post Free.

Mixed Trumpet Varieties, 3/- doz.; 21/- per 100. Post Free.

Mixed, All Classes, 1/6 doz.; 10/- per 100; 80/- per 1000. Post Free.

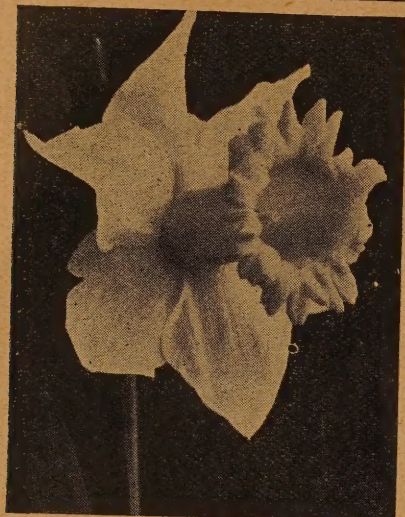
TRUMPET DAFFODILS.

Cleopatra—A fine deep yellow trumpet, broad golden perianth.

1/- each; 10/- doz.

Emperor—Rich yellow trumpet, deep primrose perianth.

4d. each; 3/- doz.; 21/- 100.



DAFFODIL, LORD ROBERTS.

DAFFODILS (continued)—
Empress—Deep yellow trumpet, white perianth. 6d. each; 5/- doz.; 35/- 100
Golden Bell—Large yellow self. 4d. each; 3/6 doz.

Golden City—One of the most outstanding and beautiful trumpet Daffodils. Very large trumpet and perianth, both of rich golden yellow. 3/- each

King Alfred—An old favourite. Rich golden yellow self, large open trumpet. 6d. each; 5/6 doz.

Lord Roberts—Very large golden yellow self. Has won many championships at exhibitions. 1/- each; 10/- doz.

Mrs. E. H. Krelage—Fine white trumpet. 1/- each; 10/- doz.

Weardale Perfection—Bicolour. Primrose trumpet, large white perianth. 1/6 each; 16/- doz.

MEDIUM AND SHORT CUPPED VARIETIES.

This division includes the Incomparabilis type and its sub-sections Leeds and Barri; also the Poeticus or Pheasant's Eye Daffodils.

Bath's Flame (Barri)—Deep yellow cup, edged orange red. 6d. each; 5/- doz.

Bernardino (Incomp.)—Cream perianth, beautifully frilled pale yellow cup edged orange and apricot. 6d. each; 5/- doz.

Conspicuous (Barri)—Primrose perianth, orange cup. 3d. each; 2/6 doz.; 15/- 100

Gloria Mundi (Incomp.)—Yellow perianth, orange scarlet cup. 6d. each; 5/- doz.

Horace (Poeticus)—Pure white perianth, with distinctive pheasant's eye, centre of yellow margined red. 4d. each; 3/- doz.

Lord Kitchener (Leeds)—A beautiful flower, white perianth, pale primrose cup. 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

Queen of the North (Leeds)—Large white perianth, pale yellow cup. Excellent show variety. 4d. each; 3/- doz.

Sir Watkin (Incomp.)—Sulphur perianth, orange yellow cup. 4d. each; 3/- doz.; 21/- 100

Warflame (Incomp.)—Creamy white perianth, bell-shaped cup of fiery red. 1/- each

POLYANTHUS NARCISSUS.

(Jonquils.)

Bunch flowered varieties and hybrids. The following varieties are bunch

DAFFODILS (continued)—
flowered. All are highly fragrant.
Campanelle—Single yellow. 2d. each; 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100; 80/- 1000
Grand Monarque (Polyanthus) — Bunch flowered, large blooms, white with primrose cup. 4d. each; 3/- doz.

Paper White (Polyanthus) — Pure white, early. 9d. doz.; 5/- 100

Soleil D'or (Polyanthus)—Rich golden yellow, orange cup. 2d. each; 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100; 80/- 1000

DIERAMA

See Sparaxis Pulcherrima.

DIETES

See Moraea.

FREESIAS

Plant February to May. Post Free. Fragrant spring flowering bulbs suitable for borders, rockeries, for growing naturally on grassed land, or for pot culture. Freesias may also be grown in bowls in prepared bulb fibre. Plant 2 inches deep.

Blue Jay—A beautiful blue. 1/- each; 10/- doz.

Dee Why—Bronze. 1/- each; 10/- doz. Duke of York—Large purple. 6d. each; 5/- doz.

Fairy—Pale mauve. 6d. each; 5/- doz. King of the Yellows—Deep yellow. 1/- each; 10/- doz.

Refracta Alba—White. 9d. doz.; 5/- 100 Rosy Gem—Rose pink. 1/- each; 10/- doz.

Complete list of named varieties on application.

Yates' New Hybrids, Mixed—A fine mixture of pleasing shades. 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100; 80/- 1000.

GLADIOLI

(See page 33)

GLORIOSA SUPERBA (Climbing Lily)

Plant July to October. Post Free. Pretty semi-climbing plants for a warm, sheltered position, bearing curious orchid-like blooms of orange, scarlet and yellow. Plant with top of tuber one inch below surface. Tubers, 1/6 each

GLOXINIAS

Plant August to November. Post Free. Plant in well-drained pots, with the bulb level with the surface, using a compost of one half loam and the balance of equal parts of sand, leaf mould and old manure. In cool localities we recommend growing in the glass-house or a well-lighted room against the window. In warm districts they will succeed in the bush-house or verandah if protected from strong wind and sunlight. Mixed Colours only. 1/3 ea., 13/6 doz

HEMEROCALLIS

(Day Lily)

Plant April to August. Postage extra. Hardy spring and summer flowering bulbs, producing lily-like flowers, mostly yellow, excellent for the garden, also useful as cut flowers, though not lasting more than a day or two in water.

Ajax—Orange.
Apricot—Lemon yellow.
Aurantiaca Major — Orange yellow, large.
Luteola—Bronze yellow.

All above: 1/- each; 11/- doz.

HIPPEASTRUMS

Plant January to April. Postage extra (about 1/- each).

These stately bulbous plants make ideal subjects for pots or barrels. They thrive best in heavy, rich soil; the colours range from white streaked with red to deepest crimson. The blooms are immense, trumpet-shaped, produced on rigid spikes 2 to 3 feet high. Plant with the neck of the bulb just shown above the surface. Prices for Separate Colours: From 4/- each; 45/- dozen. Mixed Colours. 2/6 each; 27/- doz

HYACINTHS

Plant February to April. Post Free.

Certainly one of the most beautiful flowering bulbs in cultivation. They succeed to perfection in cool districts, but can be grown even in warm climates in a sheltered situation in an easterly aspect, protected from the westerly winds. Hyacinths may also be grown in our specially prepared fibre in pots or bowls for indoor decoration. When planting in the open ground, place the bulb 3 to 4 inches below the surface, bedded in a little sand for preference with well-rotted cow manure worked in.

Singles, Separate Colours—White, red, light and dark blue, pink or creamy yellow. 1/- ea.; 11/- doz.; 80/- 100

Doubles, Separate Colours—White, red, light and dark blue, pink and creamy yellow. 1/3 each; 13/6 doz.

Mixed—Mixed colours for bedding and massing. 10d. each; 9/- doz.; 63/- 100

Roman Hyacinths—White, fragrant, early flowering. 6d. each; 5/- doz.

Blue. 6d. each; 5/- d z.; 37/6 100 Blue and White, mixed.

6d. each; 5/- doz.; 37/6 100

HYACINTHUS

CANDICANS

(Summer Flowering Hyacinths)

Plant April to June. Post Free. A hardy bulb producing tall spikes 2 to 3 feet in length, each carrying 20 or more fragrant, pure white bell-shaped flowers. Plant 4 inches deep. 1/- each; 11/- doz.



SINGLE HYACINTH.

Among the flowers that bloom in the Spring are Yates' New Hybrid Freesias.

GLADIOLI (Large Flowered)

Plant June to December. Postage Extra.

The selected Gladioli listed are of outstanding merit. In addition, we have many others, and will be pleased, if requested, to post our complete list of over 120 varieties. Cultural Notes will be included with each order despatched. The dozen and hundred rates will apply as follows:

	Per Dozen.	Per 100.		Per Dozen.	Per 100.
Varieties priced at 6d. each	5/-	35/-	Varieties priced at 1/6 each	15/-	105/-
9d. each	7/6	52/6	2/- each	20/-	140/-
1/- each	10/-	70/-	2/6 each	25/-	175/-

Six or more charged at above dozen rates; 50 or more at 100 rates.

APPROXIMATE POSTAGE RATES.—Within N.S.W., 2d. each; 6d. for 6 bulbs; 1/- for 12 bulbs; 2/- for 50 bulbs. Interstate: 2d. each; 6d. for 6 bulbs; 1/6 for 12 bulbs; 3/6 for 50 bulbs.

SPECIAL CARRIAGE-FREE OFFERS

SPECIAL OFFER.

12 Varieties, named assorted (our selection), 7/6. Carriage Free.

SPECIAL OFFER.

12 Extra Choice Varieties (Our selection), 12/6. Carriage Free.

GLADIOLI MIXED

We offer a mixture of unnamed Bulbs at the following reduced prices:—

2/6 per dozen; 17/6 per 100.
Carriage extra.

GENERAL LIST

WHITE AND CREAM.

- Euides**—Ivory white, centre cream; lightly flushed lilac pink. Splendid exhibition variety, with about 10 flowers. 1/6.
- Maid of Orleans**—Milky white with soft cream shading in centre. Six to eight flowers. 6d.
- Mrs. Anna Pfitzer**—Creamy white. Centre greenish tinge. Fine exhibition variety. Twelve large, ruffled blooms. 1/-.
- Mrs. G. G. Errey**—Creamy white, with deeper cream centre, occasionally flushed pale pink. Eleven or twelve blooms open at once. Champion bloom R.H.S. Show, Sydney, 1937. 5/- each.

PINK AND SALMON.

- Betty Nuthall**—Long, graceful spikes of glowing orange-pink with primrose yellow throat markings. 6d.
- Centenary Triumph**—Large, well-formed flowers of salmon overlaid lavender grey in throat. Fine exhibition variety. 1/6.
- Corangamite**—Bright coral rose, with faint buff and yellow shadings in throat. Tall, strong spikes of ten or more blooms; popular for exhibition. 1/-.
- Esme Desailly**—Salmon pink, lower petals cream with carmine lines and shading. Exhibition. 1/-.
- Lisbeth**—Pale flesh pink, flecked salmon with orange buff throat, lined crimson. Ten large florets. 1/-.
- Miss New Zealand**—Salmon apricot suffused rose, with peach coloured blotch. Exhibition. 1/-.
- Mrs. Leon Douglas**—Tall spikes of salmon rose blooms, striped flame and scarlet, centre pale lemon, speckled with ruby. 6d.

PINK AND SALMON (continued)—
Picardy—Large, frilled flowers of light salmon apricot with deeper throat, produced on spikes with eight to ten open blooms. Exhibition. 6d.

Rose Dawn—Large, beautifully waved flowers of glowing old rose, with deeper shade of rose in centre. One of the best all-round varieties for both decorative purposes and exhibition. 2/6.

W. H. Phipps—Soft pink, overlaid light rose salmon, with cream linings. 12 or more blooms. Exhibition. 1/-.

BLUE AND MAUVE.

Ave Maria—Delicate shade of light blue. A beautiful variety. Distinctive colouring. 1/-.

Mother Machree—Grey lavender, overlaid towards edges with salmon. Eight flowers. 1/-.

Pelegrina—Deep violet blue, two

BLUE AND MAUVE (continued)—
lower petals somewhat darker. Six to eight flowers. 1/-.

Purple Glory—Large, ruffled flowers nearer maroon than purple, with darker centre and shading. 6d.

Takina—Immense flowers of rosy purple, sometimes flaked a darker shade. Six or seven blooms. 1/-.

YELLOW, ORANGE AND COPPER SHADES.

Apricot Glow—Clear apricot. Excellent decorative. 6d.

Autumn Glory—Delightful mixture of autumn tints. Excellent exhibition and decorative spikes, with ten or more large flowers. 1/-.

Canberra—Beautifully waved flowers of a pure, intense yellow. Ten or more blooms. Exhibition. 1/-.

Emile Aubrun—Rich coppery bronze, with a cherry coloured blotch. Up to ten large flowers. Exhibition. 1/-.

Gate of Heaven—Rich, pure yellow flowers, large and beautifully ruffled. 1/-.

Golden Goddess—A beautiful golden yellow, ten or more blooms. Recommended. 1/6.

Mrs. S. A. Errey—Giant, open flowers of brilliant orange with orange-crimson shadings in throat. Exhibition. 1/-.

RED SHADES.

Bill Sowden—Vivid crimson scarlet, sometimes flecked a darker shade. 1/-.

Black Opal—Rich, marbled dark crimson, perfectly formed flowers. Ten or eleven blooms. One of the very best. 2/6.

Commander Koehl—Clear blood red. Tall spike, about seven florets. One of the finest. 1/-.

Crimson Glow—Crimson-scarlet. One of the best decoratives. 6d.

Our Selection—A nice salmon-red, offset by a deeper colour. 1/-.

Red Lory—Orange-crimson, shading to bright orange on edges of petals. Lower portion of flower is bright purplish-carmine. Exhibition. 1/-.

Rewi Fallu—Large, deep blood-red flowers, eight or more open at once. 2/-.

GLADIOLI NANUS

(Dwarf or Miniature Gladioli)

Plant February to June. Post Free. Excellent spring flowering bulbs, very useful as cut flowers. Plant 3 to 4 inches deep.

Colvillei Alba (The Bride)—Pure white.

Insignis—Scarlet with blue stripe.

Ne Plus Ultra (Victoria)—Large red, white stripes.

Peach Blossom—A fine pink.

Rosy Gem—Blush pink, dark markings. All above: 4d. each; 3/6 doz.



GLADIOLI, PICARDY.

IRIS

Most Iris, especially the Flag type, like a sunny position in well-drained soil, and if poor, a dressing of very old decayed cow manure or bonedust may be dug in, and lime is relished by all classes of Iris with the exception of the Japanese types, which, strange to say, dislike lime in any shape or form. In fact, it is positively harmful to them. All postage extra unless stated otherwise.

BEARDED FLAG IRIS.

Plant January to August. Postage extra.

This class is undoubtedly the most popular and widely grown. Being extremely hardy, they will thrive almost anywhere.

Named varieties available in shades of mauve, blue, yellow, purple and bronze, also white. 1/- each; 11/- dozen. Postage extra. Complete list on application.

Special Offer—12 varieties, our selection, for 11/6 Post Free.

BEARDED FLAG IRIS.

EXTRA CHOICE VARIETIES.

This section includes shades of pink, yellow, blue, mauve, and bronze. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen. Postage extra. Complete list on application.

Special Offer—12 extra choice varieties, our selection, for 16/6 Post Free.

JAPANESE IRIS (Iris Kaempferi)

Plant April to September. Postage extra.

The Japanese Iris thrive in moist situations, and are particularly suitable for planting on banks of streams or ponds, and they are excellent subjects for fish ponds, and make a charming effect when planted in large pots, which may be submerged up to the rim in the water. The flowers are immense and are available in a wonderful variety.

We offer Double and Single varieties in shades of mauve, blue, yellow, purple, and bronze, also white. List on application. Singles; Price, 1/- ea.; 11/- doz. Doubles: Price, 1/6 each; 16/- dozen.

Special Offer—6 Double and 6 Single Japanese Iris, our selection, for 14/- Post Paid.



IRIS SUSIANA.

IRIS (continued)—

SPANISH IRIS.

Plant February to May. Post Free. Specially useful as cut flowers. Easily grown in any well-drained garden soil.

Hercules—Deep bronze.

King of the Blues.

King of the Yellows.

L'Innocence—Pure white.

Non Plus Ultra—Dark blue.

Named sorts: 4d. each; 3/6 doz.; 22/6 100.

Mixed Colours—In great variety.

3d. each; 2/6 dozen; 17/6 100

DUTCH IRIS.

Plant February to May. Post Free.

Similar to Spanish Iris, but flowering earlier in the spring. Specially recommended for cut flowers, the blooms being larger than the Spanish type.

Excelsior—Pure white.

Frans Hals—Standard pearl blue, falls pale primrose.

Imperator—Royal blue, blotched with gold; early.

Poggenbeck—Deep blue, large.

Wedgewood—Early flowers, soft blue.

Yellow Queen—Bright deep golden yellow; best yellow.

Price, 4d. each; 3/6 doz.; 22/6 100.

Mixed Colours. 2/6 doz.; 17/6 100

IRIS OCHROLEUCA (Gigantea).

Plant March to July. Postage extra.

Ivory white and yellow blooms, plants of tall habit. 1/3 each; 13/6 doz.

IRIS PAVONIA (Peacock Iris).

Plant April to June. Post Free.

Pale heliotrope blooms, blue blotch on each petal. 3d. each; 2/6 doz.

IRIS SIBIRICA.

Plant February to April. Postage extra.

Blue King—A beautiful deep blue.

1/- each; 11/- doz.

IRIS STYLOSA.

Plant January to August. Postage extra.

Early flowering, commencing to bloom in May. Lavender, blue, or white. 1/- each; 11/- doz.

IRIS SUSIANA (The Mourning Iris).

Plant May to June. Postage extra.

The large blooms are pale grey, finely netted with very dark brown. Plant in a sunny position in any light, well-drained soil. 3/- each

IRIS TINGITANA.

Plant February to April. Post Free. Resembles a large blue Spanish Iris.

Spring flowering. 4d. each; 3/6 doz.; 22/6 100

IRIS TUBEROSA (Snake's Head Iris).

Plant February to April. Postage extra.

Blooms of olive green with dark velvety purple falls. 1/- each; 11/- doz.

IXIAS

Plant February to May. Post Free.

Thrive in a well-drained soil in a sunny situation. The colours range from white through the various shades of yellow, rose, and crimson. Plant 2 inches deep. Complete list on application.

Crateroides—Scarlet. 2d. each; 1/3 doz.

Longiflora (same as Morphixia)—Tall spikes of flowers up to three feet high, of a light salmon pink colour.

Price, 2d. each; 1/3 doz.; 8/- 100



SCARLET
IXIA (CRATEROIDES)

IXIAS (continued)—

Finest Rainbow Mixture—All colours, including the best sorts.

1/- doz.; 7/6 100; 70/- 1000

Ixia Viridiflora (The Gorgeous Green Ixia). 6d. each; 5/- doz.; 22/6 100

JONQUILS

See Narcissus (Polyanthus).

KNIPHOFIA

(Tritoma)

(Torch Lily or Red Hot Poker)

Plant April to August. Postage extra. Extremely hardy, and produces cones of brightly coloured bell-shaped flowers on long thick stems. Useful as cut flowers, or for garden display. All are spring and early summer flowering. Complete list on application.

Baby Joy—Orange scarlet; dwarf.

Beauty—Coral pink; tall.

Corallina—Coral red; one of the best showy varieties.

Ensifolia—Golden yellow; autumn flowering; tall.

Grandiflora—Giant flowering; red and yellow; tall.

Sandersi—Dark red and pale yellow; tall.

Star of Baden—Large bronze yellow; tall.

All 1/- each; 11/- doz.

Special Offer—1 root each of 12 varieties, our selection. 11/6 Post Free.

LACHENALIA

(Cape Cowslip)

Plant February to May. Post Free.

Flower in late winter. Specially suited for borders, pot culture in soil or fibre, window boxes or hanging baskets.

Aurea—Yellow.

4d. each; 3/- doz.; 21/- 100

Tricolor—Red, yellow and green.

4d. each; 3/- doz.; 21/- 100

LEUCOCORYNE

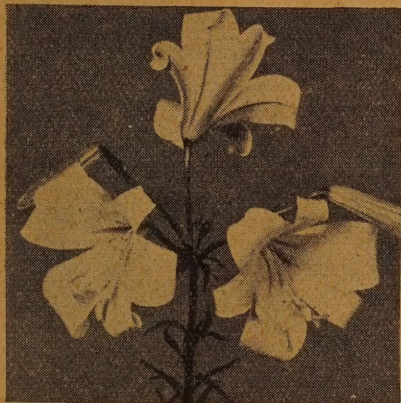
IXIODES ODORATA

(Glory of the Sun)

Plant February to May. Post Free.

Beautiful bulbous plants producing on long stems umbels of 3 to 4 blooms, about 1½ inches across, of a delicate lavender shade with white centres, and sweetly scented. The cut flowers will last for days in water.

1/6 each; 16/- doz.



LILIUM REGALE.

LILIUM

Plant May to August (unless stated otherwise). Postage extra.

For the cultivation of Lilies, a deep, rich well-drained soil is best, and care should be taken to keep lime away from them. They should be left undisturbed for a few years. Plant about 6 inches below the surface, with a little sand, if possible, round the bulb.

Auratum—Golden Rayed Lily of Japan; enormous white blooms heavily banded with gold and spotted. 4/- each

Candidum (Madonna Lily)—Pure white, sweetly scented, early summer flowering. Plant January to April. 1/- each; 11/- doz.

Croceum—A hardy dwarf variety; large heads of cup-shaped orange scarlet blooms, beautifully spotted. 2/- each; 22/- doz.

Henryi—Hardy. Orange yellow, heavily spotted. 1/6 each; 16/- doz.

Longiflorum (November Lily)—Pure white blooms, sweetly scented. Plant February to March. 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

Pardalinum (Leopard Lily)—Orange red, spotted brown. 1/- ea. 11/- doz.

Regale—White trumpet blooms, yellow throat, shaded wine colour on outside of petals. A hardy Lily carrying two or three large blooms on tall stems two or three feet long. 1/6 each; 16/- doz.

Sulphureum—Large funnel blooms, pale yellow deepening at throat, outside tinged claret red. 3/- each

Sulphur Gale—A cross between Sulphureum and Regale. 2/- each; 22/- doz.

Speciosum Album (White Tiger Lily)—Pure white flowers, sweetly scented. 2/6 each; 27/6 doz.

Speciosum Rubrum (Pink Tiger Lily)—Delicate rose pink, dark spots. 1/6 each; 16/- doz.

Tigrinum (Tiger Lily)—Single. Rich orange spotted black. 1/- each; 11/- doz.

Tigrinum (Tiger Lily)—Double. Same as above, only double. 1/- each; 11/- doz.

LILY OF THE VALLEY

Plant May to July. Post Free.

Thrives best in cool moist climates, but may be grown successfully in warmer districts if given a southerly aspect. Plant the crowns half an inch below the surface, enrich the soil

LILY OF THE VALLEY (continued)
with well-rotted dairy manure, and water freely.

4d. each; 3/6 doz.; 25/- 100

MONTBRETIAS

Plant March to August. Post Free. Hardy flowering bulbs, specially suitable as cut flowers. Large flowering. Named varieties available in shades of pink, yellow, orange and scarlet. List on application. Plant 2 inches deep. Prices: 1/- each; 11/- doz. We can also supply many of the older standard Named varieties at 6d. each; 5/- doz. Or mixed Unnamed at 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100.

MORAEA

(Dietses)

Plant all seasons. Postage extra. Sometimes known as Butterfly Iris. Free flowering.

Bicolor—Pale sulphur yellow with dark velvety brown spots. 1/- each; 11/- doz.

Irioides—Lilac shade. 1/- each; 11/- doz.

Robinsoniana (Lord Howe Wedding Iris)—Pure white, large. 1/6 each; 16/- doz.

MORPHIXIA

(Buff Ixia)

See Ixia Longiflora.

MUSCARI

(Grape Hyacinth)

Plant February to May. Post Free. Suitable for borders or pot culture. Plant in light soil in a sunny position about 2 inches deep.

Botryoides—Deep sky blue. 2d. each; 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100

Conicum—Bright sky blue. 2d. each; 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100

Monstrosus—Purplish lilac, distinct. 6d. each; 5/- doz.

NERINES

Plant December to April. Postage extra.

Plant with the tip of the bulb level with the surface of the soil. Suitable for sunny situations.

Aurea—Golden yellow. 2/6 each

Bowdeni—Large flowering on long stems. Pink blossoms. 2/- each

Filifolia—Hardy, dwarf growing, with bright red flowers. Fine hairy foliage. 1/- each

Fothergilli—Scarlet, spangled with gold. 2/- each.

Japonica (Red Spider Lily). 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

Japonica Alba—Pure white. 1/6 each

ORNITHOGALUM

Plant February to June. Postage extra.

Hardy bulbs; flowers borne in clusters. Last well when cut.

Arabicum—White with black eye. 3d. each; 2/6 doz.

Chincherinchee—The beautiful South African white variety. 6d. each; 5/- doz.

Thrysoides Album—A choice white variety. 1/- each; 11/- doz.

PAEONIES

Plant June-July. Postage extra.

Beautiful herbaceous plants which thrive in a cool moist climate. List of varieties on application.

Prices: 3/- each; 33/- doz.

PANCRATIUM

(Hymenocallis)

Plant April to July. Postage extra.

Fragrant flowering bulbs.

Calathina (Sea Daffodil)—Pure white. 1/6 each

Littoralis—Tall, pure white. 1/6 each

Sulphur Queen—Yellow. 4/- each

POLYGONATUM

(Solomon's Seal)

Plant April to July. Post Free.

Requires a semi-shaded position. The small, bell-shaped flowers are white tipped with green and hang gracefully in groups along the 18in. stems. 1/- each; 11/- doz.

RANUNCULUS

Plant February to June. Post Free.

Attractive early spring flowering bulbs, specially suitable for massing in beds or borders. The flowers are also useful for indoor decoration. Plant the bulbs 6 inches apart, with the claws downward, covering with 1in. of soil. Most colours except blue are represented, some flowers being single, others semi-double or double.

Yates' Superb Mixed—Specially selected for their rich colouring. A wonderful strain for cutting. 1/- doz.; 7/6 100; 60/- 1000

Claremont Super Hybrids, No. 5—Containing the delightful tango, scarlet, crimson, and flaked varieties. 2/- doz.; 14/- 100

Golden Glory—Selected from the most brilliant yellow shades. 2/- doz.; 14/- 100

Huntsman—Comprised of all the richest red shades. 2/- doz.; 14/- 100

Sunset—Selected from rich autumn shades. 2/- doz.; 14/- 100

Bonnie Lassie—Composed solely of fascinating pink shades. 2/- doz.; 14/- 100

Claremont Super Hybrids, No. 9—Selected for their enormous size and beautiful colours. 2/- doz.; 14/- 100

SCHIZOSTYLIS

(Kaffir Lily)

Plant April to August. Postage extra.

Gladioli-like; flowers during summer and autumn. Excellent for cutting.

Coccinea—Scarlet. 1/- each; 11/- doz.

Mrs. Hegarty—Pink. 1/- ea.; 11/- doz.



LILY OF THE VALLEY.



TIGRIDIA PAVONIA.

SCILLAS

(Blue Bells or Wood Hyacinths)

Plant January to June. Post Free. Suitable for growing under the shade of trees and shrubs.

Campanulata—Blue. 4d. each; 3/- doz.
Campanulata—White. 4d. ea.; 3/- doz.
Rosea—Pink. 6d. each; 5/- doz.

SNOWFLAKES

(Leucojum)

Plant February to May. Postage extra.

Often known as Snowdrops, these dainty bell-shaped flowers are pure white with a spot of green on the outside of each petal.

Aestivum. 1/- doz.; 7/6 100
Giant Snowflakes—Large bells, otherwise same as above.
3d. each; 2/- doz.; 12/6 100

SPARAXIS

Plant February to May. Post Free.

Resembling Freesias in habit, useful for borders or for growing naturally on grassed banks. Plant one to two inches deep.

Tricolor Type—Mixed colours.
1/- doz.; 7/6 100

SPARAXIS

(Dierama)

Plant May to August. Postage extra. Quite different from Sparaxis Tricolor, growing to about 3 feet, the bell-shaped flowers being produced on long pendulous branches. Plant 3 to 4 inches deep.

Pulcherrima (Fairy Bells)—Rose pink.
9d. each; 7/6 doz.

SPREKELIA

FORMOSISSIMA

(Jacobean Lily)

Plant April to November. Postage extra.

A hardy bulbous plant bearing large orchid-like blooms of deep crimson. Prefer a sunny situation.

1/6 each; 16/- doz.

STERNBERGIA

(Autumn Crocus)

Plant about November. Postage extra. Bear golden yellow crocus-like

STERNBERGIA (continued)—

blooms in the autumn. Plant 3 to 4 inches deep.
Lutea. 6d. each; 5/- doz.

STREPTANTHERA

Plant February to May. Post Free.

Cuprea—Cup-shaped blooms of bright tangerine, with dark purplish brown markings. Very hardy but likes an open situation and deep soil.

3d. each; 2/6 doz.

TIGRIDIA

(Tiger Flower)

Plant June to September. Post Free.

Gorgeously coloured Iris-like flowers; a hardy bulb, but needs a sunny situation. Plant 3 inches deep.

Lutea—Yellow, dark centre markings.

Pavonia (True Tiger Flower)—Rich orange-scarlet, centre yellow, heavily spotted purple. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.

TRITELEIA

(Star Violets)

Plant January to June. Post Free.

Suitable for growing in clumps or borders, or beneath trees or shrubs. Plant 1½ to 2 inches deep. Spring flowering.

Uniflora—Pale lilac blue.
3d. each; 2/- doz.; 12/6 100

TRITONIA

Plant February to May. Post Free.

Hardy spring flowering; require a sunny aspect. Tritonias resemble miniature gladioli. Plant 2 ins. deep. Shades of orange, red and pink.

1/6 doz.; 10/- 100
Also Mixed Colours. 1/3 doz.; 9/- 100

TUBEROSE

Plant May to August. Postage extra.

Probably the most richly fragrant of all flowering bulbs. The large heads of bloom are carried on spikes 2 to 3 feet long. Plant with the top of the bulb showing above the surface.

Single and Double—Pure white.
6d. each; 5/6 doz.

TULBAGHIA

Plant April to August. Postage extra.

Low-growing plant with lavender flowers borne in bunches, useful for cutting. Plant with tuber portion one inch below surface.

Violacea—Lavender. 1/- ea.; 11/- doz.

TULIPS

(Darwin)

Plant February to May. Post Free. In the cool districts, and especially on the highlands, these beautiful old-world favourites bloom to perfection, and even in climates similar to that of Sydney, if planted in cool semi-shaded positions, may produce fair blooms. They will thrive in any well-drained garden soil, but the colouring will be greatly improved if a liberal amount of old, well-decayed manure is placed say 4 to 5 inches below the bulbs, which should be planted about 3 or 4 inches deep.

We offer the choicest varieties. List on application.

9d. each; 7/6 doz.; 55/- 100

Mixed Darwin Tulips, unnamed.
6/- doz.; 45/- per 100

TULIPS (continued)—

COTTAGE TULIPS

Post Free.

Mostly long or egg-shaped blooms, nicely pointed. List on application.

Prices: 9d. each; 7/6 doz.; 55/- 100
Mixed Cottage Tulips, unnamed.
6/- doz.; 45/- 100

VALLOTA PURPUREA

(Scarborough Lily)

Plant all seasons. Postage extra.

With their brilliant, scarlet, trumpet-shaped flowers they make pretty subjects for pot or barrel culture in sunny positions. 1/- each; 11/- doz.

WATSONIAS

Plant February to June. Postage extra.

Similar in growth and appearance to Gladioli, will thrive almost anywhere and are excellent for planting in places where the garden cannot receive much attention. Plant about 4 inches deep.

Coccinea—Orange-red; a choice winter flowering variety.

4d. each; 3/6 doz.

Holloway's Giant White—Very tall and large.

Lady Fawkes—Beautiful salmon red.
9d. each; 7/6 doz.

Mauveen—A large deep mauve; tall growing.

Narrabeen—A very fine variety of deep salmon shade.

Rose Holloway—New large delicate pink.

Complete list on application. All above: 6d. each; 5/- doz., unless stated otherwise.

Mixed Colours.
4d. each; 3/6 doz.; 25/- 100

Special Offer—12 Named varieties, assorted, our selection, for 5/6 Post Paid.

ZEPHYRANTHES

Plant May to August. Post Free.

Beautiful bulbous plants, bearing crocus-like flowers in the autumn. Suitable for borders.

Candida—White.
2d. each; 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100

Carinata—Large bright pink.
1/6 each; 16/- doz.



DARWIN TULIPS

That Setting for Your Garden—

AN EVERGREEN LAWN



YATES' RECOMMENDATIONS OF MIXTURES AND VARIETIES

No feature of the Home Garden affects the appearance and the success, or otherwise, of the general lay-out than the Lawns. They are an essential background to set off the real beauty of ornamental shrubs and trees and the flower garden beds. Not only must the design of the Lawns be carefully considered, but the quality of the turf is of paramount importance.

Some people depend on what they consider easily grown and maintained coarser grasses such as Buffalo. It is very doubtful, however, whether such are much more easily kept up than the decidedly more effective finer leaved turf with the velvet-like surface obtainable by sowing Yates' high-grade Lawn Grass Mixtures.

Provided a good dependable water supply is available, it is really not difficult to maintain in first-class condition a high-grade fine leaved turf. The expenditure of a little time and thought in soil preparation and lay-out is necessary. To assist those desirous of obtaining a velvety surfaced Lawn of the most effective soft green colour with pleasing fine leaved turf, Yates' have prepared a leaflet on Lawn-Making and Maintenance. Write for a copy and for our advice, giving us a few brief particulars of the class of soil, climate, water available, etc. We will do our utmost to help you, and, of course, make no charge for such service.

Hereunder we briefly set out the Lawn Grass mixtures we stock as well as individual varieties of Lawn Grasses. We strongly recommend all Home Gardeners who have reasonable facilities in climate, water supply, etc., to use the finer leaved turf grasses such as the New Zealand Bent, Chewings Fescue, Kentucky Blue Grass and Couch (where necessary), and here let us stress that Yates' Evergreen No. 1 mixture (varied as necessary to suit particular conditions) contains these sorts in proper proportions. There are cases, however, where a cheaper mixture is required to sow larger areas such as Drying Grounds, Playgrounds, Parks, etc. It is not possible with these larger areas to give the same care in watering and upkeep as is required for the higher grade Lawns. For such purposes we recommend such sorts as Perennial Rye Grass, Government Certified, and also Italian Rye Grass for freshening up and renewing, as well as Couch and other sorts. Yates' "Grow Quick" mixture is really good for such purposes, and it is not costly.

For finest turfed Lawns about 1oz. of seed per square yard should be sown. This equals 6lbs. per 100 square yards. For Playgrounds, Parks, etc., where the cheaper grass seed mixture is used, we recommend that seed be sown at the rate of 80lbs. (4 bushels) per acre.

SPECIAL MIXTURES OF LAWN GRASS SEEDS

FOR PRICES SEE YATES' CURRENT PRICE LIST,
AVAILABLE ON APPLICATION.

To obtain the best results, it will help us if, when ordering, clients give us brief particulars regarding the type of soil, climate and facilities for watering, so that we can

vary the mixture a little as required.

Yates' Evergreen No. 1 Mixture—Consists of the finest dwarf growing sorts for producing the highest grade evergreen turf. Pkt., 1/-.

Yates' "Grow Quick" Mixture—A low-priced mixture of hardy quick-growing grasses, especially suitable where large areas are to be sown, such as Playgrounds, Parks, etc.

Mixtures for Special Purposes—For such special purposes as the sowing of Golf Putting Greens, Fairways, Bowling Greens, Tennis Courts, Sports Ovals, etc., we will make up special mixtures on request if the necessary full particulars are given.

VARIETIES OF LAWN GRASSES

New Zealand Bent (Agrostis Tenuis) Govt. Certified—The best and most widely used of the Bent Grasses.

Couch Grass (Cynodon Dactylon)—Greatly favoured in the warmer climates. Goes brown in Winter; also available in roots.

Kentucky Blue Grass—Rather a slow grower—likes lime in the soil. Mostly used in mixtures.

Italian Rye Grass—Very quick grower. Mostly used for renewing surfaces during Autumn, especially in Playgrounds, Parks, and other large areas.

Chewings Fescue—Very fine leaved. Likes fairly cool conditions. Mostly used in mixture.

Perennial Rye Grass Govt. Certified—A very hardy fairly quick-growing and hard-wearing perennial grass for sowing Playing Fields and other large areas where the more expensive finer turf grasses are not required.

Buffalo Grass (Roots only)—A vigorous growing rather coarse grass, hardy in all warm districts, grows mainly in summer. Price: 2/- per 100; 17/6 per 1,000.

Kikuyu Grass (Roots only)—A very hardy somewhat coarse growing grass which succeeds in the more difficult inland districts where other sorts may fail. Grows very vigorously in the Summer mainly, and needs much cutting if moisture is plentiful. Prices: 1/- per doz.; 5/- per 100; 35/- per 1,000.

FOR PRICES OF GRASSES NOT QUOTED ABOVE, SEE
YATES' CURRENT PRICE LIST, AVAILABLE ON
APPLICATION.

TREE SEEDS For Breakwinds, Hedges, etc.

Most ornamental trees are purchased and planted in the form of Rooted Plants, and a full list is available (see this Catalogue). There are others, among which are the following, which can be easily raised from seed. State varieties required, and we will advise if available, and current prices. Pinus Insignis, Wattles, Casuarinas, Tagosaste, and Sugar Gums are some of the best for shelter, while the Eucalyptus make most excellent firewood and are also useful as timber. We can also recommend the Wattles, Casuarinas, Kurrajong, Pepper, and Flowering Gums for ornamental purposes.

Never more Valuable than now **YATES' SEED GROWING ACTIVITIES**



Brown Spanish Onion in Head.



Threshing Phenomenal Cauliflower Crop.



Derwent Globe Beet for Seed.



Yates' Drumhead Cabbage Seed Crop.



Selecting Queensland Blue Pumpkin.



Acres of N.Z. Garden Peas.

GENERAL LIST OF *Reliable* VEGETABLE SEEDS

NOTICE IN REFERENCE TO VARIETIES.—The following list of Vegetable Seeds is based on experience of Australasian conditions and gardening requirements extending over a period of over fifty years, and on field tests consistently carried on for well over a quarter of a century at our trial grounds. Modern varieties of Vegetables are in a great many cases selections and highly improved strains of older and inferior types, and considerable care is entailed in the growing of high-grade seeds to keep them up to present standard and to improve on them. We would point out, therefore, that under conditions of soil and season not altogether favourable, varieties may vary from the descriptions in these pages, especially as regards earliness or lateness of season, type and keeping quality. The descriptions are intended to serve as a guide only in the selection of sorts likely to prove most suitable for purposes required. Attention is drawn to Conditions of Sale and Non-Warranty on Page 1.

YATES' SPECIAL VALUE COLLECTIONS

PACKED IN AIR-TIGHT TINS.

No. 1.—Twelve packets of hardy Vegetable Seeds (our selection), no Peas or Beans included unless specially requested, and 3d. extra allowed for each packet for postage. A copy of Yates' Garden Calendar included **5/—**

No. 2.—For the average home garden this Collection is particularly suited. It contains 23 packets (including Peas and Beans) of well-assorted varieties, and is accompanied by a copy each of Yates' Garden Guide and Yates' Garden Calendar **10/—**

No. 3.—This collection is of specially good value, and contains seeds in sufficient quantity and variety to fill the requirements of a moderate-sized garden. If customers have any special conditions of soil or climate, please mention, and we will select varieties to suit. The Collection comprises 50 packets of a wide range of hardy varieties, also Yates' Garden Guide, Garden Calendar, and Tomato and Onion Booklets **20/—**

VEGETABLE PACKET PRICES

All standard packets of Yates' Vegetable Seeds are sold at 6d. per packet, as quoted herein (with the exception of a few novelties, etc.), and for good value and for ample sowings this is the packet we recommend.

For those with very small gardens who do not want the large, better-filled packets, we also make up smaller packets of all popular varieties at 3d.

ARTICHOKE (Globe)

A vegetable much esteemed on the Continent. The flower heads are the edible portion, the base of the scales being considered a great delicacy. Sow the seed in nursery beds in spring, transplant the following season into well-manured land, three feet apart.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/—; 1 oz., 4/—

ARTICHOKE (Jerusalem)

Entirely distinct from the Globe type, they are very similar to potatoes, and should be cultivated in the same manner. They are grown from tubers, which should be planted in the early spring. Available only in June, July and early August. See Yates' Current Price List for prices.

ASPARAGUS

Sow in spring in nursery beds, and when the plants are large enough, say in the following winter, transplant into richly prepared beds. These should be made by trenching the ground two feet deep and by richly manuring the land deeply with old stable manure and bone dust. Plant



ASPARAGUS.

ASPARAGUS (continued)—

in rows, fifteen inches apart. When the bed is two years old cut the strong and vigorous shoots, and these sparingly at first. An Asparagus bed properly prepared and regularly attended to should last for many years. For full cultural notes see Yates' "Garden Guide" (1/- post free.). Cultivation leaflet is also enclosed with each order for Asparagus Roots.

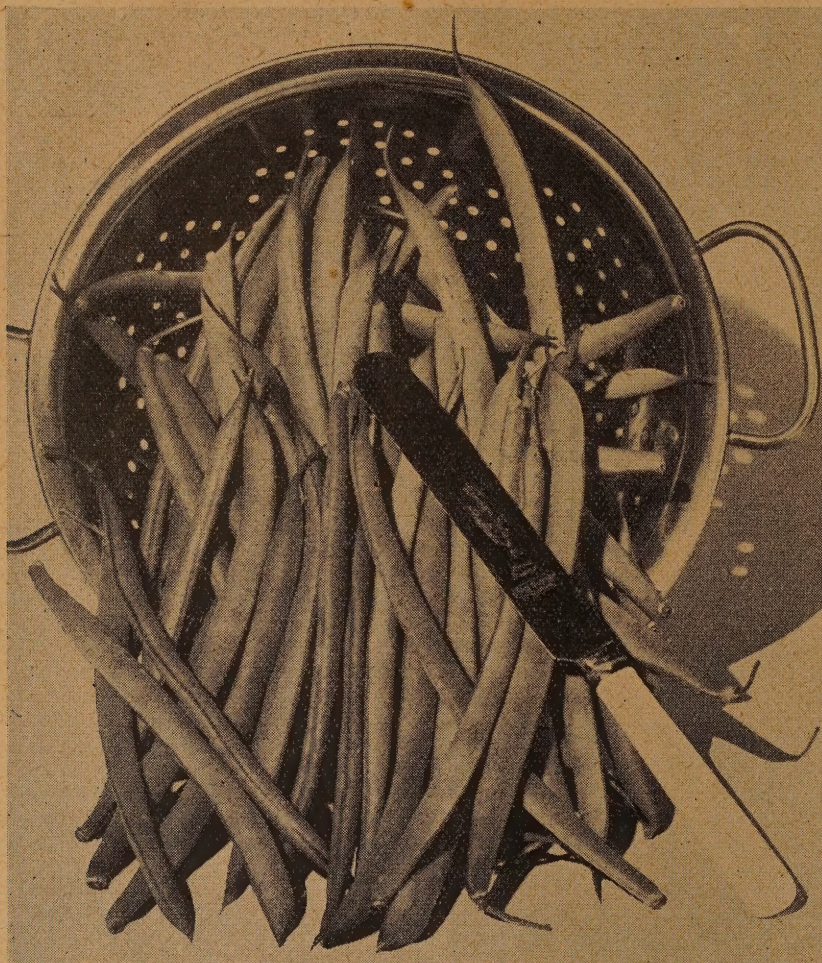
Mary Washington—In America this is considered a very superior variety and to be resistant, to a remarkable degree, to rust or blight. Strong, thick shoots, with deep green buds, and crops well into the hot weather. Seed only available.

Pkt., 6d.; 1 oz., 1/—; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 2/9

Connover's Colossal—An older well-known variety, good large heads. Roots only (June to Sept.), 1/6 for 12; 2/9 for 25; 10/6 for 100. Carriage extra.

VEGETABLE SEEDLINGS

The best advice we can offer is to purchase our reliable seed and raise the plants. When this is not possible, we will be pleased to supply seedlings procured from a reliable source. It is not to be understood that these seedlings are grown from Yates' Seed, nor can we undertake to supply in exactly the varieties listed and described in this Catalogue. Further, we do not accept any responsibility for their truthness to type or variety. As seedlings are highly perishable, we do not send them outside New South Wales, and intending purchasers should give full instructions to avoid delay in transit. Plants supplied at current prices. Carriage extra.



NEW DISCOVERY BEAN—ONE OF OUR FAVOURITE SORTS.

BEANS

CARRIAGE CHARGES: In all cases, postage or freight on Beans is charged extra; when ordering, please note that weight of packing must be allowed for. For example, if 3 lbs. nett is ordered, freight or postage will be the "not exceeding 4 lb." rate. Fourteen pound parcels can be sent per Goods Train, freight payable at destination except unattended sidings. Steamer freights must be prepaid. For rates see page 73.

BEANS FOR MARKET: A regular monthly price list of Agricultural Seeds and Market Garden crops is issued and will be sent on request to anyone interested in bulk quantities of Beans, or quotations can be obtained through your local storekeeper. Bulk quantities are sold in sealed and branded bags.

PRICES.

The pound prices quoted herein are those ruling at time of going to press and are based on the current bushel rates. Owing to the bad harvest, supplies are uncertain and, it is expected, will be short. All quotations are therefore subject to revision during the season.

DWARF FRENCH BEAN

Green Podded.

GARDEN CULTIVATION—French Beans should be planted in the spring after all danger of frosts is over, and from then on at intervals throughout the summer. In warm, sheltered districts, where winters are extremely mild, sowings may also be made in the late summer and early autumn months, but they will not stand frost. Dwarf growing varieties are usually planted in rows about 2 ft. apart, allowing 3-4 inches between the plants in the row. All beans like an open, sunny position, and good, free, open soil. Pods should be kept picked as they lose much of their tasty goodness if used when too old. Beans, generally, respond well to phosphatic manures such as Super-Phosphate or No. 5 Mixed Fertilizer.

Canadian Wonder, Yates' Selected—An excellent cropper. The Beans are usually very much larger than other dwarf sorts. As a "general purpose" bean it cannot be bettered. Undoubtedly the standard variety, and still by far the most popular Bean grown. Its only fault is its susceptibility to bacterial blight, to which, however, all varieties are liable, more or less. Our supplies are carefully selected from the cleanest crops available.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.); 2/- lb.

BEANS (continued)—

New Discovery (or Improved Feltham Prolific)—Also known as The Wonder and Wonderful. The earliest Bean in our list bearing profuse crops of medium-sized, shapely pods of beautiful colour and flavour, if picked at the right stage. Plant is of dwarf habit, and very hardy, being resistant to most diseases. One of the surest croppers in the list.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.); 2/- lb.

Brown Beauty—An extremely heavy yielder with long shapely pods, which is now attracting the attention of market gardeners. Matures earlier than Canadian Wonder, but as a rule would not give quite the same long time of cropping. The Beans themselves are of excellent flavour.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.); 2/6 lb.

Blue Wonder (or Purple King), (Blue Podded)—A dwarf Bean similar to Canadian Wonder, but both foliage and pods are of a purple tint, and it turns green when boiled. Appears hardy and resistant to all diseases; a good home garden sort.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.); 2/6 lb.

Emperor William—Broad pods, tender and good flavoured. Best suited for cool districts.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.); 2/- lb.

Tweed Wonder—A selection from Canadian Wonder made by the N.S.W. Dept. of Agriculture. Very similar to Canadian Wonder, except that the pods are a little shorter.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.); 2/6 lb.

Staley's Surprise—A very long slender podded variety, rather inclined to curl. A heavy cropper, and for home use, as well as for market, has considerable merit, particularly for autumn planting in Queensland.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.); 2/6 lb.

Haricot—Can be used as any other French Bean, or allowed to mature and be cooked in dry state.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.); 1/3 lb.

BUTTER OR WAX BEAN

Golden Podded

CULTIVATION—Treat just the same as Dwarf French Beans.

Startler (Dwarf)—Very heavy cropper; round, fleshy pods which are practically stringless and beautifully tender and well flavoured if not allowed to get too old. In our trials this is the best all-round Wax Bean.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.); 2/6 lb.

CLIMBING OR RUNNER BEAN

CULTIVATION—Sow same time as Dwarf French Beans but Climbing Beans require more room and are best grown in rows, 4-6 ft. apart, allowing the rows, if possible, to run north and south. Provide stakes, trellis, wire netting or other support as soon as the plants are 2-3 inches above the surface.

Yates' Epicure (Ever-bearing Stringless)—Every home gardener should have a row of this variety. Very large pickings can be made over a long period. They are fleshy, stringless and of excellent flavour. A support, such as wire netting, is all that is necessary.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.); 2/6 lb.

Kentucky Wonder—Somewhat similar to Yates' Epicure, but not so flat, and the pods are more fleshy; very tender; carries wonderful crops.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.); 2/6 lb.



BROWN BEAUTY BEAN.

BEANS (continued)—

Golden Harvest (or Glory of Summer)

—An early variety with large almost round pods up to 10 inches long. Hardy and of excellent flavour. Preferred by some to Kentucky Wonder.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.); 2/6 lb.

Snake Bean—Also called Asparagus Bean. Bears long, narrow, stringless pods up to 18 inches long, which must be used young. A very successful variety, in tropical climates, where other Beans are not at their best. Supplies short.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 7d.)

Scarlet Runner—These thrive in cool climates; they also crop very well in North Queensland sown in the autumn for winter use. If, when they are flowering, the weather is very hot they are apt to drop their flowers without setting. Apart from their use as a vegetable, they are extremely ornamental. They are really a perennial, but best treated as an annual.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.); 1/6 lb.

Tongan Bean—Sometimes called "Poor Man's Bean." Produces immense quantities of large flat Beans which make good eating. Perennial in mild

BEANS (continued)—

climates. Pkt., 1/- (post paid 1/1)

Madagascar Bean—Should not be planted in climates colder than Sydney. They will stand any amount of heat. Plant the Beans from 8 to 12 inches apart, as they are vigorous growers, and in mild climates perennial.

Pkt., 1/- (post paid 1/1)

New Guinea "Butter Bean"—Not a Bean, but a vigorous climbing gourd with very long fruit which, when young, can be sliced and cooked like beans or treated as marrow.

Pkt., 1/- (post free)

LIMA BEAN

Suitable only for warm climates with a long growing season. Picked young they can be sliced like French Beans, shelled like Broad Beans, or used dry as Haricot. Pods are short and wide. **Tall Large Seeded**—A climbing variety requiring stakes.

Large Podded Bush—Dwarf growing type. Each: Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.)

BROAD BEAN

All Carriage Extra.

These Beans thrive best in strong tenacious soil with plenty of lime, but they will grow almost anywhere. Sow any time during autumn and winter, and (in cold climates) in the spring. At flowering stage pinch the tops back to encourage setting.

Early Long Pod (Leviathan)—The standard variety; a hardy sort, and under general average conditions will give the largest and most certain yield.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 9d.); 1/- lb.

Broad Windsor—A good stock of this noted variety. Slightly dwarfed growing with very broad short pods, large seed.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 9d.); 1/- lb.

Cole's Dwarf Prolific—A fine variety which grows only about 2 feet high. It is particularly suited to small kitchen gardens.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 9d.); 1/- lb.

BEET

Beet will succeed in most soils. Sow in spring and summer, in rows 9 ins. apart, and afterwards thin out to 4 or 5 inches between the plants. They should not be allowed to grow too large and, if pulled while still young, they will cut up into tender rings of deep red flesh.

Note re 1/- minimum.—When ordered by weight we do not supply less than 1/- worth of any one variety of Vegetable Seeds. Therefore, the minimum quantities that may be ordered of the following are: Beet, 2 oz.; Parsnip, Radish, Spinach, Sweet Corn, Turnips (cheap varieties), Swede Turnip, all 1/4 lb.

Yates' Derwent Globe (Improved Crimson Globe)—A very popular home garden Beet. It matures a little later than Turnip-Rooted and Yates' Obelisk. The flesh is deep blood red and almost free of any zoning. Excellent flavour. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 2oz., 1/-; 1/4 lb., 1/9.

Yates' Turnip-Rooted (Selected Early Flat Egyptian)—A very early variety, and a favourite for warm climates. Roots are of the flat shallow type with nice smooth skin and strong tops. Our stock is of exceptional quality. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 2oz., 1/-; 1/4 lb., 1/6.

Yates' Obelisk—A Yates' introduction (originated at the Timperley Trial Grounds of our English House). Long cylindrical roots allow cutting with practically no waste. The flesh is tender, deep red and of beautiful flavour. Recommended to all home gardeners. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 2oz., 1/-; 1/4 lb., 1/9.

Early Wonder (Rapid Red)—Roots slightly flattened globe shape. Fair colour, and smooth skinned. Very early. Used as an early market variety, but we consider Derwent Globe better for home growers owing to its finer texture.

Pkt., 6d.; 2oz., 1/-; 1/4 lb., 1/6



Cause and Effect. These photographs illustrate the important part played by our Trial Ground work in the quality that comes with Yates' Seeds. Careful tests, year by year, ensure pure type strains which mean satisfaction for the home gardener and profits for the market grower.



FORDHOOK GIANT, A FINE SORT
FOR MARKETING.

SILVER SPINACH BEET

This is grown for the leaves, which make an excellent dish cooked like Spinach, or the midribs of the leaves are boiled and served with melted butter. Splendid summer vegetable. Pull the outer leaves when they are fit, and the plant will continue to crop, especially if kept well watered.

Lucullus—Light green foliage, much "blistered" or crumpled, borne on thick greeny white leaf stem. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 2oz., 1/-; 1lb., 1/6.

Dark Green Broadribbed—Dark green foliage of smooth appearance, carried on broad white stems, upright growth. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 2oz., 1/-; 1lb., 1/6.

Fordhook Giant—A newer variety which combines the dark green colour of the Broadribbed with the attractive crumpled foliage of the Lucullus. Recommended for market growers.

Pkt., 6d.; 2oz., 1/-; 1lb., 1/6

BORECOLE

(Scotch Kale or Curly Green)

Succeeds best in cold climates, where heavy frosts are experienced. Plant in late summer for winter use. Treat the same as Cabbage. The foliage makes an excellent vegetable boiled.

Dwarf Green Curled—A small dwarf-growing plant with loose, heavily curled leaves. Somewhat similar to cabbage.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/-

BROCCOLI

(Sprouting or Non-Heading Type)

A very succulent vegetable from which pickings can be made for several weeks. It has a branching habit similar to the Cauliflower but each branch terminates in a tender green shoot. The centre is ready for use in about 4 months. Cultivation is similar but easier than Cauliflower. Well worth trying in any district where Cabbages or Cauliflowers can be grown.

Yates' Green Sprout—A carefully selected stock. Considered by many

BROCCOLI (continued)—

to be one of the finest vegetables for the home gardener.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 2/-

BROCCOLI

(Cauliflower or Heading Type)

Recommended for cold climates experiencing a long growing season. Sow during late spring and summer and treat the same as Cauliflower. They will head in during the following winter and spring. In most districts Yates' Phenomenal Cauliflower is preferable.

Late White—A very late form of the Cauliflower family.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/-

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

Rapidly becoming popular in districts where they have not been previously grown. Require heavy frosts to impart the tenderness and flavour to the Sprouts. Cultivation is the same as for Cabbage, and sowings should be made from January to March. As the Sprouts form, yellow ragged leaves should be pulled off the lower stems.

Yates' Champion—A strain selected from many tests as the best for Australian conditions. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/6; 1lb., 4/3



YATES' GREEN SPROUT BROCCOLI



BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

CABBAGE

Attention is directed to the Conditions of Sale and Non-Warranty on page 2. The following descriptions are intended as a guide only. If grown out of proper season for the particular district, or if conditions be unfavourable, Cabbage may vary from types described.

Cabbages do best on a deeply worked and highly manured soil. They may be sown during the greater part of the year, the main planting being made in late summer and autumn. Sow in seed beds, and, when large enough, plant out in rows 18 inches apart, and 18 inches between the plants. The Drumhead and other large varieties will require a little more room than this. For private gardens in the cool season of the year we recommend the smaller-hearted early varieties as the most delicate flavoured and tenderest table Cabbages. The round-headed varieties like Earliball, Vanguard, and Utility, being compact, may be planted much closer together than the Drumhead and Succession types.

(E) First Early Variety.

(SE) Second Early Variety.

(MC) Medium Early or Maincrop Variety.

(L) Late Variety.

Yates' Select Succession (MC)—A fine long standing variety of the large flat-headed type. Matures in about 4 months from planting out and is an exceptionally fine strain of Succession. It will heart well into the late spring. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 2/-; 1lb., 6/-.

Henderson's Succession (Peter Henderson's Grown Stock)—This seed is imported direct from the originator (Peter Henderson and Co.), and only this seed is supplied under this name. A shade earlier and smaller than Yates' Select Succession and is popular with some market growers. When this strain is required, please specify Henderson's. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/-; 1oz., 4/-; 1lb., 11/-



We grow many things on our seed farms, from Leek to Lupins, and Parsnip to Poppies, but here we show a seed crop being gathered of the homely but nevertheless "very well bred" Derwent Early Drumhead Cabbage.

CABBAGE (continued)—

Yates' Early Drumhead (Derwent Re-Selected) (MC)—About two weeks later than Succession and very hardy in cold weather. Matures in about 4 months and produces flat solid heads and blue-green foliage. Stands up well to transit. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 2/-; ½lb., 6/-

Yates' First Early Improved (E)—A finer and smaller selection of the Sugarloaf type. Conical heads are tender and sweet with very little centre stalk. Our earliest and surest hearting Cabbage. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 2/-; ½lb., 6/-

Yates' Vanguard (E)—A good marketable Cabbage and excellent for the home gardener as well. It is capable of hearting in the late spring and early summer. Matures in about 3 months. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 2/-; ½lb., 6/-

Early Jersey Wakefield (E)—A splendid very early pointed Cabbage; excellent flavour. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/9; ½lb., 5/-

St. John's Day, Select Improved (MC)—A large "Drumhead" variety; very leafy and now generally superseded by Yates' Select Succession and Yates' Early Drumhead. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/6; ½lb., 4/3.

Copenhagen Market (SE)—A fine early round-headed Cabbage, with solid compact heart of excellent quality. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/9; ½lb., 5/-



We again test the strain the following year.

CABBAGE (continued)—

Yates' Utility (SE)—In our trials this selected stock of Enkhuizen Glory is an early mid-season variety, maturing a fortnight to three weeks later than Yates' Vanguard. Heads are of good size, round, hard and weighty, but does best when planted to mature in the late autumn. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 2/-; ½lb., 6/-

Enkhuizen Glory (SE)—An early mid-season Cabbage with solid round head which carries well. Favoured by market growers in many districts of N.S.W., especially for autumn planting. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/9; ½lb., 5/-

Enfield Market (MC)—A fine conical-headed medium early sort, good flavour, an excellent spring hearting Cabbage for cool climates, where it is usually sown February to April. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 3/-

Yates' Earliball (Golden Acre) (E)—Earliness and uniformity of type have been particularly stressed in this special selection from the Golden Acre strain, and we find it the earliest of the round varieties. Hard, crisp and tender heads; compact growth, very early. Can be depended on as a sure, even cropper under any reasonable conditions. One of the finest Cabbages in our list for the home grower. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 2/-; ½lb., 6/-

Allhead (MC)—Originally introduced by Burpee. A very popular, sure-heading sort, compact growth, with large deep heads, rather flat on top; of excellent quality. Mid. season. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/9; ½lb., 5/-

Savoy Drumhead (L)—For use only in cold districts, where the frosts make the foliage tender and sweet; sow in summer. When properly grown is a remarkably tender and tasty Cabbage, and very sure heading. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 3/-

Yates' Mammoth Late Drumhead (L)—One of the hardest Maincrop Cabbages we list for sowing in the cooler districts, hearting in well under the most adverse conditions, being six weeks later than Early Drumhead. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/-; ½lb., 5/9

Prize Red (L)—Reddish-purple colour, solid, compact hearts; mostly used for pickling. Does best in cold climates. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/6; ½lb., 4/3

CHINESE OR CELERY CABBAGE

Entirely distinct in type to any of the ordinary Cabbages.

An easily grown vegetable for the home garden. The midribs are used like Celery or the whole plant may be cooked like ordinary Cabbage. Sow at intervals from February onwards. Often used as first-class green stuff for poultry.

Pe-Tsai—An early heading sort. Light green, rather tall, narrow heads. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/9.

Wong-Bok—A standard heavy cropper, folding in well, with darker green, shorter and more compact head. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 3/-

CAPE GOOSEBERRY

Sow in spring, when danger from frost is over, and when large enough, plant out two or three feet apart in any ordinary garden soil. For cultivation, see Tomato, to which it is akin.

Common Small Fruited—This variety is not as large as the next variety, but is a great favourite on account of its excellent flavour and suitability for eating raw. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/-; 1oz., 4/-; ½lb., 11/-

Golden Nugget—Produces very large yellow fruit which is unsurpassed for cooking and for jam and preserves, but is not suitable for eating raw. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/6; 1oz., 3/9; 1oz., 7/6.



Yates' Select Succession is an exceptionally fine strain.

CAPSICUM

See Pepper.

CARROT

Sow regularly throughout the year except in cold climates, when spring and early summer plantings are best. Plant in rows 12 to 18 inches apart, and when large enough thin to 3 or 4 inches between the plants. The short varieties are best for shallow soils. Carrots are much sweeter and more tender when half-grown. All varieties are apt to become coarse and lose flavour if left to grow too large.

Chantenay (Red Cored)—A stump-rooted half-long variety. Very thick at the shoulder and shows only a small red core surrounded by bright orange scarlet flesh. A leading variety for market growers and excellent for the home garden. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 1/9.

Long Intermediate (or St. Valery)—A long-pointed variety of the finest quality. Splendid for maincrop and an old favourite. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 1/9.

Early Horn (Short Horn)—Popular in all home gardens because it is so quick to mature. Fine-grained reddish flesh which is sweet and tender. Splendid for shallow soils. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 1/9.

Manchester Table (Scarlet Nantes)—Half-long, cylindrical in shape and stump-rooted. It is early maturing and easily pulled. We consider it the best flavoured of all the Carrots. It has no yellow core, and is exceptionally tender. An excellent home garden sort. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 1/9.

Half-long Danvers—Midway between Chantenay and the Long Intermediate (St. Valery) types. Heavy cropper and good tops. Mid-season in time of maturity. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 1/9.



TASTY CARROTS? YES, WE KNOW THE GOOD STRAINS AND THE BEST TYPES BECAUSE WE TEST THEM AND REPORT—AND EVERY YEAR, TOO.

CARROT (continued)—

Oxheart (Guerande)—A very heavy cropping sort for table, also for stock purposes. Shape quite short and very thick-set and stump-rooted. Colour is a bright orange-scarlet, rather large core. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 1/9.

CAULIFLOWER

The secret of growing Cauliflowers, say experienced growers, is water and manure. By applying plenty of both, the plants are allowed to grow without check, which is essential to the growing of successful crops. The sowing season commences about mid-summer and extends to early autumn in most districts. In cold climates with mild summers, early spring sowings are usually possible. Growers should be guided by local experience.

CAULIFLOWERS AS A COMMERCIAL CROP.

Seasonal variations, as every grower knows, can largely affect the yield of a crop, but in normal seasons they are usually very profitable. The descriptions here are intended to serve only as a guide to the selection of varieties likely to be most suitable. Attention is directed to Conditions of Sale and Non-warranty on page 1.

Yates' Phenomenal Early—Usually matures in about 4 months from planting out. Good large-sized heads of close-grained flowers of splendid colour. Semi-self protecting habit. Now regarded as one of the foremost four months' Cauliflowers. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/-; 1oz., 6/-; ½lb., 20/-.

Yates' Phenomenal Five Months—Self-protecting habit and strong vigorous foliage. Closely grained white hearts which have proved

CAULIFLOWER (continued)—

quick sellers on the market. An improved strain. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 2/9; 1oz., 4/3; 1oz., 7/6; ½lb., 25/-.

Yates' Phenomenal Maincrop—A standard maincrop variety maturing in about six months. Its qualities are very much appreciated in the Cauliflower growing district, Bathurst, N.S.W. Because of its hardness has proved reliable even in difficult seasons. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/-; 1oz., 6/-; ½lb., 20/-.

Yates' Phenomenal Twelveweeks—A selection from our own Trial Grounds where it has always produced its flowers within 12 weeks of planting out. Although not large, they have a deep, fine grain and good colour. Outstanding introduction. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 2/6; 1oz., 3/9; 1oz., 7/6; ½lb., 25/-.

Early Green Glazed—Favoured in the more arid inland districts. The glossy green foliage indicates resistance to aphids. Not recommended for moist climates. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/-; 1oz., 6/-; ½lb., 20/-.

Yates' Metropole—Usually requires about 8 months to mature. Solid white heads of wonderful size are protected by the closely folding inner leaves. Average weight is usually 18 lb., but heads of 20 lb. or more are not uncommon. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 4/6; ½lb., 12/-.

Yates' Nugget—A 4 months' type with good self-protecting habit. We have carefully selected this and regard ours as a superior strain. The compact habit allows fairly close planting. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 3/3; 1oz., 5/-; 1oz., 10/-; ½lb., 30/-.

Yates' Green Sprout Broccoli—For full particulars of this very fine vegetable, see page 42.



PHENOMENAL TWELVEWEEKS. SELECTION FOR OUR "STOCK SEED."

CELERY

There are now several methods of Celery culture, but for the home garden the practice of putting cardboard cylinders or any similar device around the stalks for blanching is still the easiest. A leaflet on Celery Culture is available free on request. Sowings are usually made from November to February, although August sowings are often attempted to take advantage of a better market. Well-grown Celery plants should be ready for transplanting in 8 to 10 weeks. Neglected or badly grown plants may take 3 or 4 months. Therefore, plant in well manured soil to keep them moving.

White Plume—Splendid, tender, self-blanching. Dwarf compared with late winter varieties, and requires much less earthing up.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/9; 1lb., 5/-

Solid White—Excellent late variety. One of the best of the English large white-stemmed varieties. Produces broad sticks of sweet flavour.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/9; 1lb., 5/-

Golden Self-Blanching (Re-Selected and Improved Strain)—Thick, solid stalks of a rich golden colour. Best for the home garden and favoured by numerous commercial growers. Sweet flavoured stalks. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/6; 1lb., 3/-; 1lb., 10/-

South Australian White—Widely grown in S.A. for interstate metropolitan markets. Vigorous, rather coarse, although some growers report it slightly more resistant to disease than other sorts, and carries well. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/6; 1lb., 3/-; 1lb., 10/-

Celeriac, or Turnip-rooted Celery—This is grown for the roots, which are in favour for boiling or for flavouring soups, etc.; also for salads. Does not need earthing up, and roots can be used when about 2 inches in diameter.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/3; 1lb., 2/6

Soup Celery (Non-Germinating)—The seed is used for flavouring or for making celery "tea."

1lb., 1/3; 1lb., 4/3

(Special quotations for quantities.)

CHICORY

This is grown mainly for its root, which when dried and prepared, is used as a substitute for or an addition to coffee. The young leaves produced by forcing the grown roots make an excellent salad, which is delicious when served with dressing. Sow seed in the spring and treat in a similar manner to Parsnip. Large rooted.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-

CHOKO

Tubers, 1/- each, post free. Available throughout June, July and August. A tender, marrow-like vine, only suitable for warm climates. Produces an edible fruit, similar in taste to a vegetable marrow, in very large numbers. Plant in spring. They are vigorous-growing plants, and do best when allowed to ramble over a trellis or fence.

CRESS

Although both Curled (or Garden Cress) and Water Cress are used for similar purposes, such as salads, sandwiches, etc., there is a pronounced difference botanically and in their growth. Curled Cress is a very rapid grower and the seed germinates with-



EARLY FORTUNE CUCUMBER IS NOW A VERY POPULAR KIND.

CRESS (continued)—

in 2 or 3 days. It is usually grown with Mustard and the young leaves are cut when about 2 or 3 inches high. Water Cress needs a continuous supply of water and roots can be established in shallow creeks or any ground kept sodden by running water or springs. It is also grown in some shady spots in barrels or boxes, the soil in which is plentifully supplied with water.

Curled (or Garden Cress).

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1lb., 1/-

Water Cress.

Pkt., 6d.

CUCUMBER

A leaflet on Cucumber culture is available free on request.

The descriptions given here are for guidance only in choosing suitable varieties. Ultimate results necessarily depend on climatic conditions and soil variations. Sow when the soil is warm and danger from frost is over, in groups 4 ft. apart each way, in rows spaced 3 to 4 ft. apart, with plants 2 ft. apart.

Yates' Crystal Apple—A remarkably fine strain of white-skinned apple-shaped type, showing no trace of yellow. It keeps its crisp eating qualities well, and produces a heavy crop on a compact and vigorous vine. The fruit is remarkably regular in size, allowing more efficient grading. For best quality, pick and use before maturity. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 2/-; 1lb., 5/9

Apple Shaped—Round variety, very prolific and sweet flavoured. The apple types are considered more

CUCUMBER (continued)—

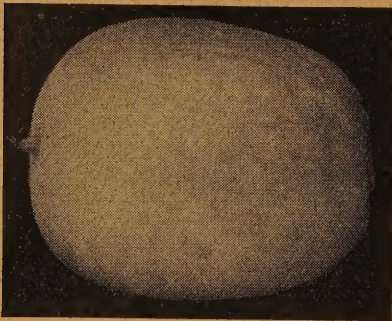
digestible than the ordinary sorts. This variety is undoubtedly one of the finest sorts for the home garden. For best flavour pick just as yellow markings appear on skin. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 3/3

Yates' Mammoth Apple—A new strain of the popular apple-shaped class and of similar shape, but in size it grows almost twice as large. Skin nearly white, turning yellow as fruit ages, although it does not lose its fresh appearance until it is past maturity. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/6; 1lb., 3/-; 1lb., 10/-

Short Green (Kirby Staygreen)—An early dark green Cucumber, with short fruit, very vigorous and productive. Blunt-ended, retains dark colour well, and is a promising market garden sort. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 3/-

Early Fortune—A particularly fine Cucumber of the White Spine type, differing from our Improved White Spine in that it is slightly longer, rather more tapering, and the colour is a rich dark green which lasts well. Early, very productive. Flesh white, firm and crisp, with very few seeds. In our opinion this is the finest long variety grown. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 3/-

Improved White Spine—The fruit is of medium length, thick and solid, with rather blocky ends—thus it packs and carries well. Light to medium green in colour; very prolific. We like Early Fortune in preference to this, as it has a much better colour. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 3/-



CRYSTAL APPLE CUCUMBER.

CUCUMBER (continued)—

Long Green—A well-known and well-favoured sort for general use. It is very prolific, medium late, and very hardy. The fruit grows about 12 to 14 inches long, is slightly marked and tapering. Colour, dark green; flesh white and firm. Recommended as a large green cucumber. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 3/-.

African Cucumber (Horned)—Very prolific. When fully ripe, the skin turns brilliant orange and the inside is juicy like a passion fruit; with sugar it has a most delicious flavour. Thrives in hot climates. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/6

GHERKINS

(Or Pickling Cucumbers)

Whilst the fruits of most Cucumbers are suitable for pickling at a very young stage, the two following varieties are the ones mostly used for the purpose. The fruits should be picked when about 1½ to 2 inches long.

Heinz Pickling—A very popular variety. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 3/3
West India—Oval-shaped prickly type. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/6

CYPHOMANDRA

(Tree Tomato)

A sub-tropical and very ornamental shade-giving shrub. The attractive flowers are followed by a crop of Tomato-like fruit, the flavour of which resembles a Guava. Thrives in climates similar to and warmer than Sydney. Pkt., 1/-



EGG PLANT.

EGG PLANT

Almost identical in cultivation to Tomato. Never allow more than 6 to 8 fruit to mature on one plant. Sow in the late spring and plant out 18 inches to 2 feet apart.

New York Spineless (Purple)—A standard sort. For home and market garden. Large, handsome, dark purple fruit. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/6; 1oz., 3/-; 1lb., 10/-.

Black Beauty—Rather earlier than New York Spineless, with fruit thicker and broader in shape. The colour is an intense glossy dark purple. Notable for the way it retains this colour. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/6; 1oz., 3/-; 1lb., 10/-

ENDIVE

Treat the same as Lettuce. It is used like Lettuce for salads. When nearly full grown, tie up or cover with a slate to blanch the leaves. Endive is grown quite successfully in the tropical Pacific Islands and we recommend customers in the tropics to give it a place in their gardens.

Green Curled—Dense heads, with divided or curly leaves of bright green colour, blanching readily to creamy white. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-

Full Heart Batavian—Forms a well-blanching heart of infolded broad leaves. A distinct improvement on older types. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-

GARLIC

See page 50.

GHERKINS

See Cucumber.

GRANADILLA

A large variety of Passion Vine, suitable for semi-tropical climates. The fruit, when ripe, resembles the Passion Fruit in flavour, but is even more luscious. Suitable for outdoor cultivation in semi-tropical climates only. Pkt., 1/-

HERBS

(For Flavouring)

Sow in the spring or in autumn where winters are mild, in sheltered seed beds or boxes. When about 2 inches high transplant out leaving 3-4 inches between the plants. They can be used green or picked when in full bloom, dried and stored away for future use in airtight containers.

Thyme, ½oz., 2/-; **Sage**, ½oz., 1/-;
Marjoram, ½oz., 1/-.
 Each: Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.
 Roots, 6d. bundle (carriage extra).

Mint (roots only), 6d. bundle.

HORSE RADISH

Roots only available. These should be planted about 18 inches apart in a deep hole which will allow the top of the root to be covered with about 2 inches of soil. Leave undisturbed for about 6 months and then lift as required. Grated roots are used as a condiment.

Roots (only), per bundle, 2/- (carriage extra).

KOHL RABI

(Turnip-Rooted Cabbage)

Sow in the late summer and autumn in a seed bed. When large enough, usually in six weeks or so, they may be transplanted into a well-manured bed, setting the plants eight to ten inches apart. They are usually ready three or four months later, and are best used when half grown. Kohl Rabi is a vegetable intermediate between the Cabbage and Turnip, and combines the flavour of both.

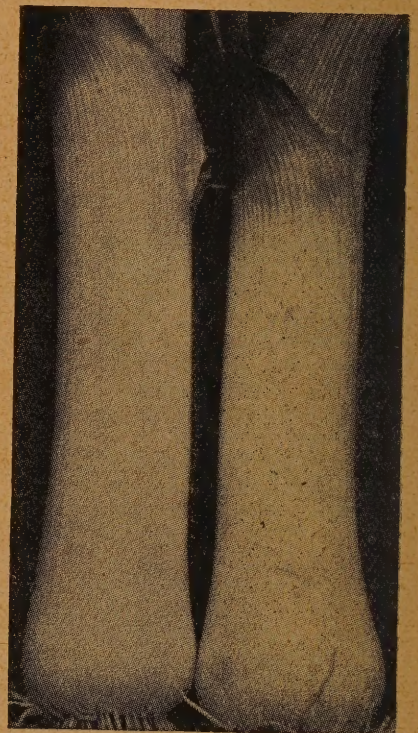
Early Purple—The most popular variety. The uncooked roots are a purplish colour, and when cooked have an excellent sweet flavour. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/3; 1lb., 3/3.

Early Green—Not quite so mild in flavour as the purple sort, but growing in popularity. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/3; 1lb., 3/3

LEEK

Sow early in spring and summer, and afterwards transplant in rows twelve or fifteen inches apart into deep soil which cannot be too highly manured. It is a good plan to plant them in a trench like Celery; they can then be more easily watered and blanching. Keep watered during dry weather, if with liquid manure so much the better. When the plants have attained a good size, draw the soil about them to blanch the stems; this also causes mildness of flavour. The blanched lower part of the leaves constitutes the vegetable, the green or upper part usually being discarded.

Musselburgh—The best variety for general use. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/6; 1lb., 4/-.



LEEK.



There are scores, nay hundreds, of strains of Lettuce, but the Australian gardener wants only the best for Australian conditions. By constant trial and test under outdoor conditions we eliminate the "no good" types and we "find" the market growers money-spinners like the newer Imperials. This work is costly, but it's well worth while.

LETTUCE

A leaflet on Lettuce culture is available free on request. The essentials for successful cultivation are water and manure. The plants should be stimulated throughout their growth with either liquid manure or liquid Nitrate of Soda—1oz. to a gallon of water. Sowings can be made in rows, and the young seedlings afterwards thinned out, from about 6 to 12 inches apart according to the size of the variety. There are two main types—the Crisp Curled Cabbage sorts are the most popular, and the latest introduction among these is Yates' Imperial. The Butterhead types are favoured in warm districts, but are not nearly so popular as the above.

Yates' Imperial—A white seeded variety of the Imperial type, and chosen from numerous trials as an outstanding all-round Lettuce. We think gardeners who have been a little confused as to the distinctions between the many different Imperial Lettuces will welcome this standard Imperial type which we recommend. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 3/-.

Imperial Black Seeded—For those who favour the black seeded Imperial Lettuce we have included this variety. It is a good summer sort, and shows promise. In our trials it has proved a sure header and should prove a good marketing sort. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/9; ½lb., 5/-.

For market growers and some gardeners who have their special favourites among the various Imperial Lettuces, we have available varieties which have proved popular mainly with commercial growers.

Imperial F—A good summer Lettuce with attractive foliage. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 3/-.

Imperial 615—Favoured by many commercial growers for winter use. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 3/-.

Imperial D—Another large winter Lettuce. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 3/-.

Imperial 847 (Black Seeded)—Withstands the hot weather better than most varieties and shows promise for commercial growers. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/9; ½lb., 5/-.

LETTUCE (continued)—

New York (Neapolitan) (Crisp Curled)—Also known as "Drumhead" and "Webb's Wonderful." Favoured for its crisp large heads and dark green foliage. Used for winter and summer plantings. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 3/-.

Mignonette (Crisp Curled)—Compact plants, deep green foliage shaded brown. Firm globular heads and almost white hearts. Withstands heat better than most sorts. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/6; ½lb., 4/-.

Green Mignonette—In some cases this is superseding the ordinary Mignonette because of the absence of the brown tinge in the leaves. Otherwise it has much the same qualities, being very crisp and tender. All home gardeners should try it. For either summer or winter. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/-; ½lb., 5/9.

Yates' Iceberg (Champion Cabbage) (Crisp Curled)—One of the largest varieties; stands well without bolting to seed, forms large, compact, crisp heads, well blanched and tender; leaves very crinkled, with a light pink edging. An excellent all-round variety, extremely hardy, heading in under very adverse conditions. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 3/-.

American Summer (Hanson) (Crisp Curled)—A fine, hardy variety, standing hot conditions very well. Forms large, firm hearts, thick leaves, slightly

LETTUCE (continued)—

crinkled, blanched and a light green colour; a favourite for the warmer months. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 3/-.

All-Year-Round (Butterhead)—An excellent sort of the Butterhead type, light green, hearts well folded and beautifully blanched; a splendid sure heading variety. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 3/-.

Tom Thumb (Butterhead)—A miniature variety of the Butterhead type, and recommended only for the tropics, where other varieties fail to head. Quick-growing and an attractive green colour. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/6; ½lb., 4/3.

FOR TROPICAL CLIMATES

In the cool season almost any of the varieties should do well, but in the hotter months, sorts most likely to be successful are **Tom Thumb**, **Mignonette**, **All-Year-Round**, **Green Mignonette**.

Paris White Cos—Used only in hot tropical climates. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/6.



YATES' IMPERIAL LETTUCE.
The best variety for general purposes.

MARROWS

These require similar cultivation to Cucumber and other vine crops, a leaflet on which will be posted free on request. There are two types—Bush, on which the fruit is produced around the centre of the plants, or Running types which have similar growth to Pumpkins. They are not good keepers and the fruits must be used soon after picking. Summer Squashes are also similar to Marrow and descriptions of these will be found on page 54.

BUSH OR NON-RUNNING VARIETIES

Long White Fruited Bush—Typical long Marrow shape and produces a heavy crop of fruit radiating from the centre of the plants. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/3

Long Green Fruited Bush—Similar to the above but with dark green fruit which shows a yellow stripe as it ripens. Excellent flavour. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/3

Zucchini—Very early to mature and bears a good crop of dark green fruit of outstanding flavour. Well worth trying.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/3

RUNNING OR VINING VARIETIES

Long Cream Running—Yields a heavy crop of long cream-coloured Marrows of excellent flavour. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/3

Long Green Running—A "dry" Marrow of excellent flavour. Green skin with lighter markings. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/3.



ZUCCHINI MARROW.



SUGAR STICK WATER MELON.

WATER MELON

A leaflet on Water Melon culture is available free on request. Time of sowing and general cultivation is almost identical as for Rock Melons and Cucumbers.

Early Yates—This is still the earliest Water Melon and recognised by both the market and home gardener to be quite equal in quality to most of the later sorts. It is ready about 3 weeks before most Melons and fruits weigh from 14 to 20 lbs. The skin is mottled light green and the deep red flesh is encased by only very thin rind. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/6; ½lb., 4/3.

Klondyke Special—An excellent new strain for the home garden or local market. Our trials indicate this to be the sweetest and most sugary of any Water Melon yet introduced. Delightful flavour.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/3; ½lb., 3/3

Yates' Market Wonder—An improved form of the ever-popular Kleckley Sweets. The rind is dark green with rich red flesh. In our trials it usually produces the largest fruit which is a cylindrical shape and makes splendid eating. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/-

Sugar Stick—Large oblong maincrop Melon with greyish skin and red sugary flesh. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/-.

Hawkesbury Wilt-Resistant—An improved strain of Sugar Stick. Shows remarkable resistance to dry weather and because of its wilt-resistance we thoroughly recommend it. Almost identical to Sugar Stick in shape and other qualities.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 3/-

Tom Watson—A fine large dark green Melon, with bright pink sweet flesh. Excellent carrying variety, and one of the best for market.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/-

Kleckley Sweets—Dark green, long Melon. Crimson flesh, medium to large size. Sweet, distinctive flavour. A very popular sort. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/-

WATER MELON (continued)

Cole's Early—An early medium-sized nearly round Melon; bright red sweet flesh, very thin dark green rind, striped lighter shades. Rather brittle. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/-

Cuban Queen—One of the largest Melons grown. It is oblong in form and a general favourite; flesh red and thin, but tough rind. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/-

Cannon Ball—A round medium-sized variety for the home garden. Crisp, juicy pink flesh of a delightful sugary flavour; thin creamy coloured rind, rather brittle; keeps well.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/-

Golden Honey (Champagne)—The best of the yellow fleshed Melons and a most excellent eating variety. Oblong shaped. Dark green, striped darker. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/-

Halbert Honey—A fine medium early Melon for the home garden. Long and cylindrical in shape, deep green rind with fine veins, rich red flesh.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/-

Ice Cream (White Seeded)—A general favourite, scarlet flesh, thin rind, oblong and luscious. Very productive. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/-.

Florida Favourite—Main crop, good carrying long shaped variety, rind light green with mottled stripes of darker green; crimson flesh with a delicious flavour. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/-.

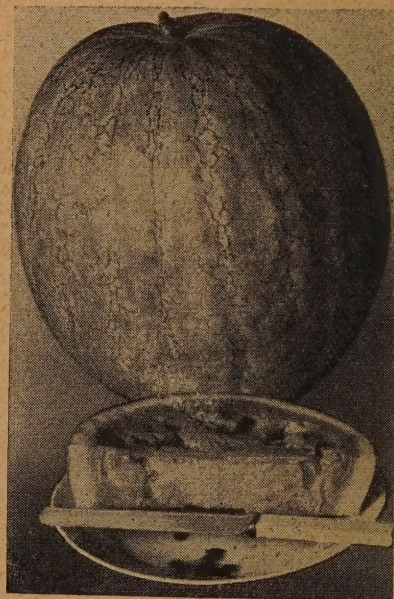
Mixed Water Melons—To suit customers who grow for domestic use only, we offer a mixture of selected varieties. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/-.

PRESERVING MELON

Citron (Red Seeded)—Fruit round, dark green striped and marbled. Usually considered the best variety for jam making, having nice firm flesh. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 1/6.

Pie (Green Seeded)—Fruit almost identical with preceding variety except for seeds.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 1/6



EARLY YATES WATER MELON.

MUSHROOM SPAWN

A leaflet on the culture of Mushroom Spawn will be sent free on request, and Yates' Garden Guide also contains very thorough information on this all-important subject. The main thing in Mushroom culture is that the Spawn be grown in places where the temperature can be kept down within close limits (about 70 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit). Autumn and winter are usually the most suitable planting seasons.

We carry regular stocks of Australian-made Mushroom Spawn in brick form at 1/6 per brick, postage extra (approx. weight, 10 ozs.), each brick being sufficient for about eight to ten square feet. We also stock a good brand of spawn packed in a carton. Price, 2/6 (3/6 post paid), sufficient to plant 10 to 12 square feet.

ROCK MELON

(Also called Musk Melon)

The cultivation of this fruit is very similar to Water Melons and Cucumbers, a leaflet on which will be sent free on request. They require a warm climate where there are at least six frost-free months between early spring and late autumn.

Rocky Ford (Netted Gem)—The attractive medium-sized fruits are beautifully netted and excellent for marketing because they carry well. The flesh is green and has a most delicious flavour. Very prolific. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6.

Hales Best—The size of this Melon and the delicious flavour of the flesh have made it a popular market and home garden sort. It is heavily netted over an attractive salmon pink skin. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6.

This is the way to see a Rock Melon—ready to eat, and cool and tasty. The variety is Yates' Surprise. Other popular kinds are Hales Best, Rocky Ford, and Hackensack.

Prices of large lots by weight, see Yates' Monthly Price List.

ROCK MELON (continued)—

Hales Best Mildew Resistant No. 45—A promising new selection which has already been successful in the Murrumbidgee Irrigation Area. Said to be the only Rock Melon that can be fully ripened on the vine and remain in good edible condition for several days after picking. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 3/3

Hackensack Early—The earliest of the large Melons. Fruit round, deeply ribbed with green flesh of fair flavour. This variety is popular mainly for its size and earliness. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6

Yates' Surprise—A good - keeping Melon and excellent for shipping. The fruits are large, nearly round, lightly ribbed and well netted with a light green skin which yellows slightly as it matures. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 3/-

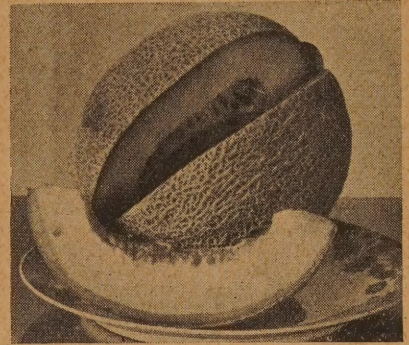
Paul Rose—Very early, a good cropper, fruit very small and must be used at once when ripe. Salmon flesh with exceptional flavour. Good for the home garden. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6

Irondequoit—Medium to large size fruits, well-ribbed, heavily netted, and grey-green in colour. Thick, deep salmon flesh. Outstanding in flavour. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6

Improved Yellow Cantaloupe—A very large, long Melon, with a yellow skin when ripe, deeply ribbed. The flesh is salmon coloured, rather thin and dry. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6

Californian Cream—A local pink-fleshed variety with light green blotches on skin. Rather late in maturing, but is a good carrier and is popular with growers in certain districts who send long distances. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/-; 1lb., 6/-

Mixed Rock Melons—A good selection of the best early and late varieties for the home garden. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6



HALES BEST,
CUTS ATTRACTIVELY.

ROCK MELON (continued)—

WINTER KEEPING VARIETIES

Sow in spring as with other melons.

Honey Dew—A late-maturing, long-keeping type which is round in shape and has smooth cream skin and emerald green flesh, very crisp and juicy. Average size is 10in. by 9 1/2 in. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6

Golden Beauty Casaba—Almost round, with yellow wrinkled skin and white sweet flesh. Can be stored in a cool place, into early winter. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 3/-

MUSTARD GREENS

These useful and very tasty salad plants may be sown at almost any time. Use foliage when young for garnishing, salads, sandwiches, etc. Make frequent sowings for a continuous supply. If to be used with Cress should be planted about a week later for them to be ready together.

Finest White—Use when two inches high while still in the seed leaf, either alone or mixed with Cress. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.

Larger quantities, prices on application.

OKRA

(Or Gumbo)

The principal use of Okra is in soups and stews, for which the seed pods are cooked. Sow in late spring. Requires a warm climate to do well.

Long Green—The favourite sort. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/9; 1lb., 5/-



ONION

We have prepared a booklet on Onion culture which is available free on request. Growers or home gardeners who have any doubt about the cultivation of these crops are advised to write to us.

In the warmer districts early sowings may be made in February and March and continued until May. In cold climates the sowing season extends from May until August. Early varieties are sown first and the late long-keeping varieties towards the end of that time. They can either be sown in seed beds or in rows, but final spacing is usually 12 inches between the rows and 4 to 5 inches between the bulbs. Onions for pickling are sown thickly and left standing about an inch apart. White Lisbon and Early Barletta are best for this purpose. Our seeds are constantly tested for germination and are never sent out unless up to our usual high standard. However, every experienced grower knows that under cold, wet conditions Onion seed is not a strong grower.

N.B.—The late varieties will keep for a considerable period when stored, but the early varieties should be used immediately.

Spring Onions—For this purpose White Lisbon is recommended. The seed is sown very thickly and the Onions pulled when very immature.

WHITE VARIETIES

The numbers denote approximately the relative order of earliness in this section.

Early Barletta (Silverskin) (1)—One of the earliest Onions grown. A pure white silvery skin. Splendid for pickling or general use, while if thinned out to four inches apart and planted early, will grow to a nice size. Delicate and mild flavour. Much favoured in warm districts. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/3; 1lb., 3/3.

Silver King (3)—A good flat white skinned Onion, of excellent mild flavour. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/3; 1lb., 3/3

Yates' White Imperial Spanish (7)—A magnificent maincrop white variety which has done remarkably well in our Trials as well as in tests by many practical growers specially made for us. In shape it is not unlike the Brown Spanish, and it is of

ONION (continued)—

beautiful quality and a heavy crop-
per. It is an excellent keeper, and has the fine tough outside skin so prized by market buyers. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/6; 1oz., 3/-; 1lb., 9/-.

Southport White Globe (4)—A medium-sized Onion globular in shape, pure white in colour, and the flesh is waxy white and of fine grain. It is a late season variety. Growers wanting this type to come earlier should try White Pearl and White Imperial Spanish. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/9; 1lb., 5/-.

Hunter River Early White (2)—A snow white form of Hunter River Early Brown. Coming in just as early, and possessing much the same characteristics. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/3; 1oz., 2/-; 1oz., 4/-; 1lb., 12/6

White Lisbon (for bunching or Spring Onions)—Grown to be pulled young when the bulb first commences to form. Can be used like Shallot.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6

OTHER "WHITES"

Apart from the varieties listed here we also carry for commercial growers select stocks of Extra Early Flat White and Australian White Queen (Barletta type), and also White Pearl. We also invite enquiries about any other varieties used for commercial growing, and particulars will be given on request.

BROWN VARIETIES

The numbers denote approximately the relative order of earliness in this section.

Brown Spanish, Yates' Select "Derwent Long-keeping" (6)—The best keeper of all the Onions, with a tough brown leathery skin; will keep many months and stand transshipment anywhere. Our "Derwent Long-Keeping" Brown Spanish is by far the best maincrop Onion grown. It is in great favour, not only in Australia, but with market growers in other parts of the world, and has done as much to enhance our reputation as perhaps any other seed. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/9.

Odourless (3)—A home garden variety which is distinctive for its mildness of flavour and freedom from "taint." The variety is medium in season and produces large bulbs of very excellent flavour. A variety which

ONION (continued)—

can be eaten raw is sure of a welcome in every home. It is not a good keeper. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/3; 1oz., 1/6; 1oz., 3/-; 1lb., 10/-.

Yates' Hunter River Early Brown (1)—An early large-sized Onion for both cold and warm districts. February to April sowings usually mature in November to December. Very popular variety because of its earliness. Not a keeper. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/8; 1oz., 3/3; 1lb., 9/6.

Early Golden Globe (2)—An early large, globe-shaped Onion, with beautiful golden skin. It is a splendid sort, but not usually so early as the Hunter River Brown.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/9; 1lb., 5/-

Prizetaker (4)—A very excellent Onion and favoured for the home garden as well as for market. A great improvement on Ailsa Craig which it has now superseded. A suitable exhibition sort.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/9; 1lb., 5/-

SUNDRY VARIETIES OF THE ONION FAMILY

Available in root form only (not seed). The following are usually available during the autumn months, but both supplies and prices are irregular, therefore the following rates are approximate only. For definite quotations and prices for all quantities, see Yates' Current Price List.

All Carriage Charges are Extra.

SMALL FRENCH SHALLOT—Useful for flavouring and seasoning, mild flavour. Plant the bulbs about four inches apart in rows. They increase by multiplying. Small lots, 10d. lb.

GARLIC—Each bulb or clove planted produces a group of cloves which are useful for seasoning and flavouring. Strong flavour.

Small lots, 1/- lb.

POTATO ONION—Plant the bulbs singly about six inches apart in rows. Each then produces several bulbs which are mild and of good flavour.

Small lots, 1/- lb.

TREE ONIONS—These are small bulb-
lets produced on the top of the stems. When planted in autumn each bulb-let grows into a large onion of agreeable flavour. We can usually supply the Tops as described above.

Small lots, 1/3 lb.



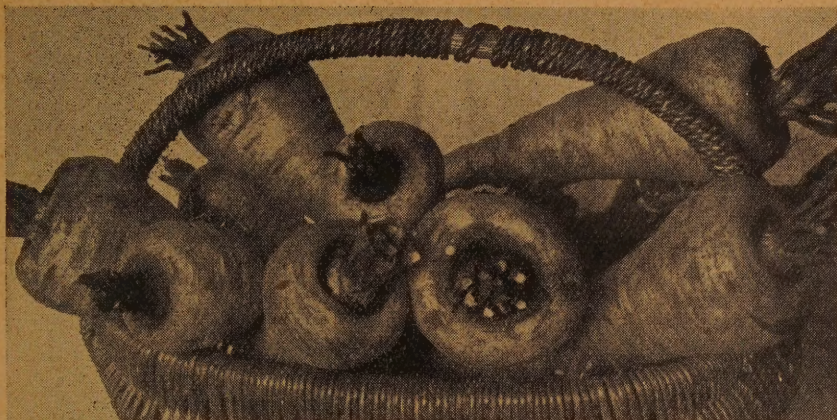
HUNTER RIVER EARLY BROWN.



SILVER KING ONION.



YATES' BROWN SPANISH ONION.



YATES' HOLLOW CROWN PARSNIP.

PARSLEY

This may be sown either in the spring or autumn in finely worked soil. Sow thickly, and afterwards thin to a few inches apart. As this seed takes a long time to germinate the ground should not be disturbed, even though plants do not appear for some time. **Extra Curled**—Excellent for general use. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 1/6.

PARSNIP

A leaflet on Parsnip cultivation is available free on request. This vegetable thrives in deep soils which have been manured and prepared for a previous crop. Sow during autumn and, in cool districts, also in the spring and summer. As the seed is often erratic in germination, it should be sown fairly thickly and pressed well into the soil. Cover with about ½ inch of rotted stable manure. Plant in drills a foot apart, and afterwards thin to six or eight inches between the plants.

Hollow Crown (Student)—Especially selected for long, even tapering roots with thick fleshy "shoulder." Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; ½lb., 1/- Note.—Not less than ½lb. supplied by weight.

MARKET GARDENERS!

We are constantly on the look-out for any new strains of Parsnip that are favoured on any particular market, and at present we have stocks available of the Victorian Deep Crown strain which is popular in that State. It has a very deep crown, wide shoulder and white roots.

The Red Stalk Parsnip is used largely in Sydney metropolitan area for winter, during which time both the roots and the tops show a resistance to frost. We have a very select strain.

Particulars on request.

PEANUTS

As well as being in great demand for human consumption, the Peanut is being increasingly used as a stock fodder, especially for pigs. They will succeed best in a warm climate in light open soil. Sow in rows three feet apart and 12 to 15 inches apart

PEANUTS (continued)—

in the row. The Peanut plant may be grazed, the tops made into hay, or the plant used as a soil renovator. For field crop sow 30 to 40 lbs. of nuts or say 10 lbs. of shelled seed per acre. September and October are best months to sow. When ripe, lift the plants and harvest the nuts, which are produced below the ground.

We usually have in stock supplies of tested growth of the varieties commonly grown. Customers are asked to state their preference when ordering. Nuts (in the Shells)—For prices see Yates' Current Price List.

PEAS

GARDEN CULTIVATION—For a continuous supply of this favourite vegetable, sow every two or three weeks during winter, spring and early summer months; and in the warmer districts of Australia, where winter frosts are not experienced, they may also be grown in the autumn. The rows should be as far apart as the height that the Peas grow. Both the tall and dwarf varieties, though sometimes grown without supports, will give a much heavier crop, and are easier looked after if given low supports (three to four feet high) of wire netting, or brush work, to climb. The great thing in growing luscious Peas is to pick them just as they ripen, and to have a succession of crops it is best to plant a number of varieties.

PEAS (continued)—

Peas for Market—Those interested in growing larger areas of Peas will be gladly sent, on request, Yates' Monthly Price List showing current values.

Carriage Charges—All Peas are sold postage or freight extra, but no charge for bags or packing. Customers are asked to allow for the carriage and extra weight of packing when remitting. For carriage rates see page 75.

Greenfeast—Now firmly established in popularity because of its heavy crop of long curved, well-filled pods which quickly fill the basket. Shows resistance to hot and dry weather. Matures a little later than Earlicrop; 18 inches. Our general stock is specially grown in New Zealand under our own supervision from re-selected stock seed.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 9d.); 1/- lb. **Yates' Earlicrop (Gem)**—This is the earliest Pea in our list. It provides a heavy crop of dark green, well-filled pods which are carried in pairs. Sturdy growth; 18 inches.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 9d.); 1/- lb. **Yorkshire Hero**—Still a favourite in warm districts and, although the pods are small, they are very numerous. Even under difficult conditions it produces a great crop of sweet flavoured Peas; 2 to 3 feet.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 9d.); 1/- lb. **Witham Wonder**—An early dwarf, heavy cropping Pea, with large curved and pointed, well-filled pods. Recommended as a fine early market Pea; 15 inches.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 9d.); 1/- lb. **English Wonder**—Dwarf, early, long straight well-filled pods; 18 inches. A good cropper and a most excellent sort.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 9d.); 1/- lb. **Richard Seddon**—A dwarf, early prolific Pea, bearing well-filled long straight pods, containing seven to nine large Peas of good flavour; strong, sturdy grower; 18 inches. An all-round variety.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 9d.); 1/- lb. **Stratagem (Re-selected) (English Defiance)**—Excellent cropper, pods long, flat and large, containing seven to eight Peas of splendid flavour. Very suitable for most cool districts or the winter crop, either for market or home garden use; 3 feet.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 9d.); 1/- lb.



A STANDARD SORT—YATES' GREENFEAST PEA.

**PEAS (continued)—**

Yates' Utility (or Little Marvel)— Another very early dwarf variety growing 18 inches high. Produces a good crop of large, well-filled blunt-ended pods which are borne in pairs. Favours the cooler season of the year.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 9d.); 1/3 lb.
The Daisy—Splendid dwarf second early Pea. The pods are as long as and similar to Stratagem; a heavy cropper; 18 inches.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 9d.); 1/- lb.
Telephone—A tall-growing Pea, requiring stakes. It is one of the best of the standard tall English sorts, and we include it for those who prefer the very tall varieties, or who are growing for exhibition purposes. When well grown this variety produces magnificent pods with very large peas. Does best in a cool climate; 5 feet.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 9d.); 1/3 lb.
Sugar or Edible Poddend—Very tender and sweet flavoured pods, which, when partly filled, can be used entire like French Beans. Should be grown on supports.

Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.); 2/- lb.

PEPPER

(Or Capsicum)

Sow in seed bed in late spring and transplant when large enough. They should be planted in rows three feet apart, leaving 18 inches between the plants. They are most easily grown, requiring a sunny situation, ample water, and well-manured soil. The smaller "hot" varieties are used for garnishing in pickles and chutneys, and for flavouring soups. The larger mild or "sweet" varieties are used green as a salad vegetable, and for stuffing, baking, and other uses.

Chinese Giant—The largest sweet Pepper, 4½-5 inches long.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/6
Yellow Wax—Hot, very early, 6 or 7 inches long. 2 inches thick.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/6
Large Bell (or Bullnose)—A hot variety, 6-7 inches long, 2 inches thick.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/6
Ruby King—A sweet variety, 4½-5 inches long, 2½ inches through.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/6
Long Red Cayenne—A hot variety, 5 inches long, ½ inch through.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/6
Red Chili—A hot variety, 2-2½ inches long, about ¾ in. thick.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/6
Californian Wonder—One of the best of the sweet varieties; good thick flesh.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/6

PEPPER (continued)—

Sweet Mixed Varieties—A very fine mixture of only the best of the sweet varieties of Capsicum.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/6

POTATOES

(Tubers Only)

Should be planted for early use as soon as the frosts are over. A few may be planted rather earlier, as it is worth running some risk to get early potatoes. Open drills about 30 inches apart and six inches deep. If possible, put in this drill a layer of well-rotted stable manure; a dressing of some potash manure is also very beneficial. Potatoes up to two or two-and-a-half inches should be planted whole; those larger may be cut, care being taken to leave two eyes at least on each set. Plant the tubers about 12 inches apart in the rows. As soon as through the ground, keep the soil cultivated, and when plants are about six inches high, they should be earthed up by throwing the soil towards the rows.

In season we have prime graded samples (hand-picked) of all the leading varieties. Write for prices. Descriptive List published in July.

POTATO, SWEET

See page 54.

PUMPKINS

A leaflet on the cultivation of this crop is available free on request. The treatment is similar to Cucumber but 8 feet should be allowed between the groups of plants. They will thrive in any good garden soil.

NOTE—Winter Squashes, listed on page 54, are similar to our Table Pumpkins in that they have a hard skin and keep well. Some gardeners regard them as a more refined Pumpkin.

Yates' Queensland Blue—More consignments of this variety are seen in the markets than of any other. We have a very fine strain indeed, for it has dry flesh, uniform ribbing and deep colour. An excellent storing Pumpkin. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 3/-.

Yates' Triamble—The distinctive three-cornered shape provides large wedges of fine flavoured flesh. A good long-keeping sort. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 3/-.



RUBY KING PEPPER.

PUMPKINS (continued)—

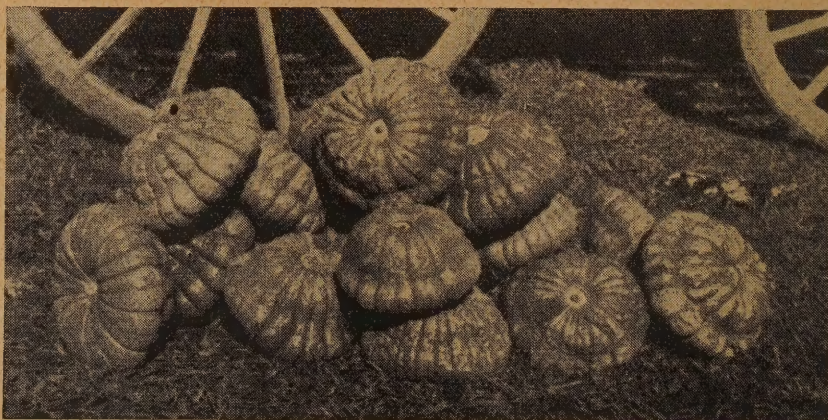
Yates' Select Crown (Sydney type)— The deep orange flesh surrounds a very small seed cavity. A popular home garden and market sort, and noted for its deep colour as well as dry flesh. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 3/-.

Ideal—A new variety from the N.S.W. Dept. of Agric. Fruit is conventional Pumpkin shape, slightly ribbed, medium grey. Main feature is splendid quality and colour of flesh. A good choice for the home grower.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/6; ½lb., 4/3

Turk's Cap (High Crown Type)— Matures quickly and therefore suitable for short season districts. Very prolific but not a long-keeping type. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/-.

Gramma or Trombone—A fine variety for warm districts, but it will not mature in cool climates. Very sugary, and greatly favoured by many for pies and for table use. Some users tell us it makes excellent jam. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; ½lb., 2/9.



THESE PUMPKINS SHOW TYPE AND BREEDING OF A HIGH ORDER, WHICH WE PUT THERE IN OUR TRIAL GROUND WORK. THE VARIETY IS YATES' QUEENSLAND BLUE.



LONG WHITE ICICLE RADISH.

RADISH

Plant throughout the year. For succession, sowings may be made every three or four weeks, on good light well-manured soil. To have good, tender, crisp-eating Radishes, they must be grown quickly and liberally watered during dry weather.

Long Scarlet—The favourite market variety, long and good flavour.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1/4 lb., 1/-
French Breakfast—Oval in shape, bright red with white tip, very early.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1/4 lb., 1/-
Mixed Turnip—Flatish round in shape. White and Red Turnip varieties.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1/4 lb., 1/-
Long White Icicle—Roots long and slender, pure white, exceedingly crisp and tender. This Radish is noted for the way it retains its fine qualities even when fully developed, and is perhaps the best variety for home garden growing.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1/4 lb., 1/-
White Chinese (Winter Radish)—Large white roots, cylindrical in shape, white flesh, mild flavour. Slower growing and larger size, good for winter use.

Pkt., 6d.; 1/4 lb., 1/3

RHUBARB

Some of the choicest varieties are available only as roots during the winter. Others, however, can be grown from seed. Freight is extra on all roots and, to reduce the cost of this, we recommend the small roots.

Sow the seed in spring and finally space the plants 12 to 15 inches apart in rows 2 ft. 6 inches apart. They like water and manure.

Cultivation leaflet is enclosed with each order for roots. Carriage is extra on Roots.

Sydney Crimson (Topp's Winter)—A variety bearing the heaviest crop in the early winter, but can be pulled all the year round. This sort is extensively grown in Sydney market gardens, and is also recommended for the home garden.

RHUBARB (continued)—

Roots (May to Sept.). Small roots, 4d. each, 3/6 doz., 25/- per hundred; 22/6 per hundred for lots of 500 or over.

Large roots, 6d. each, 5/- doz., 35/- per hundred; 30/- per hundred for lots of 500 or over.

Seed—Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/6; 1/4 lb., 4/3.

Victoria Giant—The largest and best for summer use. It usually makes little growth during winter months. **Seed** only—Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/6; 1/4 lb., 4/3.

Wilson's Ruby—A very fine variety largely grown for the Melbourne market; stems are of good size, fairly well-coloured and of exceptional quality.

Roots only (May to Sept.)—1/- ea.; 10/- doz.

Cherry Red—An excellent variety for the home garden. Stems are richly coloured and of excellent flavour, but rather small.

Roots only (May to Sept.)—1/- ea.; 10/- doz.

Burdett's Red—A South Australian introduction. Richly coloured stalks and excellent flavour.

Roots only (May to Sept.)—1/- ea.; 10/- doz.

ROSELLA

Rosella forms a bushy plant of a distinct purple and green colour. The flowers form along the stems. It is only suitable for semi-tropical or tropical climates. The celebrated Rosella Jam is made from the fleshy calyx of the flowers. Sow in early spring in a warm situation. Transplant into rows 5ft. apart, with 4 to 5ft. between the plants.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/9

SALSIFY

(Vegetable Oyster)

A most delicious vegetable which is not grown to the extent it deserves. The cultivation is similar to that of the Parsnip. When full-grown the roots should be boiled till tender, and served up with melted butter; they have a pronounced oyster flavour.

Mammoth Sandwich Island—An improved variety. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/-

SHALLOT

See page 50.

SILVER BEET

See page 42.

SPINACH

The true dwarf growing type which dieticians say contains the necessary vitamins—not to be confused with Silver Beet. Sow at intervals of 2 or 3 weeks, commencing in the early autumn. In cold districts spring sowings are possible. This does not apply to New Zealand Spinach.

Prickly Seeded—Bright green, large arrow-pointed leaves, very hardy and especially suited for late summer sowing for winter use.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1/4 lb., 1/-
Round Seeded—A good variety for general use. Broad, somewhat crimped leaves; very productive.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1/4 lb., 1/-
New Zealand—A perennial suited for growing during the summer in dry arid localities, where the ordinary Spinach does not succeed. Use the young leaves and tender stems and add the minimum of water for cooking. Soak seed in hot water before sowing. Pkt., 6d.; 1/4 lb., 1/-

Spinach Beet—See under Beet.



A CROP OF RADISH IN FULL FLOWER BEFORE GOING TO SEED.



SQUASH, GREEN HUBBARD.

SQUASH

These are divided into two main types—Summer Squashes, which are used soon after they are picked, and Winter Squashes, which can be stored like Pumpkins and are noted for their dry flesh, especially those of the Hubbard type. They have a hard, tough skin which makes them suitable for transit.

WINTER, OR LONG-KEEPING VARIETIES

(For Pumpkins, which are also used for winter storing, see page 52.)

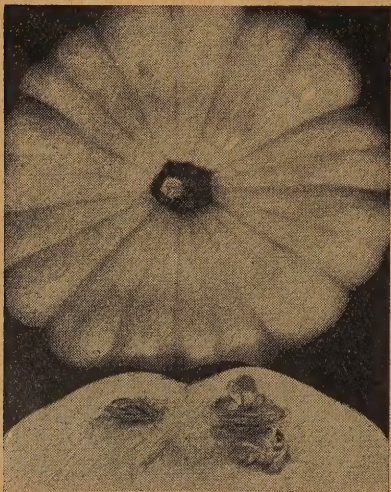
Practically any one of these is suitable for early markets and is excellent for the home garden.

Green Hubbard—Pointed, deep green fruits, slightly warted. Dry orange flesh which is sweet and very thick. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6.

Golden Hubbard—The earliest and smallest of the Hubbards and perhaps the most prolific. Rich golden, partially warted shell. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6.

Warted Hubbard—Large fruits, 14 to 15 lbs., are of an attractive dark bronzy-green colour. Heavily warted. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6.

Mixed Hubbard—A mixture of the



EARLY GOLDEN BUSH SQUASH.

SQUASH (continued)—

above types. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6.

Banana Squash—The fruit, which is excellent for keeping, averages about 22 inches in length and 14 inches in circumference. Distinct attractive flavour.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 3/-

Table Queen (Acorn)—Bright orange sweet-tasting flesh. The small pear-shaped fruit are green skinned, are produced in profusion, and measure about 5 inches in length. Recommended particularly for the home gardener, as they are delicious when baked. Compact growth. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 3/-.

Dollar Squash—Best used when fruits are about three inches across and cooked whole.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6

Golden Table Queen—An interesting variation of the green skinned sort listed above. The skin is rich orange, otherwise similar characteristics. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6

SUMMER SQUASHES

These are the non-keeping, marrow-like flesh types. They are all of a bush or non-running habit. Like Marrows (see page 48) they must be used immediately.

Early White Bush—Similar to Custard Marrow and very popular for summer use. Flat shaped, scalloped-edged fruit. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6.

Early Golden Bush—Similar to Early White except for the deep yellow skin. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6.

Yellow Crookneck—Popular in home gardens because of the firm tender flesh which cooks attractively. The bushy plants yield a heavy crop.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 3/-

Mixed Summer Bush—A mixture of the above varieties.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6

SWEET CORN

A delectable vegetable which the Americans regard as one of their special dishes. It has not gained such rapid popularity in this country, probably due to the fact that many of the cobs sold in shops are really Maize which is, of course, very coarse and has nothing like the flavour. Every home gardener should try a small sowing of Sweet Corn in the spring. It is easily cooked by boiling, grilling or baking. Sow when the frosts are over in rows 2 to 3 feet apart and thin out, leaving 12 inches between the plants.

Golden Bantam (Yellow)—Undoubtedly one of the best. It is of the choicest quality, and noted for its rich sweet flavour. It is a hardy variety, growing about 5ft. The ears are about six inches long with broad deep grains. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1lb., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6.

Country Gentleman (White)—Produces white cobs densely covered with irregular rows of white grains of excellent quality. One of the best white varieties.

Pkt., 6d.; 1lb., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6

Stowell's Evergreen (White)—A mid-season sort. Large cobs with broad grains; a particularly nice-looking cob. Pkt., 6d.; 1lb., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6

Fine Mixed—A mixture of the yellow and white varieties. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1lb., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6

Pop Corn—For roasting when ripe. Pkt., 6d.; 1lb., 1/-; 1lb., 2/9



SWEET CORN.

SWEET POTATO

The best way to procure these is by ordering rooted plants, which may be sent readily by post, and which are usually obtainable at a few days' notice any time during the late spring and early summer. These should be planted out about two feet apart, in drills three or four feet apart, in land which has previously been deeply trenched and well fertilized with a good phosphate manure. They are generally ready for digging in about four months from planting. We expect to have, in November, the following varieties:

Rooted Plants—Price, 1/- per doz.; 7/6 per 100; 55/- per 1000, unless stated otherwise. Postage or carriage extra.

Ashburn—A late white-skinned variety. Recommended for market.

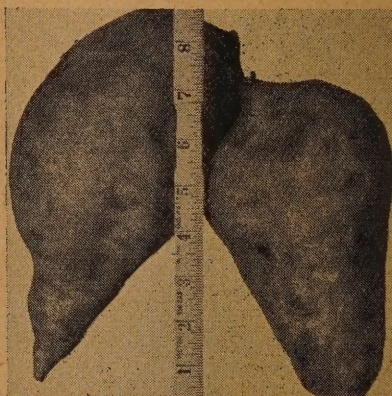
Farmer's Special—Fine mid-season variety, with pure white flesh, now replacing the older White Maltese.

H.A.C. Pink—A late variety, good keeper.

Porto Rico—Early, yellow flesh. One of the best.

Southern Queen—Mid-season, yellow flesh.

Yellow Strasburg—Mid-season, yellow flesh, hardy.



SWEET POTATO, PORTO RICO.

TOMATOES FOR SEED ON OUR FARM.



Our Tomato Seed is saved from crops grown for seed only, and is not just a by-product. By so doing, type of fruit and clean, healthy seed are secured.

TOMATO

Note Conditions of Sale, page 1, and notice in reference to varieties on page 39. Tomatoes should be sown in a hot-bed early in spring, or in the open when danger from frost is over, and from then on till January in districts with a reasonably long summer, and when the plants are large enough plant out in a warm position, which should be well enriched with good rotten manure. They may be allowed to run on the ground, but if grown against a wall or trellis work or trained up stakes and properly pruned, the larger crop will repay the trouble. Liquid manure during the growing season will be found very beneficial. For fuller directions see Yates' Tomato Booklet (post free).

Yates' Earliwinner—A selection from Earliana, and having all the good qualities of that variety, but in an improved form. It is slightly earlier than Earliana, the fruit is deeper in shape, more uniform in size, and is better shaded from the sun by the improved habit of the plant. In our trials it is a heavier cropper than Earliana, and should be a better carrier. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 2/6; ½oz., 3/9; 1oz., 7/6; ½lb., 25/-

Earliana (also known as **Sunnybrook Earliana**)—An extra early sort and one of the Tomatoes most favoured by both market and home grower. Vines carry very heavy crops of medium-sized, smooth, bright scarlet fruit. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/6; ½oz., 3/-; ½lb., 10/-

Devlin's Choice—Proved very popular last season, and both home gardeners and commercial growers find it profitable because of the continuous crop of medium-sized fruit which is deep and smooth. Looks most attractive when packed or on the table. It has caused much comment amongst Tomato growers. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/6; ½oz., 2/2; 1oz., 4/3; ½lb., 12/-

Bonny Best—Medium-sized fruit, very smooth, solid and uniform. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/6; ½oz., 3/-; ½lb., 10/-

Burwood Prize—A potato-leaved maincrop variety and a great favourite. Produces enormous crops of smooth, oval fruit of fine colour and texture. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/6; ½oz., 3/-; ½lb., 10/-

Ponderosa—Where great size is wanted, this is one of the best varieties

TOMATO (continued)—

to grow. It is late in maturing and produces solid fruit of good flavour. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/6; ½oz., 4/3; ½lb., 12/-

Marglobe—A very productive variety, and in our trials a very excellent sort. Second early in season. Plants medium large and erect, shading the fruit well. Fruit large, red, smooth, and globular. Sometimes fruit has a tendency to star-crack at the stem. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/6; ½oz., 3/-; ½lb., 10/-

Break O' Day—An early scarlet-fruited variety. The fruit is of good medium size, deep and round, resembling Marglobe; vines of open, rather spreading growth, but a really good hardy type. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/6; ½oz., 3/-; ½lb., 10/-

Chalk's Early Jewel—A first early sort, fruit good market size, smooth shaped, solid, and bright red colour. We prefer Bonny Best, which is very similar, but has better type fruit. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/6; ½oz., 3/-; ½lb., 10/-

Pritchard—A second early variety, it has proved a valuable Tomato both to the home grower as well as to the market gardener. It is a good cropper; the deep scarlet fruit is of medium size, smooth, globular, and extremely solid; shows some tendency to star-cracking at the stem end. The vine is nicely compact, with heavy foliage, almost potato-leaved. In our Trials appears to be identical with a variety now offered as Low Branch. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/6; ½oz., 3/-; ½lb., 10/-

Red Marhio—The seed of this variety we are offering is produced from the strain originally introduced by the Dept. of Agriculture of N.S.W. It has done very well under N.S.W. North Coast conditions, and is worth a trial in other parts. In type is somewhat like Break O' Day. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/6; ½oz., 2/3; 1oz., 4/6; ½lb., 12/6

Marvana—An early Tomato of small to medium size, with round fruit of rich red colour, borne in clusters on a rather open vine. Very prolific and resistant to Fusarium Wilt. One of the best of the smaller-fruited sorts. Strongly recommended. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/6; ½oz., 3/-; ½lb., 10/-

TOMATO (continued)—

Yates' Improved Stone (Norton Matchless)—A rather large-fruited, late-maturing Tomato, popular among growers for late season marketing. It will ripen its fruit well into the autumn, and the fruit will further ripen and colour up after picking if carefully stored. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/6; ½oz., 3/-; ½lb., 10/-

Rutgers—A recent introduction with good promise. Mid-season with a vigorous, bushy, upright vine. Gives a good crop of large solid fruit of a good dark scarlet colour. Recommended for trial. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/6; ½oz., 2/2; 1oz., 4/3; ½lb., 12/-

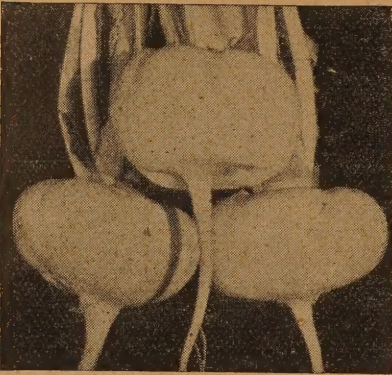
South Australian Early Dwarf Red—This variety is very similar to Australian Large Red described below, but is somewhat smoother. It is particularly hardy and sets its fruit under cool conditions. A heavy cropper and excellent for Southern districts. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/6; ½oz., 2/3; 1oz., 4/6; ½lb., 12/6

Burwood Wonder—In our Trials this is practically identical to the above. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/6; ½oz., 2/3; 1oz., 4/6; ½lb., 12/6

Australian Large Red—A variety largely grown in Victoria and other Southern States; the fruit is inclined to be ribbed with large seed cavities, but it is valuable for cool districts where other varieties may fail to ripen. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/6; ½oz., 2/3; 1oz., 4/6; ½lb., 12/6



All the kinds we recommend have been well tested in Australia. We will gladly discuss individual varieties for special conditions.



YATES' FLAT EXPRESS TURNIP.

TOMATO (continued)—

June Pink (Pink Queen)—A selection from Earliana, and differing chiefly from that variety in the colour, which is a purplish pink. The fruit is uniform in size and shape, and the flesh solid, rather tender skinned. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; 1oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 10/-.

Golden Queen (Yellow Fruited)—The best of this colour. Fruit is of medium size, smooth in shape, and a very good cropper. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; 1oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 10/-.

Buckeye State (or Targinnie Blue)—A late-cropping pink-fruited variety. Fruit large, plant of vigorous growth and good carrier. Popular in some parts of Queensland. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; 1oz., 4/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 12/-.

Beafsteak (Crimson Cushion)—Large smooth fruit; liked by some home gardeners. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 5/-.

ENGLISH CLUSTER VARIETIES

These have medium to small fruit borne in larger clusters. Several varieties are very useful for home and market grower, and as a class they are more disease-resistant. They are medium early in season.

Prosperity—A new Yates' introduction with quite large fruit for this class and an amazingly heavy cropper. We strongly recommend a trial by those who grow Recruit or any other variety in this class. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/9; 1oz., 7/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25/-.

Woodward's Sensation—In our opinion ranks next to Prosperity. Equally good cropper but hardly as large in the fruit. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/9; 1oz., 7/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25/-.

Recruit—Up to the present this variety has been the most popular in this class. It is a hardy, heavy cropping sort, but in our opinion not as desirable as the two above. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; 1oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 10/-.

Other Varieties in this Class—Kondine Red, Reynold's No. 2, Ailsa Craig, Potentate, Planter's Favourite. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/3; 1oz., 4/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 12/6.

Small-Fruited Preserving Varieties:—

King Humbert—A popular small-fruited Tomato because of its hardiness and very definite resistance to wilt. Excellent for preserving and flavouring.

We also stock several other fancy small-fruited sorts, such as San Marzana (grown for sauce factories), Scarlet Pear-shaped, Yellow Pear-shaped, Peach, Yellow Plum, and Red Cherry. These are of excellent flavour and also useful for preserving; also very decorative. Each: Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; 1oz., 5/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15/-.

MARKET GROWERS!

Even this very comprehensive list of Tomatoes does not entirely cover the varieties offering to-day. There are a number of others mainly of interest to commercial growers, and we endeavour to keep regular stocks. Particulars will be forwarded on application.

Tree Tomatoes (See Cyphomandra, page 46).

SWEDE TURNIP

In warm climates Swedes may be sown from the end of January to about mid-March. They must be given time to form the root before the onset of frosty weather. This means earlier sowing in cold climates. Once the root is fairly well formed they will stand any amount of frost. When fully grown, good-sized shapely roots can be pulled for market, and the balance grazed by sheep or cattle. They make splendid feed for milking cows.

Yates' Champion Purple Top—We are very proud of our selected strain. In our Trials it has proved the best sort for garden use. Is early maturing and sweet flavoured. Its clean skin and good shape make it acceptable on any market. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6.

Yates' Monarch—A large tankard-shaped Swede, with purple top. Heavy yielder and a good keeper, but later maturing.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/-; 1lb., 2/6

TURNIP

Turnips to be tender and good flavoured must be grown quickly, so should have a rich soil, and an open situation. The seed should be sown very thinly, and the plants thinned out to about 3in. apart when young. Leave about 9-12in. between the rows. In temperate climates sowings can be made at almost any time (except the hottest summer months, or too late in the autumn, in which case the roots will not mature before severe frosts). In warm districts crops grown in the cooler season do best. Keep growing plants well watered if weather is hot and dry. Turnip tops, when reasonably young, can be cooked like Spinach.

White Stone (or Snowball)—Of all Turnips this variety is by far the most used, being the standard all-round sort and one of the best; round pure white roots of excellent quality; hardy.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/3

Yates' Long White—A long cylindrical Turnip, the most suitable for the warmer parts of this country, as it is a quick grower, and does not run to seed so rapidly as other sorts. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/9.

Yates' Flat Express—Can be grown in almost any climate because it is so quick to mature. Pure white flat roots of excellent quality. Vigorous tops. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/9.

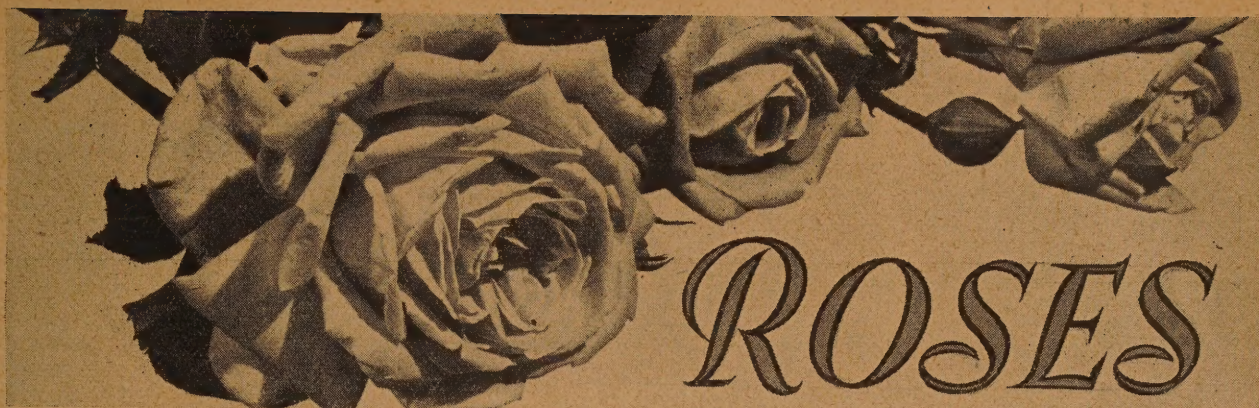
Purple Top White Globe (Market Pride)—Globular pure white roots with attractive purple top. Rapid grower and excellent for bunching. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/3

Purple Top Munich (or Milan)—Remarkably early, flat in shape, and pure white, with dark purple top. Popular with home growers. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/3

Orange Jelly (or Golden Ball)—A very fine globe-shaped variety, with orange-coloured skin, flesh is pale yellow, firm, and of fine quality. Recommended only for cool southern districts. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/3



THEY HAVE PASSED THE TEST. THIS SHOWS ONE MAIN POINT ABOUT SEED GROWING, AND THAT IS SELECTION. ONLY THE SWEDE TURNIP ROOTS THAT ARE THE REQUIRED SHAPE, COLOUR, TEXTURE, ETC., ARE CHOSEN FOR THE "STOCK" OR MOTHER SEED.



PLANT END APRIL TO END SEPTEMBER.

As each year a large number of novelty roses are introduced, we are compelled to revise our list regularly, making way for new varieties that show improvement, and retaining those that are already well tried. We offer a selection of the best only, but if any rose required is not listed here, please enquire, as we may be able to supply it. We wish to draw attention especially to the illustration, in colour, of YATES' "BEST SIX ROSES FOR 1940." (See back cover.)

LEAFLET ON ROSE CULTURE WILL BE ENCLOSED WITH EACH ORDER DESPATCHED.

NOVELTY ROSES FOR 1940

The following is a selection of the best Novelty Roses offered for the first time in Australia. Price, 4/- each. Carriage extra.

Dr. F. G. Chandler—Bright crimson-scarlet of even shade throughout. Large flower, high pointed centre, with true old rose fragrance. Vigorous grower. Awarded Clay Gold Vase and Gold Medal N.R.S. (England) for best new scented rose of 1939.

Grand Duchess Charlotte—Bright tomato-red, shaded geranium-red. Long pointed bud, useful as a cut flower. Vigorous, bushy growth. Awarded Grand Prix de Rome and Gold Medal Saverne, 1938.

Kathleen Kennedy—The buds are rich, salmon-carmine, flushed with cherry, pink and orange, opening to large flowers of light salmon-carmine, shaded orange. Sweetly

scented. Suitable for garden or exhibition.

Mama Pechtold—Rosy salmon, long buds opening to large fully double blooms. Vigorous grower. Suitable for garden or cut flowers.

Marie-Clarie—Coral, red and gold passing to orange-yellow. Blooms fully double and of good size. Scented.

Nonin—Golden yellow bud, opening to large, full bloom of golden yellow, tinted coral. Fragrant, free flowering and vigorous.

Numa Fey—Rosy salmon buds opening to large fragrant blooms with centre salmon orange, outer petals rosy salmon with pale rose edges. Suitable for all purposes. Vigorous growth.

Prince Bernhard—Crimson, flushed blood red. Long buds, full flowers. Fragrant. Suitable for garden or cut flowers. Gold Medal, Paris.

Profusion—Long, pointed bud, opening to full fragrant flower of carmine-lake with orange yellow base. Vigorous grower and very free flowering.

Rome Glory—Described as "a Red Dame Edith Helen," but with larger flower and stronger growth. Colour clear, bright red. Fragrant. Premier award, International Trials, Rome.

Vera Allen—A large, full, sweetly scented bloom. Shades of pink on a primrose base. Suitable for any purpose.

ROSES OF RECENT INTRODUCTION

These varieties are offered with confidence, having been tested for over twelve months under Australian conditions. Price, 2/- each; 22/- dozen. Carriage extra.

Chaplin's Triumph—Rich, deep crimson with dark velvety sheen. The buds are perfectly formed, long, shapely and very strongly scented. (See coloured illustration, back cover.)

Chieftain—Large blooms of good shape, bright red, produced on long stems.

Dickson's Bouquet—Salmon-carmine and apricot blended with saffron. Flowers are fragrant, medium size, full and lasting. Growth is excellent.

Dickson's Delight—Vivid orange, heavily shaded scarlet in bud. Medium-sized blooms, sweetly scented. Erect, free growth.

Emile Cramon—Reddish copper buds opening to coppery carmine, shaded chrome yellow. Large blooms on erect stems.

Golden Queen—Deep yellow bud, shaded carmine, opening to large flowers of rich pure chrome yellow. Strong growth, few thorns.

Golden State—Rich golden yellow, veined carmine on the exterior. Large full flowers, richly fragrant. Growth is excellent, few thorns. Voted the most "Beautiful Rose of France," 1937; Gold Medal, Bagatelle (France), 1937.

Golden Talisman—A sport from Talisman, colour a rich even yellow. Recommended.

Home, Sweet Home—Rich, deep pink, large fragrant flowers. Good growth. **J. H. Bruce**—Rich crimson scarlet, large blooms, richly fragrant. Growth is vigorous. Gold Medal, N. Rose Society, England.

Lawrence of Arabia—Indian yellow, flushed coppery rose; large, full flower. Strong, bushy growth.

Lemania—Red with a blackish velvet sheen, almost black in the bud. Blooms very large and of perfect form; vigorous growth.

Mme. Henri Guillot—Deep salmon-pink, shaded orange. Large Camellia-shaped blooms of perfect form. Gold Medal, Bagatelle (Paris), 1936.

Mme. Jean Gaujard—Orange-yellow blooms of good form and size, borne singly on strong stems.

Patrick Anderson—Large, perfectly formed flower of deep rose pink. Fragrant. Vigorous, upright growth.

Princess A. de Broglie—Glowing red, with reverse of petals yellow. Large full flower. Good grower. Gold Medal, Bagatelle (Paris), 1935.

Radio—Large fragrant bloom, soft yellow with outer petals striped and blotched carmine.

Rotary Lyon—Bud very long on a long, stiff stem. Flower very large, cup-shaped, fully double; back of petals yellow, lightly shaded carmine, inside old-gold, shaded carmine. (See coloured illustration, back cover.)

Vainqueur—Dark blood red blooms, large, full and sweetly scented. Carried singly on long, erect stems.

Walter Bentley—Coppery orange, one of the largest blooms of exhibition standard. Strong, upright stems.

When growing ROSES as a hedge, use one variety only for uniformity.

ROSES

General List

Price, 1/6 each; 16/- dozen.
Carriage extra.

REDS.

- Better Times**—Large, double fragrant cerise flowers, produced on long stems; free blooming.
- Cathrine Kordes**—A fine, vigorous grower; large blooms, cerise scarlet shaded crimson. Tea scent.
- Crimson Glory**—Large, well-formed, fragrant blooms, crimson shaded deeper. A vigorous grower. One of the best reds.
- E. G. Hill**—Dazzling scarlet, deepening to red. Large full blooms, good shape. Scented. Vigorous.
- Etoile de Hollande**—Large, fragrant blooms, moderately full, of brilliant crimson. Growth vigorous; good foliage. (See also Climbers.)
- George Dickson**—Large double blooms, deep rich crimson, veined and shaded velvety black. Extra vigorous.
- Hadley**—Rich, velvety crimson, blooms good shape and size. Sweetly scented. (See also Climbers.)
- Hoosier Beauty**—Deep, velvety red, veined black. Scented.
- Malar Ros**—Deep crimson, large egg-shaped buds. Old rose perfume. Vigorous.
- Mary Hart**—A red sport from Talisman. Colour velvety red, same form, fragrance and habit as the original.
- Matador**—A choice red rose, similar to "Etoile de Hollande," but the blooms have more petals.
- McGredy's Scarlet**—Bright, reddish cerise, large blooms. (See coloured illustration, back cover.)
- President Boone**—Deep crimson, shaded maroon. Large, full blooms of good shape. Suitable garden or exhibition.
- Red Radiance**—Sport from Radiance. Same growth and habit. Colour light red, darker in late autumn and winter. (See also Climbers.)
- Rouge Mallerin**—A brilliant red. Large, full flowers of excellent form, having a sweet damask fragrance.
- Texas Centennial**—A striking light red, shading to cerise red in centre. A sport of President Herbert Hoover.
- Will Rogers**—Large, fragrant, double blooms; velvety crimson. Suitable garden or exhibition.
- We can also supply the following
- Reds:** Brazier, Christopher Stone, Daily Mail Scented, Dr. Hawkesworth, Frances Scott Key, Gipsy Lass, Grenoble, Hugo Roller, Joyous Cavalier, Laurent Carle, Lord Charlemont, Lady Helen Maglona, Madge Whipp, McGredy's Triumph, Mrs. Geo. Geary, Mrs. H. Winnett, Penelope, Sensation, Souv. De Georges Pernet, and Wm. Orr.

PINK AND SALMON.

- Betty Uphrad**—Inner face of petals delicate salmon pink, reverse glowing carmine, tinted orange. Blooms large, semi-double. Scented. Vigorous. (See also Climbers.)
- Columbia**—Deep pink, nicely formed flowers, long stems. Fragrant. Vigorous, few thorns. (See also Climbers.)
- Comtesse Vandal**—Reddish copper in bud, opening to nicely formed, full flower of buff and salmon, with coppery salmon reverse.

PINK AND SALMON (continued)—

- Dame Edith Helen**—Glowing pink. Reliable for exhibition; moderately vigorous growth. Must not be heavily pruned. (See also Climbers.)
- Edith Nellie Perkins**—Inner face of petals salmon pink to orange-salmon, reverse light orient red. Vigorous growth. Scented.
- Editor McFarland**—Large, full flower. Colour, bright rose. Vigorous.
- Elli Knab**—Large, full, perfectly shaped blooms. Pale pink on face of petals with carmine reverse. Suitable for garden or exhibition.
- Ethel Somerset**—Shrimp pink, edge of petals deep flesh. Large blooms of good form. Suitable garden or exhibition.
- J. J. L. Mock**—Inside of petals silvery pink, reverse carmine; blooms large and of good form. Growth vigorous and erect.
- Korovo**—Clear salmon pink. Large, double blooms of good exhibition form.
- La Parisienne**—Very free flowering, and a strong, vigorous grower; long buds carried singly on a long stem; colour, flaming coral. Very large, nearly double.



CRIMSON GLORY.

- Mme. Abel Chatenay**—Rosy pink, shaded salmon, base of petals deeper. Large, well-formed blooms, long stems. Growth vigorous. (See also Climbers.)
- Mme. Butterfly**—Apricot pink and gold on pale flesh ground. Blooms moderately full and fragrant.

YATES' BEST SIX ROSES FOR 1940

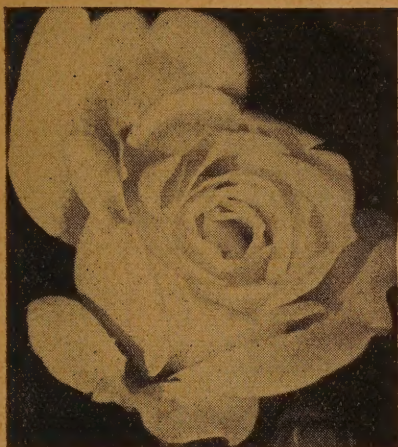
(AS ILLUSTRATED ON BACK COVER.)

1. William Moore (Pink).
2. Souv. De D. Van Der Gon (Yellow).
3. Chaplin's Triumph (Red, 1938 Novelty).
4. Rotary Lyon (Yellow and Carmine, 1938 Novelty).
5. Una Wallace (Pink).
6. McGredy's Scarlet (Reddish Carmine).

One plant of each of above Bush
Roses for 10/- Carriage Free.

PINK AND SALMON (continued)—

- Mme. Second Weber**—Colour clear salmon rose, extra large, with fine stiff petals. (See also Climbers.)
- Mrs. Bryce Allen**—Carmine rose, full globular bloom, richly scented. Exhibition or garden.
- Mrs. W. E. Lenon**—Reddish carmine, large, long pointed blooms. Very fragrant; growth vigorous.
- McGredy's Peach**—Yellow, suffused apricot. Buds long and pointed.
- Oliver Mee**—Deep salmon, flushed fawn. Very large blooms of excellent shape. Glossy foliage.
- President Marcia**—Large, full, fragrant blooms. Deep pink on outside of petals, pale flesh pink on inside.
- Queensland Beauty**—A pink sport of Golden Dawn. Colour deep rose pink in bud stage, opening to various shades of flesh pink. Light perfume.
- Radiance**—A popular garden and cut-flower variety. Inner face of petals silvery pink, reverse carmine. Large, full blooms carried on long stems. (See also Climbers.)
- Rose Marie**—Rose pink, nicely shaped buds, opening to a good, full flower. Rich, fruity scent. Vigorous and free flowering. (See also Climbers.)
- S. and M. Perrier**—This is a very vigorous grower with strong and thick wood. The flower is very large, satiny pale rose, with a golden reflex.
- Sunny South**—Bright pink, flushed carmine, large semi-double flowers. A vigorous growing decorative rose.
- Sweetness**—Apricot on a light buttercup yellow ground, shaded light rosy cerise, with a deep amber base; as it develops, the colour becomes maize yellow washed with pale rose. Flower large, full and fragrant.
- Una Wallace**—Soft, cherry rose throughout. Large, well-shaped blooms. Scented. Vigorous. Garden or exhibition. (See coloured illustration, back cover.)
- Warrawee**—Extra long pointed buds of clear rosy-salmon, inner face of silvery pink. Flowers fairly full, fragrant. Vigorous.
- William Moore**—Large blooms, soft carmine pink shaded deeper. Excellent for exhibition or garden. (See coloured illustration, back cover.)
- We also have the following Pink Roses: Dainty Bess, Elizabeth of York, Fascination, Fred. Walker, J. C. M. Mensing, Leading Lady, Lorraine Lee, Lucy Nicholas, Mabel Turner, Maman Cochet, Margaret McGredy, Mme. Cochet Cochet, Mrs. Geo. Shawyer, Mrs. C. J. Bell, Mrs. L. B. Codrington, McGredy's Coral, McGredy's Pink, Picture, R. J. Leveque, and Rapture.
- #### YELLOW AND COPPER.
- Contesa de Sagato**—A novel bi-coloured flower. Outside of petals golden yellow, inside red. Large well-formed blooms.
- Effect (Max Krause, 1935)**—Inside flowers scarlet-red; outside flushed golden yellow. Strong grower.
- Elite**—Glowing rose with orange shading, richer in colour than President Hoover. Flowers are double, well-formed and fragrant.
- Federico Casas**—Colour, red and yellow. Bud large and long pointed. Very fragrant.
- Gaiety**—Buds very attractive, being orange, flushed with vermillion and old rose, opening to well-shaped blooms. Growth vigorous.



GOLDEN DAWN.

YELLOW AND COPPER (continued)

Girona—A glorious medley of rose-pink, yellow and red, somewhat recalling Talisman in colour. The buds are pointed and open to intensely fragrant blooms.

Golden Dawn—Buds rich yellow, flushed with old rose, paling to lemon yellow as flower ages. Blooms are large and of good form; growth vigorous. Recommended for garden or exhibition. (See also Climbers.)

Golden Ophelia—A rich, golden yellow in the bud, opening to medium-sized blooms, lighter on outer petals. Useful cut-flower.

Irish Fireflame—Coppery red in bud, opening to single blooms of coppery yellow and pale biscuit. Sweetly scented. (See also Climbers.)

Julien Potin—Rich, golden yellow. Long buds opening to large flowers of perfect form. Scented.

Lady Hillingdon—Orange yellow; not very full, but the long-pointed buds are very pretty. (See also Climbers.)

Lleida—An attractive bi-colour. Outside of petals are yellow flushed orange-red, inner face bright orange red.

Mme. Joseph Perraud—Orange in the bud, opening to a large, full, fragrant flower, of buff delicately shaded shell pink.

M. G. Van Rossem—Flamed orange and apricot on a golden yellow base. Reverse of petals is bronze. Growth moderately vigorous. (See also Climbers.)

Mme. Pierre S. du Pont—Rich yellow, long buds, scented. Disease-resistant foliage. Vigorous grower.

Mrs. Dunlop Best—Reddish apricot, moderately full. Free flowering, strong, healthy grower. (See also Climbers.)

Mrs. Verschuren—Salmon-orange blooms on stiff stems.

McGredy's Yellow—Colour, lemon yellow. Growth is good. Recommended.

Ninon Vallin—Outside of petals clear yellow; inside apricot. Disease-resistant foliage.

Orange Glory—Rich orange fading to coppery pink.

President Herbert Hoover—Large, fairly full blooms, outer petals claret red, inner petals deep salmon flesh. (See also Climbers.)

Queen Astrid—Persian yellow, shaded reddish apricot and bronze. Large, full, fragrant blooms on long stems.

Rex Anderson—Large blooms, pale lemon yellow, shaded gold at base. Exhibition or garden.

YELLOW AND COPPER (continued)

Rev. F. Page Roberts—One of the most beautiful roses. Deep golden yellow, overlaid and veined with coppery orange on reverse of petals. Large, full blooms. Fragrant. Moderate grower.

Shot Silk—Bright cherry cerise, flushed salmon, orange and rose. Blooms medium size, fairly full. Foliage glossy. (See also Climbers.)

Silver Jubilee—Light golden yellow with chrome base and canary edge. Blooms are large and very full.

Sir Henry Segrave—Pale primrose yellow with deeper base. Large, full, well-formed flower. Scented.

Souv. de D. Van der Gon—Full double flowers of beautiful form. Very fragrant. Colour, orange yellow, shaded coppery red, shading to a golden yellow. Vigorous grower. (See coloured illustration, back cover.)

Souv. de H. A. Verschuren—Yellow to orange, blooms large, full and well shaped. Scented.

Souv. de Mme. Bouillet—Deep orange yellow, long buds opening to fairly full flowers. Growth vigorous. (See also Climbers.)

Talisman—One of the most richly coloured roses. Shades of scarlet, pink, copper and gold are to be found, but colour is extremely variable. Scented. Good growth. (See also Climbers.)

We can also supply the following in Yellow and Copper shades: **Alex. Hill Gray**, **Angele Pernet**, **Autumn**, **Canary**, **Faience**, **Geheimrat Duisberg**, **Heinrich Wendland**, **Irish Elegance**, **Joanna Hill**, **Kidway**, **Leontine Contenot**, **Luis Brinas**, **Mme. Nicholas Aussel**, **Mrs. Sam McGredy**, **McGredy's Pride**, **McGredy's Wonder**, **Percy Izzard**, **Professor Deaux**, **Souv. de Claudius Pernet**, **Sunburst**, **Ville de Paris**, **Phyllis Gold**.

WHITE AND LIGHT COLOURS.

Caledonia—Pure white of exhibition standard. Scented. Good growth. Foliage mildew-proof.

Elizabeth Arden—Pure white, perfect form. Mildew-proof foliage.

Frau Karl Druschki—A favourite pure white, large blooms, extra vigorous, semi-climbing growth.

K. A. Victoria—Still one of the best whites. Large blooms of perfect exhibition form. (See also Climbers.)

Mme. Jules Bouche—White, flushed pink. Large, well-formed flowers; vigorous grower; very fine; scented.

Molly Sharman Crawford—A rose of great beauty; delicate greenish white, of good size. A vigorous grower.

Mother's Day—Huge blooms of white, with edge of petals tinted faint salmon pink. Exhibition blooms.

Mrs. H. Brocklebank—Creamy white, centre buff, outer petals sometimes tinted salmon rose. Large, full blooms, good shape.

Mrs. H. Stevens—One of the best white roses; long-pointed buds, large blooms. Suitable exhibition or garden. (See also Climbers.)

White Maman Cochet—Creamy white, tinted deep pink to red on outer petals. Large, heavy blooms. Mildew-proof foliage. Vigorous. (See also Climbers.)

We also have available the following in White and Light colours: **Edith Krause**, **Konigin Luise**, **Lord Rossmore**, **Mrs. Chas. Lamplough**, **Mrs. H. R. Darlington**, **Oswald Sieper**, **Phoebe**, and **White Ensign**.

CLIMBING ROSES

(Not including Wichuraiana or Dorothy Perkins type.)

Price, 1/6 each; 16/- per dozen. Carriage extra.

Climbing Roses may be grown on arches or pergolas, trellises, fences, etc. When planting, the budded side or shoot should be directed towards the support.

REDS.

Blackboy—Deep blackish crimson, blooms not very full, but freely produced on established plants. Suitable for arch or pergola.

Clg. Daily Mail Scented—A climbing sport of the "Daily Mail Scented" rose. Rich, deep velvety red.

Clg. Etoile de Hollande—The fragrant, red bush rose, "Etoile de Hollande," is considered by many to be the finest of all red roses. An outstanding red climbing rose.

Clg. Hadley—A valuable addition to the list of red climbers, resembling the popular dwarf variety. Fragrant.

Clg. Laurent Carle—A scented red climber, mildew proof and vigorous.

Clg. Red Radiance—A vigorous climber, blooms light red, identical with the parent bush rose. Suitable all purposes.

Countess of Stradbroke—Large, fairly full blooms of dark velvety crimson. Rich fragrance. Nice foliage.

Miss Marion Manifold—A vigorous climber producing large, fairly full blooms of crimson scarlet.

Paul's Scarlet Climber—A vigorous climber. Blooms in clusters of medium size; dazzling scarlet.

Royal Scarlet Hybrid—Related to "Paul's Scarlet Climber," but deeper and richer in colour, and blooms along the stems of previous season's growth.

We also have the following Red Climbers: **Blaze**, **Clg. General Macarthur**, **Clg. Lord Charlemont**, **Clg. Penelope**, **Clg. Souv. de Georges Pernet**, **Clg. W. E. Chaplin**, **Noella Nabonnand**, and **Princess of Orange**.

PINK AND SALMON.

Clg. Betty Uprichard—A vigorous climbing sport of the popular salmon bush rose. Will prove a valuable addition to this section. (A true climbing sport.)

Clg. Columbia—Climbing form of the popular pink bush rose. Free blooming; mildew proof. Scented.



MRS. H. STEVENS.

PINK AND SALMON (continued)—

- Clg. Fred Walker—A vigorous climbing sport of the original dwarf variety. Coral red buds, opening to salmon pink. (A local introduction of true climbing habit.)
- Clg. Maman Cochet—One of the most vigorous climbing roses. Large, heavy pink blooms. Mildew proof.
- Clg. Mme. Abel Chatenay—A favourite pink climber, suitable for all purposes. Free blooming and vigorous. Scented.
- Clg. Mme. Cecil Brunner—A favourite miniature rose, colour salmon flesh, centre coppery salmon; borne in sprays up to 60 and 70 buds.
- Clg. Mme. Segond Weber—A beautiful pink climber producing very large, full blooms of silvery pink, shaded salmon-rose.
- Clg. Radiance—A climbing form of the popular bush of same name. A vigorous, free blooming climber, suitable for arch or pergola.
- Clg. Rose Marie—A richly scented climber, blooms clear rose-pink.
- Clg. Shot Silk—A new colour in climbers, the glossy foliage and coppery salmon blooms being identical with the well-known bush variety.
- Flying Colours—A large cerise pink single rose; makes a bright show on trellis, arch or pergola.
- We also have the following Pink Climbers: Clg. Dame Edith Helen, Clg. Lorraine Lee, Clg. Mrs. Geo. Shawyer, Kitty Kininmonth, and Sachsengruss.

YELLOW AND COPPER.

- Clg. Golden Dawn—A vigorous climbing sport of the well-known and popular dwarf variety.
- Clg. Irish Fireflame—One of the most beautiful single climbers. Sweetly scented blooms of biscuit, shaded copper, outer petals coppery red.
- Clg. Lady Hillingdon—One of the best yellow climbing roses. Free blooming, good foliage.
- Clg. M. G. Van Rossem—A climbing form of the popular bush rose of same name.
- Clg. Mrs. Dunlop Best—Orange-yellow. A vigorous climbing sport of Mrs. D. Best.
- Clg. President Hoover—A climbing sport of the bush of same name.
- Clg. Souv. De Mme. Boulet—Climbing sport of the popular dwarf. Deep apricot yellow, long buds; tea scent.



CLIMBING SHOT SILK.

YELLOW AND COPPER (continued)

- Clg. Talisman—A climbing sport of the well-known dwarf variety. The colour in varying shades of copper, pink, and gold is identical.
- Mermaid—Large single, creamy yellow; blooms freely produced. Vigorous climbing growth; beautiful glossy foliage.
- We also have Clg. Sunburst, Cloth of Gold, and Clg. Golden Ophelia.
- ### WHITE AND LIGHT COLOURS.
- Clg. K. A. Victoria—Large, shapely blooms. Does not carry enough foliage for growing on pergola or arch.
- Clg. Mrs. H. Stevens—A fine, vigorous white climbing rose. Large, well-shaped blooms.
- Clg. White Maman Cochet—A vigorous climber requiring plenty of space and strong support.

DWARF

POLYANTHA ROSES

These little cluster roses bloom about 7 months of the year, and are excellent for permanent borders, or massing in beds. They grow about 18 inches to 2 feet in height.

Price, 1/6 each; 16/- dozen. Carriage extra.

Plant about 18 inches apart.

- Diana—Single, deep orange, suffused carmine.
- Ellen Poulsen—A bright pink; blooms large and double. Nice foliage.
- Fireglow—Fiery orange red, very brilliant. Small flowers.
- Golden Salmon (Syn. "Goldlachs" and "Orange Perfection")—Fiery golden salmon. Fades quickly, but beautiful in autumn.
- Gloria Mundi—Glowing orange vermillion. The small, dainty blooms, which are double, are borne in pretty sprays. This variety is a distinct improvement on "Golden Salmon" as it does not fade.
- George Elger—Golden yellow in bud, paler when opened.
- Ideal—One of the best Polyanthas, very dark red. Recommended.
- Miss Edith Cavell—Scarlet-crimson. An attractive Polyantha.
- Mme. Cecil Brunner—A perfect rose in miniature. Soft pink, shaded coppery salmon in centre. (See also Climbers.)
- Orange Triumph—Large salmon-red flowers with orange shading. Healthy growth. Recommended.
- Sparkler—A brilliant red. One of the best red Polyanthas.
- Tip Top—A perfect rose in miniature. Cerise with yellow at base; very dainty.
- Yvonne Rabier—The best white Polyantha, lemon-scented, glossy foliage.

WICHURAIANA

(or Trailing)

ROSES

These are useful for quickly covering banks, out-buildings, fences, etc. They bloom November-December.

Price, 1/6 each; 16/- per dozen. Carriage extra.

- Dorothy Perkins—Colour rich soft rose, double blooms, borne in clusters.
- Emily Gray—Golden yellow. One of the best of this type. Clusters of double blooms.



STANDARD ROSE.

WICHURAIANA ROSES (continued)

- Excelsa—Light red, like "Dorothy Perkins," only deeper colour.
- Golden Rambler—Large, double golden yellow flowers, borne in clusters. Fragrant.
- Romeo—The best red Wichuriana.
- Sander's White—An improvement on "White Dorothy Perkins." Clusters of double white blooms.

STANDARD ROSES

Available June to August, inclusive.

These are the same varieties as the dwarf or Bush Roses, but are budded on straight briar stems two feet six inches to three feet in height. They are neat in appearance, and annuals, etc., may be grown close up to them.

For descriptions, see General Lists.

Price, 4/- each; 45/- per dozen. Carriage extra.

REDS.

- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| Better Times | Hadley |
| Cathrine Kordes | Malar Ros |
| Chaplin's Triumph | Matador |
| Crimson Glory | McGredy's Scarlet |
| Daily Mail Scented | Red Radiance |
| E. G. Hill | Rouge Mallerin |
| Etoile De Hollande | Texas Centennial |

PINK AND SALMON.

- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| Columbia | President Marcia |
| Comtesse Vandal | Queensland |
| Editor Macfarland | Beauty |
| Elli Knab | Radiance |
| Korovo | Rose Marie |
| Mme. Abel Chatenay | Rotary Lyon |
| Madame Butterfly | Una Wallace |
| Mrs. W. E. Lenon | Warrawee |
| | William Moore |

YELLOW AND COPPER.

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Feu Pernet | Rev. F. Page |
| Ducher | Roberts |
| Gaiety | Shot Silk |
| Golden Dawn | Sir Henry Segrave |
| Lady Hillingdon | Souv. De D. Van |
| M. G. Van Rossem | Der Gon |
| Mme. Pierre S. Du Pont | Souv. De H. A. Verschuren |
| Mrs. D. Best | Souv. De Mme. Boulet |
| President H. Hoover | Talisman |
| Queen Astrid | |

WHITE AND LIGHT COLOURS.

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| K. A. Victoria | Mrs. H. Stevens |
| Molly Sharman | |
| Crawford | White Maman Cochet |
| Mrs. H. Brocklebank | |



YATES' FRUIT TREES

We will be pleased to select trees for intending purchasers who find difficulty will also procure, if possible, any varieties required that are not listed here.

Summer Fruits available May to August. Two-year-old trees, as indicated, available from end of May, 2/6 each. Citrus, April to November, inclusive.

Key to Descriptive Letters : T—Recommended for cool tableland climates. IN—Recommended for inland districts. C—Recommended for New South Wales coast and similar climates. TC—Recommended for Queensland coast and similar, sub-tropical climates.

(c) or (f)—With Peaches, Nectarines, Plums and Prunes, indicate Clingstone or Freestone, respectively.

DOZEN RATE—Six trees at the same price will be supplied at the dozen rate, irrespective of variety or kind.

PACKING CHARGES—1 to 6 trees, 6d.; 7-12, 1/-; 13-24, 1/6; over 24, from 1/6. Approximate weight packed : 6 trees, 6 lbs.; 12 trees, 14 lbs. Special packing for export is charged at cost.

LIST OF VARIETIES

APPLES

1/9 each; 18/- dozen. Packing and Carriage extra.

Northern Spy Stocks, blight-proof roots. Bear fourth to sixth year.

EARLY VARIETIES.

Usually ripen before end of January.

Carpenter (or Gravenstein) — Fine

dessert. Also 2-year-old, 2/6. C-T.

Carrington—Fine dessert. C.

Lord Nelson—Extra large, cooking. C.

MID-SEASON VARIETIES.

Ripen Mid-February.

McIntosh's Red — Dessert, crimson. C-T.

Pomme de Neige (Lady in Snow or Fanny)—Dessert. C-T.

LATE VARIETIES.

Ripen from end February.

Delicious—Dessert, streaked bright red; good keeper. Also 2-year-old, 2/6. C-T-In.

Democrat—Dessert, dark red. C-T-In. Five Crown Pippin—Kitchen or dessert. T-In.

Granny Smith—Splendid kitchen and dessert apple. Also 2-year-old, 2/6. TC-C-T-In.

Jonathan—Splendid dessert; dark red. Also 2-year-old, 2/6. C-T-In.

Rome Beauty—Large, dessert, yellow streaked with red; good keeper. Also 2-year-old, 2/6. C-T-In.

We also have the following Apples: Allsopp's Early, Irish Peach, Williams' Favourite, Twenty Ounce, Golden Delicious, Granny Mac, Grime's Golden, King David, Lalla, and Yates'.

APRICOTS

1/9 each; 18/- dozen. Packing and Carriage extra.

Worked on Plum Stocks.

This fruit requires a well-drained soil and warm situation. Bear fourth to sixth year.

APRICOTS (continued)—

EARLY VARIETIES.

Ripen before end November.

Early Moorpark—Medium size. Rich,

juicy and excellent. C-In.

Newcastle Early—Heavy bearer. Rip-

ens end of November. C-In.

Oullins Early—Large, yellow. C-In.

MID-SEASON VARIETIES.

Ripen early December.

Camden—Large, pale yellow; good bearer. C-T-In.

LATE VARIETIES.

Ripen Mid-December.

Late Moorpark—Large, rich and juicy. C-T-In.

Trevatt—Large, good cropper. Also 2-year-old, 2/6. C-T-In.

Also available: Cattell's Early and Glengarry varieties.

CHERRIES

2/- each; 22/- dozen. Packing and Carriage extra.

This fruit requires a deep, well-drained soil, cool climate. Bear fifth to seventh year. Worked on Kentish Stocks.

EARLY VARIETIES.

Ripen Mid-November.

Early Purple Gean—Delicious, large. T.

Early Lyons—Large, red. T.

LATE VARIETIES.

Ripen Mid-December.

Bigarreau Napoleon — Large, rich; pale red. T.

Florence—Light red; good carrier. T.

St. Margaret—Large, black; very juicy, with strong flavour. T.

FIGS

1/9 each; 18/- dozen. Packing and Carriage extra.

This delicious fruit will grow in almost any Australian climate; bear first to third year. Main crop in autumn.

"Grow Your Own Fruit," is sound advice, particularly to those living in the country, remote from shopping centres, and where ample planting space is available.

In the coastal districts, if planting summer fruit trees, we recommend selecting those that mature earliest, in order to avoid the fruit fly; but for inland areas the blossom of the earliest varieties may be damaged by frost, and we therefore recommend the mid-season and late varieties.

Certain trees, such as Apples, Pears, English Plums, also Almonds, will yield a better crop, if two or more varieties are planted to ensure pollination.

The Fruit Trees listed here are grouped according to their bearing times, so that a selection may be made to provide a succession of fruit. In choosing for themselves, and we

FIGS (continued)—

Black Genoa—Large, juicy. C-T-In.

Blue Provence—Medium size. C-T-In.

Brown Turkey—Large, luscious; good for drying. C-T-In.

White Adriatic—Medium size, brown skin. C-T-In.

White Genoa (Marseilles)—Medium size, yellowish green. C-T-In.

MULBERRIES

Thrive almost anywhere except in hottest inland districts where water is scarce. Bear first to third year.

Black English—The best. Luscious fruit; very ornamental trees. Grafted. 3/6 each.

Hick's Fancy—Large, juicy fruit. Early. 2/6 each.

NECTARINES

1/9 each; 18/- dozen. Packing and Carriage extra.

These prefer a fairly warm situation and well drained, loamy soil. Bear first to third year. Worked on Peach Stocks.

EARLY VARIETIES.

Ripen Mid-December.

Cooza (f)—Enormous, splendid colour, luscious flavour. C-T-In.

Early Rivers (f)—Large, juicy. C.

MID-SEASON VARIETIES.

Ripen end December.

Fertile de Poitou (f)—Very large and highly coloured. C.

Lady Carrington (c)—Brilliant colour. C-T.

Lee's Seedling (f)—Beautiful colour and flavour. C-T-In.

LATE VARIETIES.

Ripen Mid-January.

Goldmine (f)—Large, red. C-T-In. Also available: Albert Victor, Diamond Jubilee, New Boy, and Masterpiece.

NUTS

Plant June to August, unless stated otherwise.

Almonds—Bear third to fourth year after planting. Suitable for inland climates. We stock about eight varieties. Plant two or more varieties to ensure pollination. Plant May to August. 1/9 each; 18/- doz.

Chestnuts (Spanish)—Bear fourth to seventh year. The edible Chestnut, suitable for cool, mountain and tableland climates. 3/- each.

Filberts—Bear fifth year. Also known as Hazel or Barcelona Nuts. Suitable for cool climates only. Several varieties. 2/6 each.

Pecan Nut—Bear fifth year. A tall-growing tree, suitable for warmer coastal climates. The nuts have a distinctive pine flavour. Seedlings, 2/6 each. Also larger budded trees, named varieties, 7/6 each. Plant May to August.

Macadamia (Queensland or Bauple Nut)—Hardy and ornamental, evergreen. 20 to 30 feet. Will thrive in all but coldest parts. Bears fifth to seventh year. Plant April to September, inclusive. 2/- each; 22/- doz. Larger plants, 2/6 each.

WALNUTS.

Named varieties. Seedlings bear fifth to eighth year. 2/6 each. Some budded varieties commence bearing second year.

Wilson's Wonder—A Walnut that is well worth growing. It will thrive in almost any climate, and will bear the first or second year after planting. Strong budded trees ready about June. 7/6 each.

Freshford Gem—An early bearing, thin-shelled Walnut, producing well-filled nuts. Budded trees ready June, 7/6 ea. Also 2-year-old, 10/-.

ASK FOR OUR LEAFLET ON NUT CULTURE.

PEACHES

1/9 each; 18/- dozen. Packing and Carriage extra.

Worked on Seedling Peach Stocks. They require deep, open loam (well drained), and a moderately warm climate. Bear first to third year.

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES.

Ripen November and December.

Admiral Dewey (f)—Best early, yellow fleshed variety. TC-C.

Anzac (f)—Resembles Brigg's, but a surer cropper. TC-C.

Bell's November (f)—Very juicy. TC-C.

Brigg's Red May (f)—Tender and rich. TC-C-In.

Duffy's Xmas Box (f)—Good size and colour. TC-C.

Edward VII. (f)—Ripens November. TC-C.

Flat China (f)—Fruit flat. TC-C.

May Flower (Semi-cling) — Large, bright red, good quality. C.

Watt's Early Champion (f)—Ripens end November. Heavy cropper. TC-C.

MEDIUM EARLY VARIETIES.

Ripen Early January.

Aunt Becky (f)—Large, good carrier, vigorous grower. TC-C-In.

Wiggins (f)—Ripens Christmas to early January. Good size. C.

MID-SEASON VARIETIES.

Ripen Mid-January.

Blackburn (f)—Large, yellow. An improved Elberta. TC-C-T-In.

Elberta (f)—Large, yellow fleshed,

PEACHES (continued)—

sweet, dessert or canning. TC-C-T-In.

Royal George Cling (c)—Large red. C. Shanghai Seedling or Red Shanghai (c)—Large, beautiful red. TC-C.

LATE VARIETIES.

Ripen February.

Golden Queen (c)—Heavy cropper, medium size; good canning. C-T-In.

J. H. Hale (f)—Yellow, skin almost covered with crimson. TC-C-T-In.

Phillip Cling (c)—Large; yellow flesh, C-T-In.

Pullar's Cling (c)—Large, heavy bearer. One of the best for canning. C-T-In.

Also available: **Bell's Improved**, **Braddock**, **Gov. Rawson**, **Greensborough**, **Le Vainqueur**, **Rennie**, **Watton**, **Carmen**, **La France**, **Royal George** (f), **Shanghai Freestone**, **Dripstone Elberta**, and **Italian Slip**.

PEARS

1/9 each; 18/- dozen. Packing and Carriage extra.

Worked on Seedling Pear Stocks.

This favourite fruit thrives best in cooler districts in any strong loam with well-drained sub-soils, sheltered from prevailing winds. Plant two or more varieties to ensure pollination. Bear fourth to eighth year.

EARLY VARIETIES.

Ripen Mid-February.

William Bon Chretien or **Bartlett**—Large. One of the best all-round.

Also 2-year-old, 2/6. C-T-In.

MID-SEASON VARIETIES.

Ripen end February.

Beurre Bosc—Large, russet colour; dessert. Also 2-year-old, 2/6. T.

Keiffer Hybrid — Enormous bearer. Cooking. C.

Packham's Triumph—Rich, melting flavour. Enormous bearer. Keeps well. Also 2-year-old, 2/6. C-T-In.

LATE VARIETIES.

Ripen from March onward.

Josephine de Malines—Medium size and roundish. Pale greenish yellow.

Also 2-year-old, 2/6. T.

Winter Cole—Buttery and rich. T.

Winter Nelis—Medium size; skin yellowish green, covered with russet.

Also 2-year-old, 2/6. C-T.

Also available: **Clapp's Favourite**, **China**, **Howell**, and **Winter Bartlett**.

PERSIMMONS

(Or Japanese Date Plums)

2/9 each; 30/- dozen. Packing and Carriage extra.

These are a delicious fruit, and trees are very ornamental in the autumn, with their beautifully tinted foliage and richly coloured fruit. Bear second to third year.

Dai Dai Maru—Large, orange skin, yellowish flesh; nearly seedless. Late. TC-C.

Tanenashi—Early, large, conical, good, seedless. TC-C.

PLUMS, ENGLISH

1/9 each; 18/- dozen. Packing and Carriage extra.

Worked on Seedling Stocks. Bear best in cooler districts. Plant two or more varieties to ensure pollination. Bear third to fifth year.

EARLY VARIETIES.

Ripen November to Mid-December. **Cherry** (American Red) (f) — Very early. TC-C.

Evans Early (f)—Juicy, excellent flavour; black. TC-C.

PLUMS, ENGLISH (continued)—

MID-SEASON VARIETIES.

Ripen Mid-January.

Angelina Burdett (f)—Purple; prolific. Also 2-year-old, 2/6. C-T-In.

Damson (f)—Heavy cropper. Black. T.

Greengage (f)—Rich flavour. T.

LATE VARIETIES.

Ripen from early February.

Grand Duke (f)—Large, blackish purple. Also 2-year-old, 2/6. T-In.

Pond's Seedling (f)—Very large, oval, juicy and sugary. Dark red. T.

President (f)—Fruit is large, oblong-shaped, beautiful purple; flesh firm and sweet. Also 2-year-old, 2/6. C-T-In.

Also available: **Diamond**, **Orleans**, **Coe's Golden Drop**, **Jefferson**, and **Magnum Bonum** (White).

PLUMS, JAPANESE

1/9 each; 18/- dozen. Packing and Carriage extra.

Japanese Plums are very hardy and heavy bearers. Bear first to fourth year.

EARLY VARIETIES.

Ripen November to Mid-December.

Alberta or **Wilson** (f)—Ripe mid-November; highly coloured, almost black. Flesh yellow when ripe.

Also 2-year-old, 2/6. TC-C.

Santa Rosa (f)—Large; crimson flesh. Rich flavour. Recommended. Also 2-year-old, 2/6. TC-C-T.

Shiro (c)—Clear, light yellow. Very prolific. TC-C.

MID-SEASON VARIETIES.

Ripen Mid-December to early January.

Blood (Cyso Sumono) **Upright** (f)—Large, heart shaped; heavy bearer. C.

Climax (f)—Very large, highly coloured; ripens about Xmas time. C.

Wickson (f)—Large, heavy cropper. TC-C-T.

LATE VARIETIES.

Ripen early February.

Narrabeen (c)—A local introduction. Large, dark red; heavy cropper.

Also 2-year-old, 2/6. TC-C.

Satsuma (Blood) (c)—Dark red. C.

Also available: **Beauty**, **Early Gem**, **Early Jewel**, **October Purple**, **Balleana**, **Doris**, and **Kelsey**.

PRUNES

1/9 each; 18/- dozen. Packing and Carriage extra.

Prunes are easily grown, and may be used either ripe or for drying. Bear fourth to seventh year.

EARLY VARIETIES.

Ripen end February.

Splendour (f)—Very productive, firm, rich, sugary and large. T.

MID-SEASON VARIETIES.

Ripen Mid-March.

Prune D'Agen (French Prune) (f)—Oval, flesh yellow; unrivalled for drying. T-In.

Robe de Sargent (f)—Similar to Prune d'Agen; heavy bearer. T-In.

LATE VARIETIES.

Ripen end March.

Giant (f)—Fruit of largest size, deep purple, heavy cropper. T.

Also available: **Sugar** and **Golden**.

QUINCES

1/9 each; 18/- dozen. Packing and Carriage extra.

Quinces are very hardy and will thrive in moist, low situations where other fruit will not grow. Bear second to fourth year.

EARLY VARIETIES.

Ripen February.

Master's Early—Very early; flesh tender, good flavour; heavy cropper. C-T.

Missouri Mammoth—Very large. Also 2-year-old, 2/6. C-T.

LATE VARIETIES.

Ripen in March.

Champion—Large, exquisite taste. Good for preserving. Good carrier. C-T.

Van Dieman—Large, oblong sort; particularly heavy bearing. C-T.

Also available: Rea's Mammoth, Smyrna, and Portugal.

SUNDRY FRUITS

ROOTS AND PLANTS

Carriage and Packing extra.

Bananas—Several sorts. 2/6 each.

Blackberries—Varieties. 1/6 to 2/- ea. Currants (Red, White, and Black)—1/- each; 10/- dozen.

Custard Apple (Cherimoyer)—Seedlings, 2/6 each. (From July to September.)

Gooseberries—Sorts. 1/- each; 10/- dozen; 75/- per 100.

Guavas—Varieties. 1/9 each; 18/- dozen.

Loganberry—The fruit is large, dark red in colour, and exquisitely flavoured. 1/- each; 10/- dozen.

Loquats—Sorts. 2/- each; 22/- dozen.

Mangoes—From seed. 3/6 each.

SUNDRY FRUITS, ROOTS AND PLANTS (continued)—

Monstera Deliciosa—Grows best against a wall or fence. Protect from frost. 2/6 each. Bear third to fourth year.

Olives (Fruiting)—Several sorts. 2/6 each.

Passion Fruit—In pots, 9d. each; 7/6 dozen. Open ground, 1/6 dozen; 10/- per 100; 60/- per 1,000.

Banana Passion Fruit—1/6 each; 16/- dozen.

Papaw (Carica)—From seed, 2/6 each. Plant 3 or 4 trees to ensure pollination.

Pomegranate—2/- each.

Raspberries—All the best varieties. 6d. each; 5/- dozen; 35/- per 100.

Tree Tomato (Cyphomandra)—1/6.

Youngberry—Bear first to second year after planting. Large, dark red berries, somewhat like Loganberries. Vigorous, trailing habit of growth; thrives well in warmer climates. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen.

PLEASE NOTE. — Blackberries, Currants, Gooseberries, Loganberries, Raspberries and Youngberries will not be available until about the middle of June.

GRAPE VINES

1/- each; 11/- per dozen; 70/- per 100. Packing and Carriage extra.

Our vines are grown in a district that is free from Phylloxera disease, and are sent direct from the nursery. We have all the leading varieties, early, mid-season, and late.

Bear first to second year. Plant May to August, inclusive.

Complete list of varieties for New

GRAPE VINES (continued)—

South Wales post free on application; also special list for Queensland clients.

We do not send vines to Victoria, South Australia, or Western Australia owing to prohibitive regulations.

STRAWBERRIES

(Available April to August, inclusive)

Plant about 9 inches apart, 2 feet between rows. Remove runners as they appear unless required for increasing stock. It is advisable to plant more than one variety for pollination, Fendelcino especially requiring another to fertilise it.

25 Plants packed weigh under 1 lb.; 50 under 2 lbs.; 100 under 3 lbs.

Price, unless stated otherwise, 1/- dozen; 7/- per 100; 40/- per 1,000. Carriage extra.

Creswell—Large fruit, continuous bearer. One of the best all-round varieties.

Fendelcino—Large, dark red fruit, prolific. A good market Strawberry.

Hawkesbury—Large fruit. Prolific.

King Edward VII.—Vermilion coloured berries. A good cropper.

Mason's Immense—A very large fruiting variety. Rather soft for market, but useful for home garden.

Port Macquarie—A very early variety, large, dark red conical berries. Good flavour.

Vonnett—A recent introduction. Berries are large, dark red in colour, and of good flavour. Carries well, good for market. Strong plants ready from end of April. Price, 2/- dozen; 10/- per 100. Carriage extra.

Leaflet on Strawberry Cultivation posted Free on request.

CITRUS FRUITS

All our citrus trees are worked with carefully-selected buds from regular-bearing and productive trees having high-class market fruit. In addition, we can supply trees worked with buds procured from the Co-operative Bud Selection Society Ltd., and when these are required, please mention specially with each order. Trees available April to November. Carriage and Packing extra. Approximate weight packed: 6 trees, 6 lbs.; 12 trees, 14 lbs. Owing to regulations preventing their entry, varieties marked * cannot be supplied to clients in Queensland.

MANDARINS

2/6 each; 27/- per dozen. Packing and Carriage extra.

EARLY VARIETIES.

Ripen about June.

Feutrell's Early—Thin skin; good.

Imperial—Earliest; good cropper.

Thorny—An immense bearer.

MID-SEASON VARIETIES.

Ripen about July.

Emperor—Largest; best for market.

Beauty of Glen Retreat—Large; delicious flavour. Suits Queensland.

LATE VARIETIES.

Ripen about August.

King of Siam—Very large.

*Late Emperor—Very late; keeps till January.

Also available: Canton, Scarlet, and *Parker's Special.

ORANGES

2/6 each; 27/- per dozen.

EARLY VARIETIES.

Ripen June and July.

Blood—Juicy, red flesh.

Jaffa—Large, almost seedless.

ORANGES (continued)—

Joppa—Rich, juicy, large. Practically seedless. A regular bearer.

Mediterranean Sweet—Very prolific.

*Parramatta—Large, very prolific.

White Siletta—Large, smooth, pale yellow skin. Very early.

MID-SEASON VARIETIES.

Ripen August and September.

*Golden Buckeye Navel—Large, thin skin. Delicious; good cropper.

*Golden Nugget Navel—A regular cropper; fine flavour.

*Groverly Navel—Thin skin, large, sweet.

Washington Navel—Large, rich flavour.

LATE VARIETIES.

Ripen from September to November. Late Valencia—Large and rich. Hangs on tree till late spring.

PRESERVING VARIETIES.

Cumquat—Fruit small and round.

Seville—Best variety for preserves.

LEMONS AND LIMES

2/6 each; 27/- per dozen. Packing and Carriage extra.

These crop irregularly throughout the

year. We offer a splendid stock of Lemons and other varieties of the citrus family.

*East India Limes—Large, juicy.

Lisbon Lemons—Best all round.

*Persian Limes—Small, very juicy.

Sweet Rind Lemon (Eureka)—First-class, thin skin.

Villa Franca Lemon—Thin skin, firm; very juicy.

Tahiti Lime—Recommended.

Citrons—Preserving and Peel. (Two varieties.)

GRAPE FRUIT

(Improved Pomelow)

2/6 each; 27/- per dozen. Packing and Carriage extra.

Marsh Seedless—Medium size, thin rind.

Thompson—Said to be a sport from Marsh Seedless. Fruit round and large; flesh pink coloured.

Wheeny—Good quality, very juicy.

Leaflet on Citrus Culture Post Free on request.



Prices as stated, packing and carriage extra. Plants available at all Seasons unless stated otherwise.

AQUATIC PLANTS

(Including Water Lilies)

For outdoor pools and indoor aquariums we have a large assortment of suitable plants. Write for our illustrated leaflet, which gives full particulars and cultural notes.

ASTERS

(Perennial) (Michaelmas Daisies)

Plant in Spring.

Splendid summer and autumn flowering perennials. We offer twenty varieties in a good assortment of colour, ranging from white, pink, light and dark blue, to purplish red. Plants, 1/- each; 11/- dozen.

BEGONIAS

(Tree)

May be grown as bush-house or verandah specimens, or in a sheltered position outside. Several varieties available in rose, blush, scarlet and cerise. Plant at any season. List on application.

Price, 1/- each; 11/- dozen.

Special Offer—A collection of six Tree Begonias (assorted), our selection, for 5/- packed, carriage extra.

BOUVARDIAS

Plant November to February.

Bouvardias require a warm, sheltered position.

Price, 1/- each; 11/- per dozen.

Special Offer—Six varieties, our selection, for 5/- packed, carriage extra.

CANNAS

(Giant Flowering)

Available during autumn, winter, and early spring.

Price, 9d. each; 7/6 per dozen.

Special Offer—12 Choice Cannas, assorted (unnamed), for 6/- packed, carriage extra. List of varieties on application.

FUCHSIAS

Suitable for the bush-house or a shady position outside.

Price, 1/- each; 11/- per dozen. Larger plants, 1/6 each; 16/- dozen.

Special Offer—Six plants, our selection, different varieties, single and double, 5/- packed, carriage extra, or 12 plants, our selection, different varieties, 10/- packed, carriage extra. List of varieties on application.

GERBERAS

(African Daisy)

Plants available throughout the year, in pure white, various shades of pink, red and yellow.

Price, 1/- each; 11/- per dozen. In separate colours.

Specially selected plants for exhibition purposes, in separate colours, 2/- each; 22/- per dozen.

Seedling Gerberas—Unflowered, 4d. each; 3/6 per dozen.

PALMS

(Outdoor)

The following are hardy, and unless stated otherwise, may be grown in all except the coldest climates.

Brahea (Washingtonia) — Cotton or Railway Palm. 30 ft. From 2/6.

Chamaerops Excelsa (Fan Palm)—25 ft. From 2/6.

Cocos Plumosa—40 ft. Suitable warm climates only. 2/6.

Cocos Yatay (Wine Palm)—10 ft. Hardy everywhere. From 2/6.

Phoenix Canariensis (Canary Island Date Palm)—15 ft. Hardy; used for street planting. From 2/-.

Phoenix Roebelinii—Dwarf growing, fine leaves. 3/6 to 15/-, according to size.

PALMS

(Indoor)

Kentia Forsteriana—The palm most commonly used for indoor decoration. From 2/- each.

PALMS (INDOOR) (continued)—

Phoenix Roebelinii—A beautiful fine-leaved variety. From 3/6. Advanced specimens available from 5/- each of most of the above Palms, both indoor and outdoor.

PELARGONIUMS

(Geraniums)

These plants are hardy, especially the Zonale and Ivy-leaved varieties, but prefer a sunny position. The Ivy-leaved or Climbing type is specially recommended for covering outhouses, trellises, stumps, etc.

Single and Double Zonale (over 40 varieties)—Price, 1/3 each; 14/- doz.

Special Offer—12 varieties of single and double Zonale Pelargoniums, our selection, for 10/6 packed, carriage extra. List of varieties on application.

Regal or Decorative Type—These are suitable either for pot culture, or growing in the garden. Ten varieties available. Price, 2/- each; 22/- dozen. List of varieties on application.

BEDDING OR WINDOW BOX VARIETY.

Price, 1/- each; 11/- dozen.

Antoine Crozy—Bright orange scarlet.

Lady Gertrude—Soft rose of a pleasant tint, suffused mauve.

IVY-LEAVED OR CLIMBING TYPE.

Ten varieties, 1/- each; 11/- dozen. List of varieties on application.

PENTSTEMONS

(Gloxinia Flowered)

Available January to August, in about fifteen varieties. Price, 1/- each; 11/- per dozen.

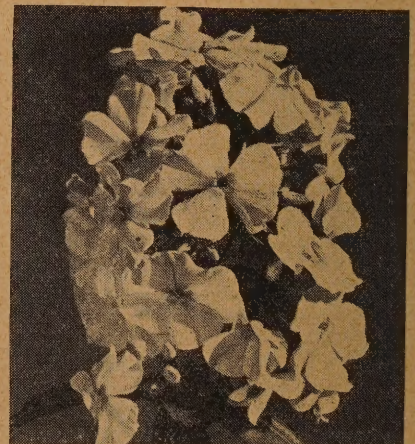
Special Offer—One plant each of 12 varieties, our selection, for 8/6 packed, carriage extra. List of varieties on application.

PERENNIAL PHLOX

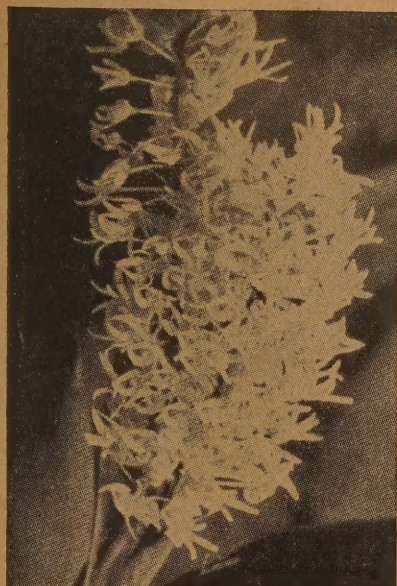
Available in autumn or spring, in a number of varieties.

Price, 1/- each; 11/- per dozen.

Special Offer—One plant each of 12 varieties, our selection, for 9/6 packed, carriage extra. List of varieties on application.



PERENNIAL PHLOX.



ORCHID, DENDROBIUM SPECIOSUM

ORCHIDS

We do not supply the more expensive Orchids that require artificial heating, but we offer a large selection of hardy Orchids that may be grown in an ordinary bush-house. Write for our illustrated folder "Orchids for Everyone."

POT PLANTS

For verandah and bush-house culture, available in pots, all seasons. Complete list on application.

- Acalypha—Beautiful foliage; several varieties. 2/-.
- Anthericum—Pretty foliage. From 1/6.
- Ardisia—Red berries. 2/-, 3/6 and 4/6.
- Asparagus—From 1/6.
- Aspidistra—Green or variegated. From 2/6.
- Asplenium Nidus—Bird's nest fern. 1/6.
- Aucuba Japonica Aurea (Gold Dust Tree)—Foliage green spotted with gold. 2/6; 3/6 and 5/6, according to size.
- Azalea—Several varieties. From 2/6. (List on application.)
- Begonia Rex—Ornamental foliage. 9d. and 1/6 each.
- Begonia Splendide—Silvery leaves. 1/6.
- Capsicum Celestial—Ornamental Chili. Available January to April. 1/6.
- Coleus—9d. and 1/-.
- Dracaena Stricta—Green, narrow foliage. 2/-.
- Eucharis Amazonica—Eucharis Lily. 2/6.
- Fuchsia—Varieties from 1/-.
- Heeria Rosea—Pink flowers. 1/6.
- Hydrangea—20 varieties, from 1/6 ea. Also in flower about December, from 2/6 each. List on application.
- Maranta—Foliage plant. 2/-.
- Ophiopogon—Foliage plant. 2/-.
- Streptocarpus (Hybrids)—In flower; white, shades of pink and blue. 2/- each. Available November.

SPECIAL OFFER.

- 12 Assorted Pot Plants, our selection, 15/-.

POT PLANTS (continued)—

- 24 Assorted Pot Plants, our selection, 30/-.
- Packing free, Carriage extra in both cases.

These collections include hardy ornamental plants and ferns, the larger collections, in addition, including palms. These collections are sent by goods train, freight payable by the purchaser.

POT PLANTS FOR BAZAARS, ETC.

We make up special collections of Pot Plants to any required amount and give extra value. Clients are asked to allow us ample time to forward by goods train.

CARPET BEDDING AND EDGING PLANTS

Unless stated otherwise, available any time.

- Alternanthera—Red or yellow. Plant in spring. 1/- dozen; 7/6 100.
- Begonia (Bedding)—Red or pink. Plant in spring. 1/- dozen; 7/6 100.
- Echeveria (Hen and Chickens)—2/- dozen; 12/6 100.
- Gazania—Four varieties, shades of yellow. 6d. each; 5/- dozen.
- Heuchera Sanguinea (Coral Bells)—6d. each; 5/- dozen.
- Iresine—Four varieties. 2/- dozen.
- Mesembryanthemum (Pig's Face)—Four varieties. 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

ROCKERY PLANTS

Ask for our illustrated folder on Rockeries, offering a wide assortment of suitable plants, including Cacti and Succulents; also useful information about rockery construction.

GLASS-HOUSE PLANTS

We have a large assortment of plants suitable for glass-house culture. List and prices on application.

FERNS

Ferns make splendid pot plants or baskets for bush-house or verandah culture, and are very ornamental for table decoration. We can supply the following from three-inch pots at prices stated. Complete list of varieties of Ferns available on application. See also Pot Plants for larger specimens in pots.

- Adiantum (Maiden Hair)—Several varieties from 1/- each.
- Alsophila Cooperi (Tree Fern)—Pots from 1/6. Butts from 2/6.
- Asparagus Plumosa (Fine, feathery fronds)—1/6.
- Asparagus Sprengeri (Coarse-leaved)—1/6.
- Asplenium Nidus (Bird's Nest Fern)—1/6.
- Cyrtomium Rochfordii (Holly Fern)—1/-.
- Davallia Fijensis (Hare's Foot Fern)—1/6.
- Nephrolepis—Several varieties from 1/- each.
- Platycerium Alciorne (Elk Horn)—Fine leaf, often wrongly called Stag Horn, from 2/6 unmounted.
- Platycerium Grande (Stag Horn)—Broad leaf, often wrongly called Elk Horn, from 2/6 unmounted.
- Pteris—Several varieties. 1/- each.
- Tree Ferns—(See Alsophila).



AUCUBA JAPONICA AUREA.

FERNS (continued)—

SPECIAL OFFERS.

- Collection of 12 Ferns, distinct varieties, our selection, for 9/-.
- Collection of 18 Ferns, distinct varieties, our selection, for 12/6.
- Collection of 24 Ferns, distinct varieties, our selection, for 16/-.

HANGING BASKETS.

- We can supply Hanging Baskets, 8-inch size, at the following prices:—
- Adiantum—4/-.
- Asparagus Sprengeri—4/-.
- Selaginella Metallica—4/-.
- Mixed Ferns—4/6.
- Nephrolepis Assorted—4/6.
- Fancy Painted Wicker-work Baskets, containing Mixed Ferns and Decorative Plants—3/- each.

The following Perennials also are available in season:—

- Carnations (see page 66).
- Chrysanthemums (see Spring List).
- Cyclamens—(Winter and Spring only.) Flowering in pots. 2/6 each.
- Danlias (see Spring List).
- Delphiniums (Winter only)—Year-old crowns. 6d. each; 5/6 dozen.
- Gypsophila (Bristol Fairy)—White. (Winter only.) 2/- ea.
- Marguerites (Perennial)—White, pink and yellow single. (Spring.) 1/- each; 11/- dozen.
- Physostegia (Mock Erica)—White and rosy lilac. 9d. each.
- Platycodon—Deep blue. 1/- ea; 11/- dozen.
- Salvia Patens (Perennial)—Royal blue. 1/- each; 11/- dozen.
- Shasta Daisies (Spring)—White. 6d. each; 5/- dozen.
- Thalictrum Dipterocarpum (Lavender Shower)—9d. each; 7/6 dozen.
- Verbenas—White, pink, scarlet, and purple. 9d. each; 7/6 doz.
- Violets—Single and Double. (Winter only.) List on application.
- Water Lilies (see Aquatic Plants).

CARNATIONS

Plant March to December, inclusive.

All the Carnations listed here are of free blooming type.

(A) Denotes American or Fringed Edged. (P) Denotes Perpetual or Smooth Edged.

Prices as stated. Carriage extra.

Approximate weight of Carnations packed: 1 plant, 1 lb.; 8, 2 lbs.; 12, 3 lbs.; 25, 6 lbs.

LEAFLET ON CARNATION GROWING POSTED FREE ON REQUEST.

NOVELTIES FOR 1940

Gloria (A)—Buff ground with broad marks of cerise, large attractive flowers. Healthy, bushy growth. 2/6.

Plato (A)—White, marked and dotted scarlet. Exceptionally large flowers, long straight stems; a fine garden variety. 2/6.

Purpurea (P)—Mauve ground, heavily overlaid fuchsia. Exceptionally strong, vigorous growth. 2/6.



ELVIRA.

YELLOW AND ORANGE (continued)

Centurion (P)—Yellow ground, striped and marked bright scarlet. Large blooms. 1/6.

Don Bradman (P)—Yellow edged and dotted red. Large blooms and smooth edged petals. 1/6.

Elvira (P)—Cream ground, edged and marked bright purple. Strong calyx and stiff stems. 1/6.

Esther (A)—Clear yellow self, free flowering. 1/6.

Golden Sunshine (P)—Rich yellow ground, heavily edged bright scarlet. 1/6.

Mrs. Bagnall (P)—Yellow ground, with a picotee edge of red. 1/6.

Mrs. Harry Burrell (P)—Sulphur yellow, with a few dots of red on each petal. 1/6.

Petone (P)—Yellow ground with numerous markings of rose. Good show bloom. 2/6.

Saffron (A)—Yellow sport from "Sunstar." Best yellow Carnation. 1/6.

Shirley (P)—Deep buff ground, edged and lightly marked deep red. 1/6.

Sunray (A)—Buff, striped red. 1/6.

W. Bell (P)—Yellow, edged and marked bright red. 1/6.

RED.

Camille (A)—Salmon scarlet. 1/6.

Crimson Beauty (A)—Deep red. Splendid for garden. 1/6.

Fleur (A)—Deep crimson self. Vigorous growth, free flowering. 1/6.

Glory (A)—Large, deep scarlet. 1/6.

Illustrious (A)—Bright crimson self; splendid for garden. 1/6.

Lady Gowrie (P)—Bright red. Strong growth. 1/6.

Margaret Jones (A)—A fringed edged scarlet. Strong, free flowering habit. 1/6.

Memories (P)—Dark crimson. 1/6.

Radio (A)—Bright scarlet. 1/6.

Red Bird (A)—Bright red. 1/6.

Sheila Maher (P)—Rich, deep velvety crimson. Baptist Medal, 1928. 1/6.

Wunda (A)—Deep velvety crimson. 1/6.

Zulu (A)—Colour between crimson and wine. 1/6.

MAUVE, PURPLE AND BLUE.

Amethyst (P)—Silvery mauve, with broad petals; free flowering. 1/6.

F. Goodyear (P)—Crushed strawberry. Large flowers; strong grower. 1/6.

Harlequin (A)—Mauve-pink ground, dotted and splashed maroon. 1/6.

Miss L. McGrath (P)—Crushed strawberry. Good size, strong stems. 1/6.

Purple Emperor (A)—A purple self. Strong grower. 1/6.

Vesta (P)—Rosy magenta, edged and lightly splashed maroon. 2/6.

WHITE.

(Including White Ground.)

Adonis (P)—White marked crushed strawberry. Very large well-formed flowers. 2/6.

Albus (P)—Pure white with beautiful smooth edged petals. 1/6.

Athena (P)—White ground, heavily marked maroon. Strong, healthy growth. 1/6.

Atlanta (P)—White ground, heavily marked rose. Large flowers, good form, very strong growth. 1/6.

Cooee (P)—Pure white ground, with marks of cerise on each petal. 2/6.

F. J. Walters (P)—White ground, splashed rose. Vigorous and healthy. 1/6.

J. M. Dunningham (P)—Pure white ground, edged, marked and dotted maroon. Sweetly perfumed. 1/6.

Louisville (P)—White ground, heavily edged deep mauve. 1/6.

Lyric (P)—White ground, edged red. Large, full flowers. Stiff, erect stems. 1/6.

Mother's Day (A)—One of the finest whites. 1/6.

Mrs. Reid (P)—Pure white, marked scarlet. Good show flower. 1/6.

Oriental (P)—Pure white, with a fine edging of light red. 1/6.

Sussex White (A)—Pure white. One of the best whites to date. 1/6.

VARIETIES FOR CUT FLOWERS.

The following are specially recommended:—

Apsley, Salamander, Frank Alldritt, Sussex White, Australia, Camille, M. Jones.

Special quotes for large quantities. In addition to the varieties listed here, we are able to supply over 50 others. Complete list sent on application.



LYRIC.

TWO SPECIAL

CARRIAGE-FREE OFFERS

YATES' "BEST 6" CARNATIONS FOR 1940

Amethyst, Fleur, Glory, Mrs. Reid, Orcades and Petone.

1 plant of each for 7/6

Carriage free.

SPECIAL OFFER: 6 Choice Carnations, our selection, for 5/6. (carriage free), including 2 varieties priced at 1/6 each, and 4 at 1/- each.

GENERAL LIST

Price, 1/- each; 11/- dozen, unless stated otherwise. Carriage extra.

PINK AND SALMON.

(Including Self and Pink Ground.)

Apsley (A)—Sport from "Denet." Flesh pink, with salmon centre. 1/6.

Arethusa (P)—Deep rose pink. Large, full flowers. 1/6.

Australia (A)—Pink, splashed and striped with a deeper pink. 1/6.

Caprice (P)—Flesh pink, with broad stripes and occasional petals of deep pink. 2/6.

Clorella (A)—Pale pink, deeply serrated flowers, strong growth. 1/6.

Denet (A)—Pale flesh pink. Large, with long stems. 1/6.

Ecstasy (P)—Deep rose pink, beautifully formed flowers. 2/6.

Exquisite (P)—Salmon pink ground, with markings of mauve. 1/6.

Frank Alldritt (A)—Delicate shell pink, sweetly perfumed. 1/6.

H. M. Norton (A)—Pink, splashed with scarlet. Strong growth. 1/6.

Nanette (P)—Flesh pink self, large, full flowers. 1/6.

Orcades (A)—Salmon-cerise self, large, full flowers. 1/6.

Rise (A)—A pretty blush shade, edged and marked deep red. 1/6.

Salamander (A)—Growth strong. Calyx perfect. Lovely shade of salmon pink. 1/6.

Sally (A)—Sport from "Salamander." Salmon striped red. 1/6.

Vashti (A)—Pink, with deeper pink stripes. 1/6.

YELLOW AND ORANGE.

(Including Self and Yellow Ground.)

Canary Bird Improved (P)—Clear yellow self. 1/6.

ORNAMENTAL TREES & SHRUBS

Owing to limitations of space, we cannot include in the following lists all the Shrubs and Trees that we are able to supply. We have many others available, and any plant required will be procured if possible.

KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS : E—Evergreen ; D—Deciduous. Numerals indicate approximate height at maturity. A—Suitable for practically all climates. C—Suitable for N.S.W. Coast and similar climates where frosts are not severe. TC—Varieties recommended for sub-tropical coast. T—Recommended for cool highlands. IN—Suitable for inland areas, hot summers, and heavy winter frosts.

SPECIAL COLLECTION OFFERS

Specially selected to suit the district where they are to be planted.
6 FLOWERING SHRUBS, our selection, 8/6 packed. Carriage extra.
6 ORNAMENTAL TREES, our selection, 8/6 packed. Carriage extra.

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VARIETIES

Prices as stated. Packing and Carriage extra.

ABUTILON (Chinese Lantern)—E. 6. Several varieties, including pink, yellow, orange, scarlet and red ; also with variegated foliage. 2/-. A.
ACACIA (Wattle)—Varieties as follow. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen.
Baileyana (Cootamundra Silver Wattle)—E. 25. C-T-In.
Elata (Cedar Wattle)—E. 30. Splendid shade tree. Summer flowering. A.
Podalyriaefolia (Queensland Silver Wattle)—E. 20. TC-C-In.
Pycnantha (Golden or South Australian Wattle)—E. 30. C-T-In.
ACALYPHA Marginata (Fijian Fire Plant)—E. 6. Brown foliage, edged deep pink. 2/-. TC-C.
ACER (Maple)—
Platanoides (Norway Maple)—D. 50. Foliage turns yellow in autumn. 2/6. C-T.
Polymorphum (Japanese Maple)—D. 20. 2/6. C-T.
Also Choice Dwarf Japanese. 7/6 each. C-T.
ALOYSIA Citriodora (Lemon-scented Verbena)—D. 8. Prune each winter. 2/-. A.
AMYGDALUS Persica (Double Flowering Peach)—D. 10. Spring flowers. Four colours: Pink, Red, White, or Striped. 2/- each. C-T-In.
New Winter Flowering—Pink or Red. 2/-. C-In.
APPLE (Flowering)—See Malus.
ARBUTUS Unedo (Irish Strawberry Tree)—E. 12. White flowers resembling Lily of the Valley ; red berries. 2/-. C-T-In.
ASH (Mountain)—See Pyrus.
ASH—See Fraxinus.
AUCUBA Japonica Aurea (Gold Dust Tree)—E. 4. Golden variegated foliage, showing to best effect in a shady position. Strong plants, 2/6 each. Larger advanced plants, 3/6. C-T-In.
AZALEAS—Of the evergreen Azaleas we offer both Indica and Kurume type ; the former are suitable as

AZALEAS (continued)—
pot plants or for planting in partially shaded situations out-doors. Kurumes are low growing, for planting in borders or for massing. Strong plants from 2/6 each; 27/- dozen. A. List of varieties on application.
Mollis—D. A beautiful deciduous type, having shades of colour not procurable in the evergreens. Plant in partial shade except in mountain climates.
Orange Flame Shades—Strong plants to flower in the spring. 5/- each. Larger plants, 7/6 each. C-T.
Yellow Shades—To flower in the spring. 5/- each. C-T.
BAUHINIA Alba—E. 12. White flowers. 2/-. TC-C.
Purpurea—E. 12. Large rosy purple flowers. 2/-. TC-C.
BEGONIAS (Tree)—See page 64.
BERBERIS Darwinii—E. 6. Clusters of rich orange flowers in spring. 2/6. C-T-In.
Thunbergii Atropurpurea—D. 4. Yellow flowers in spring, red berries in autumn. Foliage a beautiful purplish colour. 2/6. Larger plants, 5/-.
Wilsonae—E. 3. Golden yellow flowers, followed by red berries in autumn. 2/6. TC-C-In.
BETULA Alba (Birch)—D. 30. Graceful tree with drooping habit. 2/6. T.
BIRD OF PARADISE TREE—See Poinciana.
BORONIA Megastigma (Sweet scented Boronia)—E. 4. Should be cut back after flowering. From 2/6 ea. C-T.
BOTTLE BRUSH—See Callistemon.
BOUVARDIA—See page 64.
BRACHYCHITON Acerifolia (Illawarra Flame Tree)—D. 50. Scarlet. 2/-. TC-C-In.
BROOM—See Spartium.

BRUNFELSIA Latifolia—E. 6. Lavender flowers, free flowering. Scented. 2/6. TC-C.
BUDDLEIA Globosa—E. 10. Orange coloured flowers. 2/-. A.
Magnifica—E. 6. Deep purple. 2/-. A.
Veitchiana—E. 10. Sweetly scented lilac coloured flowers. 2/-. A.
BUXUS Sempervirens—E. 4. The dwarf box edging plant used for borders. Plant 18 inches apart. Pot-grown plants, 1/6 each; 16/- dozen. A.
CALLISTEMON Lanceolatus (Bottle Brush)—E. 10. A hardy scarlet flowering shrub. 2/- each; 22/- dozen. A.
CALODENDRON Capense (Cape Chestnut)—E. 40. A beautiful tree, producing flesh coloured flowers. 2/- each; 22/- dozen. TC-C-In.
CAMELLIA—E. 10. Valuable for winter bloom. Several varieties in White, various shades of Pink and Red. 3/-. T-C. List on application.
CAMPHORA Officinalis (Camphor Laurel)—E. 50. 1/6 each; 16/- doz. A.
CAPE CHESTNUT—See Calodendron.
CAROB TREE—See Ceratonia.
CASSIA Candolleana—E. 10. Yellow. 2/-. TC-C.
Didymobotrya—E. 6. Larger flowers than other Cassias ; free flowering. 2/-. TC-C.
CASTANOSPERMUM Australis (Moreton Bay Chestnut)—E. 30. Orange flowers. 2/-. TC-C-In.
CEANOTHUS Edwardsii—E. 8. Blue flowers in spring. 2/6. C-T.
CEDAR (White)—See Melia.
CERASUS Lauro Cerasus (English Laurel)—E. 15. A beautiful hedge plant. 2/- each; 22/- dozen. C-T-In.
CERATONIA Siliqua (Carob Tree)—E. 20. A hardy evergreen tree. Pods and seeds edible for cattle. 2/-. C-In.

CERATOPETALUM Gummiferum (Australian Christmas Bush)—E. 30. Should be watered during October and November, and pruned back after flowering. From 2/- each, according to size.

CERATOSTIGMA Willmottiae—D. 4. Deep sky-blue flowers. Recommended. 1/9. A.

CERCIS Siliquastrum (Judas Tree)—D. 20. Rosy red flowers. 2/- C-T-In.

CHAMAELAUCIUM Uncinatum (Geraldton Wax Plant)—E. 5. Late winter and early spring flowers. Delicate pink flowers. 2/- C-In.

CHERRY (Double Flowering)—D. 10. Two varieties, Pink and White. 2/6 C-T.

CHESTNUTS, Cape—See *Calodendron*.

CHESTNUT, Moreton Bay—See *Castanospermum*.

CHINESE LANTERN—See *Abutilon*.

CHOISYA Ternata—E. 4. White, hardy. 2/- A.

CHORIZEMA Cordatum—E. 3. Orange and red pea-shaped flowers. 2/- C-In.

CHRISTMAS BUSH—See *Ceratopetalum*.

CLERODENDRON Ugandense—E. 5. Beautiful pale blue flowers with darker centre. 2/- TC-C.

CLETHRA Arborea (Lily of the Valley Tree)—E. 12. Pure white flowers resembling "Lily of the Valley." 2/6 C-T.

COPROSMA Lucida—E. 6. Glossy leaves. 1/6 each; 16/- doz. A.

Lucida Variegata—Green variegated silver. 2/- each; 22/- dozen. Larger advanced plants, 5/6 each. Each of the above varieties is suitable for a specimen or for a hedge, planted 3 feet apart. Hardy everywhere, but specially recommended for seaside planting.

CORAL TREE—See *Erythrina*.

COTONEASTER Franchetii—E. 6. Orange red berries. 2/- C-T-In.

Serotina—E. 6. Bright red berries, carried throughout the winter. 2/- C-T-In.

Simonsii—E. 4. Bright red berries. 2/- C-T-In.

CRATAEGUS (Hawthorn)—Beautiful berry-bearing shrubs.

Carrierei—D. 18. Bright red berries, large as cherries. 2/6 C-T-In.

Cordata—D. 20. Attractive foliage in autumn, also clusters of small scarlet berries. 2/6 C-T-In.

Crenulata—E. 8. Red berries in winter. Makes fine hedge. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen. C-T-In.

Oxyacantha—D. 12. Double flowering varieties, in Pink, Red and White. 2/- C-T-In.

Pyracantha Angustifolia—E. 8. Yellow berries. 2/- C-T-In.

Rogersiana—E. 10. Red berries; hardy. 2/- C-T-In.

CREPE MYRTLE—See *Lagerstroemia*.

CROTALARIA Laburnifolia—E. 8. Greenish-yellow blooms, shaped like a parrot's beak. 2/- TC-C-In.

CUPRESSUS—See *Conifers*.

CYDONIA (Japanese Flowering Quince)—D. 6. Several varieties, late winter and early spring flowering. Colours: White, Pink, Red, Apricot. 2/6 A.

CYPHOMANDRA (Tree Tomato)—E. 10. Edible egg-shaped fruit, brownish red. 1/6 TC-C.

CYPRESS (Flowering)—See *Tamarix*.

CYTISUS Fragens—E. 6. Yellow, fragrant flowers. 2/- C-T-In.

Lilac Time—E. 5. Lilac pink flowers. 2/- C-T-In.

Stenopetalus—Quick growing; yellow

CYTISUS (continued)—low flowered. Blooms first year. 2/- C-T-In.

DAPHNE (Red or White)—E. 3. Highly fragrant. Likes moist, shady situation. Winter flowering. Strong plants. 5/- C-T-In.

DEUTZIA (Wedding Bells)—D. 4. Hardy, double White, or double Pink. 2/- A.

DIERVILLA (Weigela)—D. 6. Hardy flowering shrub. Varieties available in White, Pink, and Red. 2/- A.

DURANTA Plumieri—E. 6. Lavender flowers. Useful for hedge or specimen. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen. TC-C-In.

ELAEAGNUS Japonica Variegata—E. 10. Beautiful plant with gold variegation. Excellent for hedge or specimen. 2/- A.

ELMS—See *Ulmus*.

ENGLISH LAUREL—See *Cerasus*.

ERICAS (The Heath)—Several varieties available. Complete list on application. 2/6 each. C-T-In.

ERYTHRINA Crista-Galli—D. 8. Deep scarlet, summer flowering. 2/- TC-C-In.

Indica—D. 30. The winter flowering coral tree; deep scarlet blooms. 2/- A.

ESCALLONIA Macrantha—E. 6. Pink flowered. 2/- C-T-In.

EUCALYPTUS Calophylla Rosea—E. 20. A rosy-pink flowering gum, similar to *Eucalyptus Ficifolia*, but earlier. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen. C-In.

Citriodora (Lemon-scented Gum)—E. 75. 1/6 each; 16/- doz. TC-C.

Corynocalyx (Sugar Gum)—E. 10. Useful as a fodder and shelter tree. 1/6 each; 16/- doz.; 100/- 100. A.

Ficifolia (The Scarlet Western Australian Gum)—E. 20. Although raised from seed from the Scarlet Gum, plants of this variety may produce white flowers, or varying shades of orange, scarlet and crimson. 1/6 each; 16/- doz. C-In.

Globulus (Tasmanian Blue Gum)—E. 150. A quick-growing tree. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen; 100/- 100. A.

Sideroxyton Rosea (Pink Flowering Ironbark)—E. 30. A tree of graceful drooping habit. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen. A.

We can also supply a number of other varieties of *Eucalyptus*.

EUGENIA Smithii (Native Lilly Pilli)—E. 20. Red berries. 2/- TC-T-In.

Pendula—E. 15. Reddish purple berries. 2/- TC-C-In.

EUONYMUS Japonicus—E. 10. Handsome, hardy foliage; beautiful red berries in autumn. 2/- A.

Japonicus Aureus—E. 6. A golden-leaved variation of above. 2/- A.

Latifolius Albus—E. 6. Silver variegated. 2/- A.

EUPATORIUM Megalophyllum—E. 5. Large heads of deep lilac flowers in spring. 2/- TC-C.

FEIJOA Sellowiana—E. 10. Red and white flowers in spring, followed by edible fruit, which are pleasantly fragrant. Plant two or more to ensure pollination. From seed, 2/6 each. Larger, 5/- each. Also named varieties, grafted, 3/6 ea. TC-C-In.

FICUS Australis (Port Jackson Fig)—E. 60. 2/- TC-C-In.

Benjamina (Weeping Fig)—E. 40. A tree of graceful drooping habit, suitable for tropics only. 3/6 TC.

Macrophylla (Moreton Bay Fig)—E. 60. 2/- TC-C-In.

Hillii—E. 30. Suitable tall hedge or street planting. 2/- each; 22/- dozen. TC-C-In.

FLAME TREE—See *Brachychiton*.

FLOWERING CYPRESS—See *Tamarix*.

FRANGIPANNI—See *Plumieria*.

FRAXINUS Excelsior (Ash)—D. 30. 2/6 T.

Excelsior Aurea—D. 30. Golden foliage. A beautiful specimen tree. 2/6 T.

FUCHSIA—See page 64.

GARDENIA Intermedia—E. 3. Free flowering. White. Very fragrant. 2/- TC-C-In.

Magnifica—E. 4. Very large, scented white flowers. 2/- TC-C-In.

GERALDTON WAX PLANT—See *Chamaelaucium*.

GREVILLEA Banksii Fosterii—E. 6. A rich crimson, dwarf form of Silky Oak. 2/- TC-C.

Robusta (Silky Oak)—E. 40. Orange flowers in spring; suitable as a specimen or avenue planting. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen; 120/- 100 TC-C-In.

GUELDER ROSE—See *Viburnum Opulus*.

GUMS—See *Eucalyptus*.

HABROTHAMNUS Elegans—E. 6. Scarlet, hardy, nearly always in bloom. 2/- TC-C-In.

HAKEA Eucalyptoides—E. 8. Distinctive crimson flowers, cream anthers. 2/6 C-In.

HAWTHORN—See *Crataegus*.

Chinese—See *Photinia*.

Indian—See *Rhaphiolepis*.

HEATH—See *Ericas*.

HELIOTROPIMUM (Heliotrope or Cherry Pie)—D. 2 to 3. Scented. Several varieties, pale blue to deep purple; also golden-leaved plants. 1/6 TC-C-In.

HIBISCUS (Evergreen Type)—5 to 10 feet. Fine specimen or hedge plants, flowering throughout the summer and autumn. Protect from frosts the first winter. 2/- each; 22/- dozen. All one variety, 18/- dozen. Packing and Carriage extra. List of varieties on application. TC-C.

SPECIAL OFFER—Our selection, Six EVERGREEN HIBISCUS, 10/6 packed, Carriage extra.

HIBISCUS (Deciduous Type)—Hardy everywhere.

Mutabilis (Chinese Rose)—D. 10. Double Pink. 2/-.

Mutabilis Alba—D. 8. Double White. 2/-.

Hibiscus Syriacus—D. 10. Six distinct colours available. 2/-.

HIBISCUS (Herbaceous Type)—Hardy everywhere. This type dies down in winter and shoots up again in the spring. Large single blooms, 8 to 10 inches across. Red only. 2/6.

HOLLY—See *Ilex*.

HYDRANGEAS—D. From 1/6 each; 16/- dozen. Packing and Carriage extra. List of varieties on application. C-T-In.

SPECIAL OFFER—Six Distinct Hydrangeas, our selection, 7/6 packed, Carriage extra.

HYPERICUM Moserianum—E. 3. Summer flowering shrub. Bright yellow. 2/- A.

Patulum Henryii—E. 4. Large, yellow flowers; coloured foliage in autumn. 2/- A.

ILEX (Holly)—

Aquilifolium (English Holly)—E. 15. Deep green leaves. 2/- T.

Golden Holly—E. 10. Deep yellow variegated. 3/6 T.

Silver Holly—E. 10. Beautifully variegated. 3/6 T.

HLAWARRA FLAME TREE—See *Brachychiton*.

- IRISH STRAWBERRY**—See *Arbutus*.
- JACARANDA** *Mimosaefolia*—D. 30. Beautiful, fern-like foliage, covered with lavender, bell-shaped flowers in spring. Protect from frost if planting in winter. 2/-. TC-C-In.
- JASMINUM** *Fruiticans* (Yellow Jasmine)—E. 8. Scented. 2/-. A.
- KURRAJONG**—See *Sterculia*.
- LABURNUM**—See *Cytisus*.
- LAGERSTROEMIA** (*Crepe Myrtle*)—Beautiful, hardy, summer flowering shrub.
- Eavesii*—D. 8. Mauve; extra good. 2/-. A.
- Flos-regina*—D. 12. Bright pink, long spikes. The best pink. 2/-. A.
- Indica Rubra*—D. 20. Bright red. 2/-. A.
- LAGUNARIA** *Patersoni* (Norfolk Island Hibiscus)—E. 30. Pink flowering tree. Suitable seaside or exposed position. 2/-. TC-C-In.
- LANTANA**—E. 4. The following varieties are non-spreading, except in Brisbane and similar climates, and are very showy as specimen shrubs or as hedges. Plant 2 feet apart.
- Chelsea Gem*—E. 4. Orange and red. 1/- each; 11/- dozen. C-In.
- Drap D'or* (*Cloth of Gold*)—E. 4. A beautiful golden yellow. 1/- each; 11/- dozen. C-In.
- Sellowiana*—E. 4. Mauve. Trailing habit. May be grown to cover embankments. Makes a good hedge if supported or trained up the first year or two. 1/- each; 11/- dozen. C-In.
- LASIANDRA** *Edwardii*—E. 5. A recent introduction. Large, deep violet flowers. 2/-. TC-C-In.
- Grandiflora*—E. 6. Extra large flowers of deep purple. 2/-. TC-C-In.
- Rosea*—E. 6. Pink. Very free flowering. 2/-. TC-C.
- LAUREL** (English)—See *Cerasus*.
- LAURUSTINUS**—See *Viburnum*.
- LAVANDULA** *Spica* (Common English Lavender)—E. 2. 1/6. C-T-In.
- Dentata* (French Lavender)—E. 3. 1/6. C-T-In.
- LAVENDER**—See *Lavandula*.
- LIGUSTRUM** *Aureum* (Golden Privet)—E. Suitable for hedge or specimen plant. From open ground, 5/- doz.; 35/- 100. Pots, 1/- each; 11/- dozen; 70/- 100. Larger plants, 1/6 each; 16/- dozen; 100/- 100. Plant 18 inches apart in hedges. A.
- Lucidum* (Large-leaved Privet)—E. Suitable for tall hedges. 3/- doz.; 20/- 100. Plant 18 inches apart. A.
- Lucidum Variegatum*—E. 8. Variegated large-leaved Privet. Makes a splendid lawn specimen. 2/- each. A.
- Pubescens* or *Vulgaris* (Small-leaved Privet)—E. The variety most used for hedges. Plant 1 foot apart. 3/- doz.; 20/- 100. A.
- LILAC**—See *Syringa*.
- LILLI PILLI**—See *Eugenia*.
- LILY OF THE VALLEY TREE**—See *Clethra*.
- LIQUIDAMBAR** *Stryaciflua*—D. 40. Maple-like foliage; very beautiful in autumn. 2/-. C-T.
- LONICERA** *Nitida*—E. 4. Cream, scented flowers. 1/6. A.
- LOPHOSTEMON**—See *Tristania*.
- LUCULIA** *Gratissima*—E. 6. Pretty pink winter flowering shrub from North India. Richly fragrant. 2/-. Larger, 4/6. C-T.
- MACADAMIA** *Ternifolia* (Queensland Nut)—E. 20. An ornamental tree, bearing edible nuts. 2/- each; 22/- dozen. Larger, 3/- each. TC-C-In.
- MAGNOLIA** *Fusca* (Port Wine Magnolia)—E. 10. Small, tulip-shaped wine coloured flowers in spring, richly fragrant. 2/6. C-T-In.
- Grandiflora*—E. 20. Very large, pure white flowers. 2/6. C-T-In.
- MALUS** (Crab Apple)—D. 12. Varieties in white, pink, and red. Spring flowering; small fruit. 2/6. C-T-In.
- MAPLES**—See *Acer*.
- MAY**—See *Spiraea*.
- MELIA** *Azedarach* (White Cedar)—D. 20. Lilac flowers. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen. A.
- METROSIDEROS** *Tomentosa* (Pohutukawa or New Zealand Christmas Bush)—E. 20. Blood red flowers. 2/-. TC-C.
- MOCK ORANGE**—See *Philadelphus*.
- MORETON BAY FIG**—See *Ficus*.
- MOSCHOSMA** *Riparia*—D. 4. (Syn. *Ibosa*)—Feathery mauve blooms. Winter flowering. 1/9. TC-C.
- MOUNTAIN EBONY**—See *Bauhinia*.
- NANDINA** *Domestica*—E. 8. Valued for its graceful, fern-like foliage. 2/-. Larger plants, 7/6.
- NERIUM** (Oleander)—E. 6-10. Choice flowering shrubs, blooming spring, summer and autumn. 2/- each; 22/- dozen, unless priced otherwise. All one variety, 18/- per dozen. A. Red and Pink single; also Pink, Salmon and White double.
- Splendens Variegata*—Leaves variegated creamy yellow, flowers double pink. 3/-. A.
- NEW ZEALAND CHRISTMAS BUSH**—See *Metrosideros*.
- OAKS**—See *Quercus*.
- Oaks*, Silky—See *Grevillea*.
- OCHNA** *Multiflora*—E. 6. Fragrant, yellow flowers in spring, followed by scarlet and black berries. 2/-. TC-In.
- OLEA** *Europea* (Common Olive)—E. 20. Suitable for hedge; hardy. 1/- each; 11/- dozen. Larger size, 1/6 each; 16/- dozen. A.
- OLEANDER**—See *Nerium*.
- OLIVE**—See *Olea*.
- PALMS**—See page 64.
- PEACH**, Double Flowering—See *Amygdalus*.
- PEPPERS**—See *Schinus*.
- PHILADELPHUS** (Mock Orange)—*Grandiflorus*—D. 6. Large single white flowers. Scented. 2/-. A.
- PHOTINIA** *Glabra Rubens*—E. 10. Young foliage is brilliant red. A fine, hardy hedge plant. 2/- each; 22/- dozen. Larger, 5/- each. A.
- Serrulata* (Chinese Hawthorn)—E. 15. A beautiful foliage shrub, the young leaves and seed being very attractive. 2/-. A.
- PINUS**—See *Conifers*.
- PITTOSPORUM** *Eugenoides Variegata*—E. 15. Makes a pretty hedge. 2/-. C-T-In.
- Rhombifolium*—E. 15. Bears clusters of rich orange berries. 2/-. TC-C-In.
- Undulatum* (Victorian Laurel or Native Daphne)—E. 20. Richly fragrant. 2/-. C-T-In.
- PLATANUS** *Orientalis* (Plane Tree)—D. 50. Specially suited for specimen or avenue planting. 2/-. C-T-In.
- PLUMBAGO** *Capensis* (Blue)—E. 6. Hardy, free flowering. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen. TC-C.
- PLUMIERIA** *Acutifolia* (Frangipanni)—D. 12. White. 2/-. Larger, 3/6. Also pink, 3/6. Highly fragrant. Plant in spring or summer in warm situation. TC-C.
- PODALYRIA** *Grandiflora*—E. 6. Lovely pink, pea-shaped flowers, silvery foliage, spring flowering. 2/6. TC-C-In.
- POINCIANA** *Gilliesii* (Bird of Paradise)—E. 6. Mimosa-like foliage, yellow flowers with red anthers. 2/-. A.
- POINSETTIA** *Pulcherrima*—D. 10. A strikingly coloured plant in winter, with its enormous scarlet bracts. Plant in sheltered position. 1/6. TC-C.
- POMEGRANATE**—See *Punica*.
- POPULUS** (Poplars)—Very rapid growers.
- Balsamifera* (Balsam Poplar)—D. 50. Spreading habit. 2/-. A.
- Bolleana* (Silver Leaved)—D. 50. Does not sucker. 2/-. A.
- Dilatata*—D. 50. Upright or Lombardy Poplar. 2/-. A.
- Also Golden Poplar*—D. 25. 2/-. A. Large specimens of these varieties (about 6 feet) can be supplied in the winter from 5/-.
- PRIVET**—See *Ligustrum*.
- PROSTANTHERA** *Ovalifolia*—E. 8. A native shrub covered in spring with light purple flowers. 2/-. TC-C-In.
- PRUNUS** *Blireana*—D. 10. Double rose-pink, purple foliage. 2/6. C-T-In.
- Moserii*—D. 10. Semi-double pink flowering. Purple foliage. 2/6. C-T-In.
- Pissardi nigra*—D. 20. Coppery crimson foliage. Reddish coloured fruit. 2/6. C-T-In.
- Vesuvius*—D. 12. Large, purplish bronze leaves. 2/6. A.
- Sinensis alba fl. pl.*—D. 4. Double white flowers. 2/6. A.
- Sinensis rosea fl. pl.*—D. 4. Double pink, otherwise similar to *Sinensis alba fl. pl.* 2/6. A.
- PUNICA** (Pomegranate)—*Granatum Flora Plena*—D. 8. Red flowering pomegranate. 2/-. A.
- Nana*—D. 2. Dwarf Pomegranate. Suit rockeries or borders. 1/6. A.
- PYRUS** *Aucuparia* (Mountain Ash or Rowan Tree)—D. 30. Beautiful autumn foliage and large bunches of scarlet berries. 2/6. C-T.
- QUEENSLAND NUT**—See *Macadamia*.
- QUERCUS** *Coccinea*—D. 30. Red-leaved Oak. 2/6. C-T.
- Palustris* (American Pin Oak)—D. 50. Deep crimson autumn foliage. 2/6. C-T.
- Robur*—D. 40. English Oak. 2/6. C-T.
- Rubra*—D. 40. Red foliage in autumn. 2/6. C-T.
- QUINCE** (Japanese Flowering)—See *Cydonia*.
- RHAPHIOLEPIS** *Ovata* (Indian Hawthorn)—E. 8. Flowers white with pink centre, followed by black berries. 2/-. A.
- RHODODENDRONS**—Suitable for cool, moist climates. Large plants in various colours. From 7/6 each. C-T. Ready in June. List of varieties on application.
- RONDELETIA** *Amoena*—E. 8. Beautiful salmon pink flowers. 2/6. TC-C.
- ROSMARINUS** *Officinalis* (Rosemary)—E. 4. Fragrant foliage. 1/6. A.
- ROWAN TREE**—See *Pyrus*.

RUSSELLIA Juncea—E. 4. Rush-like leaves, very ornamental, scarlet tubular flowers. 2/-. TC-C-In.

SALIX (Willow)—
Babylonica (Weeping Willow)—D. 50. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen. A.
Caprea (Pussy Willow)—D. 30. Silky buds in spring; very ornamental. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen. A.
SCHINUS Molle (Pepper Tree)—E. 20. Very hardy. 1/6 each; 16/- doz. A.
SILKY OAK—See *Grevillea*.
SNOWBALL TREE—See *Viburnum*.
SPARTIUM Juncum (Spanish Broom)—E. 8. Hardy, yellow flowering shrub. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen A.
SPIRAEA (May)—D. 6. Double white, single white, single crimson. 1/9. A.
STENOCARPUS Sinuatus—E. 30. Beautiful scarlet flowers, resembling spokes of a wheel. 2/-. TC-C-In.
STERCULIA Acerifolia (Illawarra Flame Tree)—See *Brachychiton*.
Diversifolia (Kurrajong)—E. 50. Valuable as a fodder or shelter tree. 2/-. C-T-In.
STRAWBERRY TREE—See *Arbutus*.
STRELITZIA (Bird Flower)—
Augusta—E. 15. Tall growing; foliage somewhat like banana tree. White flowers. 2/6. TC-C-In.
Reginae—E. 3. Flowers of pale blue and gold. 5/-. C-T-In.
SYRINGA (Lilac)—D. 8. Beautifully scented named varieties in various shades of blue, mauve, and red, also white. 2/6. T-In. List on application.
TAMARIX Japonica Plumosa (Flowering Cypress)—D. 12. Pink. 1/9. A.
TECOMA Capensis—E. 12. Orange red, frequently used as a hedge plant. 1/6 each; 16/- doz. TC-C-In.
Smithii—E. 10. Orange yellow with brown markings. 2/-. TC-C-In.
Velutina—E. 10. Yellow. 2/-. TC-C-In.
TELOPEA Speciosissima (Waratah)—E. 10. Bright crimson. One of the most distinct of Australian flora. 2/-. C-T.
TREE BEGONIA—See page 64.
TREE TOMATO—See *Cyphomandra*.

TRISTANIA Conferta (Lophostemon or Brush Box)—E. 50. A valuable shade or street tree of very rapid growth. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen. TC-C-In.
ULMUS Chinensis—E. 30. Chinese Weeping Elm. Hardy all climates. 2/6. A.
Campestris—D. 80. English Elm. 2/6. T.
VERONICA—E. 2-4. Several varieties in pink, blue, mauve and purplish red. 1/9. A.
VIBURNUM Opulus (Guelder Rose or Snowball Tree)—D. 8. Hardy, spring flowering. 2/-. A.
Timus (Laurustinus)—E. 6. White flowers. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen. A.
VIRGILIA Capensis—E. 20. Pink, pea-shaped flowers in spring; distinct fern-like foliage. 2/-. A.
WARATAH—See *Telopea*.
WATTLES—See *Acacias*.
WEDDING BELLS—See *Deutzia*.
WEIGELA—See *Diervilla*.
WILLOWS—See *Salix*.

ADVANCED SHRUBS AND TREES

We have prepared a list of Advanced Plants and will be pleased to send a copy on request. These Advanced Plants are grown mostly in tins or large pots, and, owing to their weight, are usually forwarded by rail or steamer and not by post.

CONIFERS

This class of tree is generally most suitable for a cool mountain or tableland climate, but certain varieties, as indicated, will succeed in other parts. Prices as stated. Packing and Carriage extra.
ARAUCARIA Bidwilli (Bunya Bunya)—100. A handsome tree with shiny, deep green leaves. Very prickly. 2/6. A.
Excelsa (Norfolk Island Pine)—100. Hardy, specially recommended for coast. 2/6. A.
BUNYA PINE—See *Araucaria*.
CEDRUS Atlantica (Mount Atlas or Silver Cedar)—80. Handsome, silvery foliage. 3/6. C-T-In.
Deodara (Indian Cedar)—50. An

CEDRUS (continued)—
extremely beautiful tree, suitable for specimen or for avenue planting. 3/6. A.
CRYPTOMERIA Plumosa — 15-20. Dense soft, downy foliage, turning bronzy red in winter. 2/6. T.
Elegans—E. 40. Foliage turns brown in autumn. 2/6.
CUPRESSUS Arizona (Arizona Cypress)—20. Hardy everywhere. 2/6. A.
Brunniana Aurea—10. A form of golden macrocarpa. Suitable for lawn specimen or hedge. 4/-. Larger, 7/6. C-T-In.
Lambertiana Horizontalis — 50. Largely used for planting as tall hedge or breakwind. 4/- each; 44/- dozen. C-T-In.
Lambertiana Horizontalis Aurea—40. Beautiful golden foliage. Makes an attractive specimen. 5/-. Larger, 8/6. A.
Sempervirens (Pencil Pine)—50. An upright growing pine. 2/- each; 22/- dozen. A.
Torulosa—25. The foliage is close and thick from the ground level. Specially suitable for a close-growing windbreak. 4/- each; 44/- dozen. A.
JUNIPERUS Africana (Juniper)—3. Dwarf, compact growth. Suitable for pot, tub, rockery, or lawn specimen. 2/6. Larger, 3/6 and 7/6 each. A.
Hibernica (Irish Juniper)—12. Slow growing, compact. 2/6.
Virginiana—25. Fast growing. Suitable for tub or lawn specimen. 2/6. A.
NORFOLK ISLAND PINE—See *Araucaria Excelsa*.
PINUS Insignis—100. Largely used for breakwinds. Fast growing. 1/6 each; 16/- dozen; 100/- 100. C-T-In.
RETINOSPORA Obtusa Crippsii—12. Rich golden foliage. 3/6. T.
Plumosa—15. Dark green feathery foliage. 2/6. T.
Plumosa aurea—12. Golden variegated. 3/6. T.
Squarrosa—E. 10. Silvery green foliage. 2/6. T.
THUYA Orientalis (Biotia)—4. Dwarf growing. Suitable for tub or specimen. 2/6.

CLIMBING PLANTS

Climbing plants are invaluable for relieving the formality of buildings, pergolas, trellises, etc., providing a restful and home-like effect. If the selection is left to us, we will choose suitable plants for the district where they are to be planted, but it will help considerably if the purpose for which they are required is stated when ordering.

The letters C-T-In, etc., indicate the climates for which the varieties are suitable.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Six climbing plants, our selection, for 8/6 packed. Carriage extra. We select varieties that are suitable for the climate for which they are required.

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VARIETIES

Prices as stated. Packing and Carriage extra.

* Denotes varieties that will cling to walls, etc., by stem rootlets. Colour refers to flowers.

AKEBIA Quinata—E. Purplish coloured flowers. Hardy. 2/-. A.
***AMPELOPSIS** Veitchii (Virginian Creeper)—D. Crimson foliage in autumn. 2/-. A.
ANTIGONON Leptopus — E. Rose pink. Useful as cut flower. 2/-. TC-C.

ARISTOLOCHIA Elegans (Dutchman's Pipe)—E. Flowers extraordinary shape and markings. 1/9. TC-C.
BANANA PASSION FRUIT—See *Tacsonia Mollissima*.
BIGNONIA (Syn. *Tecoma*)—Australis (Wonga Wonga Vine)—E. Cream and brown flowers. Vigorous. 2/-. A.

BIGNONIA (continued)—
Cherere—E. Large scarlet. 2/-. TC-C-In.
Grandiflora—D. Orange. Magnificent sprays. 2/-. TC-C.
Guilfoylei—D. Orange brown. 2/-. TC-C.
Lindleyana—E. Lilac. 2/-. TC-C-In.
Rosea—D. Rosy lilac. 2/-. A.

BIGNONIA (continued)—

Tweediania (Chicken's Claw)—E. Rich yellow. Hardy. 2/-. A.
Venusta—E. Orange, tubular flowers. Winter flowering. 2/-. TC-C-In.

BOUGAINVILLEA—May also be grown as large shrub. Plant in spring.

Glabra Sanderiana—E. Magenta; free flowering. 1/9. TC-C-In.
Laterita—E. Brick red. 5/-. TC-C.
Magnifica Trailli—E. The best purple. 2/-. TC-C-In.
Mrs. Butt—E. The new ruby red variety. 3/6. TC-C.
Rosea—E. Strawberry pink. 3/6. TC-C.

CLEMATIS *Montana*—D. White flowers. 2/-. C-T.
Montana Rubens—D. Pink. 2/-. C-T.

COBAEA *Scandens*—E. Purple. 1/9. TC-C.

DUTCHMAN'S PIPE—See *Aristolochia*.

***FICUS** (Climbing Fig) *Stipulata*—E. Useful for covering walls, etc. 1/9. TC-C-In.
Minima—E. Small-leaved variety. 1/9. TC-C-In.

GELSEMIUM *Sempervirens* (Carolina Jasmine)—E. Scented yellow. 2/-. A.

***HEDERA** (Ivy)—E. Green foliage. 2/-. Variegated foliage. 2/6. A.

HONEYSUCKLE—See *Lonicera*.

IPOMEA *Learii*—Blue Perennial Morning Glory. 2/-. TC-C-In.

IVY—See *Hedera*.

JASMINUM *Grandiflorum*—E. White. 1/9. A. (See also Shrubs.)

Primulinum—E. Semi-double yellow. 1/9. A. (See also Shrubs.)

Stephanense—E. Pink. 1/9. A.

LATHYRUS *Pubescens* (Argentine Pea)—E. Perennial Pea. Pale violet. 1/6. A.

LONICERA (Honeysuckle) *Caprifolium* (Goat's Leaf or Woodbine)—E. Yellowish. 2/-. A.

Sinensis (White and Red)—E. 2/-. A.

Tartarica Splendens—E. Scarlet. 2/-. A.

Hildebrandti—E. A recent introduction. Large, yellow flowers, 3 to 4 inches long, strongly perfumed. 2/6. TC-C.

PASSION FRUIT—See Fruit Section.

PERENNIAL PEA—See *Lathyrus*.

PHASEOLUS *Caracalla* (Snail Flower)—E. Curious cream and purple flowers. Scented. 2/-. C-T-In.

RHYNCHOSPERMUM *Jasminoides*—E. White. Fragrant. 2/-. A.

SNAIL FLOWER—See *Phaseolus*.

SOLANDRA *Nitida* (Golden Cup)—Large, golden yellow, scented flowers. Extra vigorous grower. 2/6 TC-C.

SOLANUM *Seaforthianum*—E. Clusters of small, blue flowers; red berries. 2/-. TC-C.

Wendlandii—E. Lavender blue. 2/-. TC-C.

STEPHANOTIS *Floribunda*—E. White, richly perfumed. Requires warm, sheltered position. 2/6. TC-C.

TACSONIA *Mollissima* (Banana Passion Fruit)—E. Blooms soft pink; fruit creamy-white, edible. 1/6. A.

TECOMA—See *Bignonia*.

THUNBERGIA *Gibsonii* (Golden Glory Vine)—Brilliant orange. Very attractive; free blooming if watered regularly and manured. 1/6. TC-C-In.

Laurifolia—Clusters of large, pale blue flowers. 2/-. TC-C-In.

WISTARIA—Suitable for training up trees, over trellis work, etc. All deciduous.

Multijuga—A Japanese variety, with beautiful purple flowers. 2/-. A.

Multijuga Rosea—Rosy lilac. 2/-. A.

Sinensis Alba—White. 2/-. A.

Sinensis (Double Blue)—2/6. A.

Sinensis (Single)—Delicate lavender blue. 2/-. A.

ORNAMENTAL HEDGES

In almost every garden there is a situation where a hedge, whether tall or low, will serve a useful purpose. We have selected here a number of plants that are reliable for hedges, and have also drawn attention to those that are specially attractive on account of flower or foliage.

LOW HEDGES

Limited to about two or three feet, these are planted either as a border or to form a division in the garden. The following plants stand out as being useful for this type of hedge:—

BERBERIS *Thunbergii Atropurpurea*—Although deciduous, makes an attractive hedge when in leaf. Plant 2 ft. apart. 2/6 each; 27/- dozen. Larger, 5/- each. C-T-In.

BUXUS *Sempervirens* (Dwarf Box)—Evergreen; growing to about 2 ft. Plant 18 inches to 2 ft. apart. Price, 1/6 each; 16/- doz. A.

LONICERA *Nitida*—A dwarf form of honeysuckle, very compact; may be kept cut as low as 6 inches, if desired, or allowed to grow to 2 ft. Cream, scented flowers in spring. Plant 2 ft. apart. Price, 1/6 each; 16/- doz. A.

ROSMARINUS (Rosemary)—This makes a nice evergreen hedge, planted 2 ft. apart. Price, 1/6 each; 16/- doz. A.

MEDIUM TO TALL HEDGES

This type of hedge is extensively used for shelter, either as a protection from wind or for privacy. Many plants suggested in the following list may be grown to a greater height than six feet, but if kept cut, they are quite suitable for hedges up to that height.

CERASUS *Lauro Cerasus* (English Laurel)—A fast-growing, dense green hedge, specially suitable for coast and tableland climates. Plant 3 ft. apart. Price, 2/- each; 22/- doz. C-T-In.

COPROSMA *Lucida*—A glossy-leaved plant. Very hardy. Specially recommended for planting near the sea. Fast growing. Plant 3 ft.

COPROSMA (continued)—

apart. Price, 1/6 each; 16/- doz. A. See also *Coprosma Lucida Variegata*, page 68.

CRATAEGUS *Crenulata* (Evergreen Hawthorn)—Red berries. 1/6 each; 16/- doz.

Pyracantha Angustifolia—Orange berries. 2/- each; 22/- doz. Planted 3 ft. apart, form a fine hedge.

CUPRESSUS *Lambertiana Horizontalis*—One of the hardiest and finest Cypress hedge plants. May be kept cut to form a close wall of green to six feet, or if allowed to grow, will make a taller hedge or breakwind up to 30 ft. Plant 4 ft. apart. Price, 4/- each; 44/- doz. C-T-In.

CUPRESSUS *Torulosa*—A nice hardy compactly-growing Cypress, specially suited for a close hedge—not as tall-growing as *Lambertiana Horizontalis*. Plant 3 ft. apart. Price, 4/- each; 44/- doz. A.

DURANTA *Plumieri*—A fast-growing, blue flowering shrub, useful as a close hedge, suitable for coast and tropical climates only, as it is liable to damage by frost. Plant 3 ft. apart. Price, 1/6 each; 16/- doz. TC-C.

LANTANA *Chelsea Gem*—An orange and red flowered variety, suitable for coastal districts or where frosts are light. Plant 2 ft. apart. 1/- each; 11/- doz. TC-C.

LIGUSTRUM *Aureum* (Golden Privet)—An attractive and hardy plant for hedge or specimen, but requires a sunny position to produce its rich golden colour. Plant 18 inches apart. Open Ground Plants—5/- doz.; 35/- per 100.

Pot Grown Plants—1/- each; 11/- doz.

LIGUSTRUM (continued)—

Larger Plants—1/6 each; 16/- doz. A.

Lucidum (Large-leaved Privet)—

Very fast growing and useful for forming a quick hedge, but generally used for taller hedges over 6 ft. Plant 18 inches apart. Price, 3/- doz.; 20/- per 100. A.

Pubescens or *Vulgaris* (Small-leaved Privet)—The most popular of all hedge plants. Very hardy, and forms a close hedge quickly, if planted about 12 inches apart. Price, 3/- doz.; 20/- per 100. A.

OLEA *Europa* (Common Olive)—This is not the commercial fruiting olive (see Fruit Section) but a hardy variety suitable for forming a thick hedge. Plant 2 ft. apart. Price, 1/- each; 11/- doz. Larger size, 1/6 each; 16/- doz. A.

PHOTINIA *Glabra Rubens*—A distinctive hedge plant which, if clipped regularly at short intervals, produces a mass of brilliant red young foliage. Plant 3 ft. apart. Price, 2/- each; 22/- doz. Larger advanced plants, 5/- each. A.

PLUMBAGO *Capensis*—Pretty light blue flowers. Plant 2 ft. apart. Price, 1/6 each; 16/- doz. TC-C.

ROSES—When planting Roses for a hedge, it is advisable to plant all the one variety to ensure uniformity. Border Roses (Dwarf Polyanthas) are usually spaced 18 inches apart; Roses for taller hedges, 2 ft. 6 ins. to 3 ft. apart.

TECOMA *Capensis*—A hardy orange-scarlet flowering shrub; may be kept down to 4 to 6 feet, or allowed to grow taller. Plant 3 ft. apart. Price, 1/6 each; 16/- doz. TC-C-In.

VIBURNUM *Tinus* (Laurustinus)—An old English favourite. Pink buds, white flowers. Suits colder climates. Plant 3 ft. apart. Price, 1/6 each; 16/- doz. A.

CARRIAGE IS CHARGED ON ALL ITEMS ON THIS PAGE.

Owing to war-time conditions, prices quoted on this page are those at date of issue, and are subject to alteration without notice.



MODEL "A," 31/6.
Postage: N.S.W. . . . 2/-
Adjacent States . . . 3/6
W.A. and S.A. . . . 5/-
Fitted with Patent Allways Nozzle.

Model "B" is a little smaller than Model "A."

SPRAY PUMPS AND FARM IMPLEMENTS

"REGA"

HIGH PRESSURE BUCKET SPRAY PUMPS.

Suitable for Spraying Lime, Sulphur, and preparations based on Liver of Sulphur, Sulphoids, Bordeaux Mixture, Arsenate of Lead, Oil Emulsions, Veterinary Drenches, Cattle and Sheep Oils, Lime and Whitewash Sprays, etc. Disinfecting Dairies, Stables, Kennels, Fowlhouses, Piggeries, Stagnant Pools, Destroying Mosquito Larvae, etc. Washing Windows, Cars, Carts, etc.

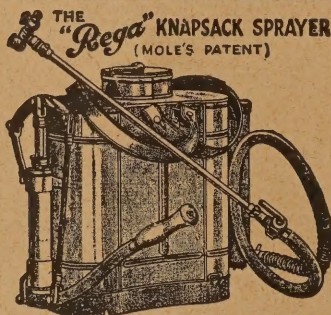
Equipment— $\frac{1}{2}$ x 3-ply Spray Hose.

MODEL "B," 28/9.

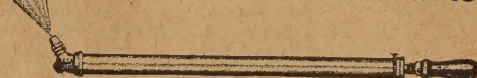
Postage: N.S.W. . . . 2/-
Adjacent States . . . 3/6
W.A. and S.A. . . . 5/-
Fitted with Bordeaux Cyclone Nozzle.

"REGA" KNAPSACK SPRAYER

Brass Alloy :
£5/7/6.
Packing free.
Lead Coated :
For Acid Content
Liquids,
£6/9/6.
Packing free.



THE "REGA MIST" HAND SPRAYING SYRINGE



THE BEST GENERAL PURPOSE SYRINGE.

18in. x 7in. Price, 7/6. Giant, 18in. x 14in. Price, 11/3
Postage: N.S.W., 1/-; adjacent States, 1/6; S.A. and W.A., 2/-.



THE "REGA"

PNEUMATIC

KNAPSACK SPRAYER

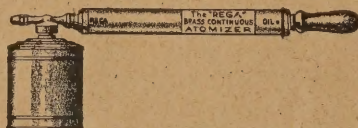
Size : 7in. x 20in. by 3 Gallons.
Working Capacity : 2 Gallons.

NET WEIGHT, 9lb.

SCIENTIFICALLY CONSTRUCTED.

Container made of Special Brass Alloy to withstand the action of Lime Sulphur and preparations based on Liver of Sulphur.
Price, 76/- . Packing free.

"REGA" BRASS CONTINUOUS ATOMIZER



Specially designed for Spraying Horticultural Insecticides and Garden Sprays of all Descriptions. Price, 8/8.
Postage extra : N.S.W., 1/-; adjacent States, 1/6; S.A. and W.A., 2/-.

"REGA" KNAPSACK DUST SPRAYERS

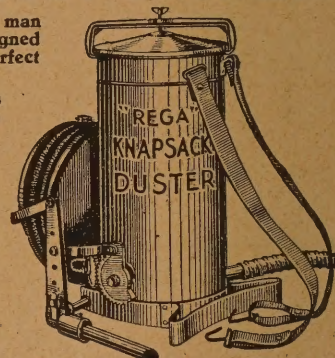
The most powerful One-man DUSTER built to-day. Designed and constructed to give perfect satisfaction.

Capacity - - 15 pounds
Weight - - 18 pounds

Equipment: Two 12in. Extension Tubes and Spoon Spreader for ground work. 1in. x 2ft. 8in. Wire-wound Air Hose, that will not kink, crack, or break.

THE "REGA" KNAPSACK DUST SPRAYER is a force-feed machine. The 600 cubic inch bellows capacity develops a most powerful drive, making it possible to reach

high trees or cover wide areas on ground work. The power and force of the blast drives the dust to every crevice and tightly curved leaves. Price, 119/- . Packing free.



12 INCH EXTENSION

12 INCH EXTENSION

"REGA" HAND DUSTERS

Model "O." Capacity, $\frac{1}{2}$ -pint. Price 4/7
Postage: N.S.W., 1/-; adjacent States, 1/6; S.A. and W.A., 2/-
Model "Bonza." Capacity, $\frac{3}{4}$ -pint. Price 6/5
Postage: N.S.W., 1/-; adjacent States, 1/6; S.A. and W.A., 2/-
Model "D2." Capacity, 4 lbs. Price 18/2
Postage: N.S.W., 1/6; adjacent States, 2/6; S.A. and W.A., 3/6

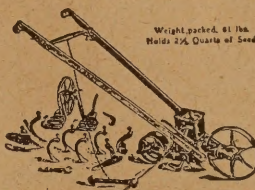
MINTERN HILL AND DRILL SEEDERS

DOUBLE WHEEL HOES

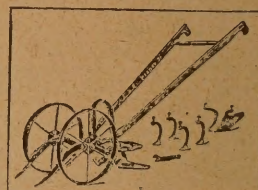
SINGLE WHEEL HOES

HAND PLOWS AND HORSE HOES

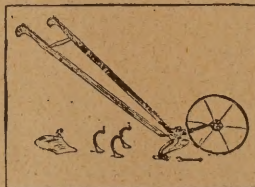
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The No. 25 Combined Hill and Drill Seeder and Double Wheel Hoe. Price, £7/14/-

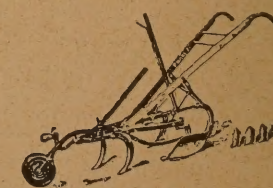


No. 12 Double and Single Wheel Hoe Combined. Price £3/10/-



No. 17 Single Wheel Hoe. This machine does similar work to the Double Wheel Hoes. Price £2/8/-

No. 16. The same as No. 17, with the addition of one three-tooth Rake and one five-tooth Rake to the equipment. Price £2/13/6



No. 8 Horse Hoe is a combination Horse Hoe and Plain Cultivator. Fitted with Wheel and Depth Regulator. Price £5/12/6

SPRAYING MATERIALS

It is essential that whenever disease or pests commence to work havoc in a garden, to know what preparation to use to obtain quickest and best control. See Yates' Garden Guide for full information regarding garden pests and remedies, also write for special leaflets and price list covering all preparations that are required.

The following information is a brief guide for determining the correct remedy. Generally speaking, diseases and pests come under three categories, i.e., Fungus, Chewing Insects and Sap-sucking Insects.

FUNGUS—and preventative sprays.

Fungi appear on plants in various forms. Here are some, with remedies:—

MILDEW—is caused by insufficient circulation of air under humid conditions, and also insufficient drainage. Vine crops (Cucumbers, etc.), Tomatoes, Carnations and Roses are affected. Dust with Flowers of Sulphur or spray with Colloidal Sulphur.

BLACK SPOT—of Fruit Trees. Spray during winter with Harola Lime Sulphur—1 part to 10 parts of water.

IRISH BLIGHT—of Tomatoes, Potatoes, etc. Shows black "water-soaked" smudge on leaf edges and quickly spreads. Spray with Bordeaux Mixture—1oz. to a gallon of water.

"YELLOW"—of Sweet Peas, Iceland Poppies, etc. Keep plants healthy with regular sprayings of Condry's Crystals—1/3rd oz. to 4 gallons of water.

WIRE STEM—also "damping off" of seedlings. Plants soften at ground level and fall over. Spray with Corrosive Sublimate—a deadly poison—1 oz. to 12 gallons of water.

RIDDING THE GARDEN OF INSECTS.

1. **CHEWING INSECTS**.—Keep plants regularly dusted with Derris Dust (non-poisonous).

Snails and Slugs.—A search for these after dark will enable numbers to be destroyed. Also use a bait.

Cut Worms, and Other Soil-inhabiting Pests.—Fumigate with Vaporite. Use 2oz. to the square yard. The follow-

Write for special leaflets giving details as to quantities of each preparation to use, and also price list.

ing poison bait is also effective. Make 1oz. Paris Green, 1lb. Bran and 1lb. Treacle into a crumbly mash by adding a little water. Roll into small pellets. Keep away from children and pets.

Caterpillars.—Dust with Derris Dust or spray with Arsenate of Lead—1oz. to 3 gals. water.

Woodlice and Slaters, Crickets, Beetles and Grasshoppers.—Use the Paris Green bait mentioned for Cut Worms.

2. **SAP-SUCKING INSECTS**—are killed by contact. They drain the sap from the tissues of the plants by the insertion of their beak.

Aphides.—A bluish-green, soft-bodied insect. Use a strong solution of good washing soap. They can also be hosed off the plants. Where very persistent, spray with Nicotine Sulphate—1oz. to 4 gallons of water.

Thrips.—A minute lice-like insect. Dust with Derris Dust or spray with Nicotine Sulphate.

Rutherglen Bug.—A small fly-like insect. Attacks Tomatoes and soft fruit, also young "tops." Repel with Benzole Emulsion, also dust with Derris Dust.

Mealy Bug.—A soft-bodied, cottony-covered insect. Spray with Nicotine Sulphate—1oz. to 10 gallons of water.

NOTE: To make an all-purpose spray, one that will control chewing and most sap-sucking insects, as well as fungi, mix 1 quart Lime-Sulphur to 10 gallons of water and add 1 lb. Arsenate of Lead.

MANURES & FERTILISERS

We stock small quantities of fertilisers, packed only in 7 lb., 28 lb. and 56 lb. parcels, such as Superphosphate, Blood and Bone, Sulphate of Iron, Sulphate of Ammonia, Sulphate of Potash, Nitrate of Soda, and special Mixed Garden Fertilisers such as Shirley's No. 5 for potatoes, tomatoes, peas and beans and most fruit trees; and Shirley's No. 12—a general all-round garden fertiliser for all plants except peas and beans. Write for our leaflets and prices.

HOTKAPS

A Miniature Hothouse for each plant. Give the plants protection against frost, heavy rain, and insects. Price, 2/- doz.; 12/- per 100; 100/- per 1000 (Freight extra).



MINTERN BROADCAST SEED SOWER

The "Mintern" Broadcast Seed Sower is a splendid machine for broadcast sowing of Clover, Sudan Grass, Millet, Lucerne, Pasture Grass, and small grain. Weight, when packed, 15 lbs.

Price 50/-
(Freight extra.)

BOOKS

The following book is published by us. It has been specially written by our experts and is full of useful and up-to-date information:—

YATES' GARDEN GUIDE—Most useful to the Amateur. Contains 127 pages, and is one of the best general handbooks on gardening in Australia. Price .. 1/- Post Free. We can also supply the following publications issued by the Department of Agriculture:—

THE FARMERS' HANDBOOK—An authoritative book on all phases of agriculture in New South Wales.

Price Cloth bound, 10/6; postage 8d. extra

PRUNING—Every orchardist should have a copy.

Price 3/- each; postage 3d. extra

ALL QUOTATIONS ON THIS PAGE ARE SUBJECT TO MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.

SUNDRY GARDEN REQUISITES

In garden work, whether for the home or market, there are many sundry articles required. We keep in stock a comprehensive range with the exception of garden tools. Please write for particulars and prices of Orchid Peat (Todea Fibre), Sphagnum Moss and Raffia. Other items required from time to time for special purposes are Wood Labels, Paper and Zinc Rose Labels, Waterproof Paper Pots, Garden Tying (Hemp) Twine, Garden Pencils, and Bulb Growing Fibre. We will be pleased to quote any of these items on request.

DO YOU FEED YOUR BIRDS ON YATES' BIRD SEED?

WE PACK—

YATES' TOPNOTE, in 2-lb. bags, for Canaries and small birds.

YATES' PARROT FOOD, in 2-lb. bags. A complete food for Parrots, Cockatoos, Parrakeets, etc.

YATES' SPECIAL CANARY MIXTURE, in 1-lb. cartons. The Canary's perfect diet.

YATES' SPECIAL PARROT FOOD WITHOUT MAIZE, in 1½-lb. cartons. A perfect diet for the smaller Parrots, Parrakeets, etc.

ASK FOR THEM BY NAME AT YOUR LOCAL GROCER'S. The condition of your birds will show you the difference in **YATES' RELIABLE BIRD SEED.**

PEATMOSS

Have you tried it? Excellent for mixing in the soil for raising seedlings or for fern baskets; also valuable top-dressing for lawns. We will be pleased to quote on application.

WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET
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BARREL PUMPS AND GARDEN SYRINGES, Etc., Etc.

TERMS OF BUSINESS

PLEASE NOTE—CONDITIONS OF SALE AND NON-WARRANTY.

WE believe that all Seeds Bulbs and Roots sold by us are of the description and kind specified by us at the time of sale but owing to the practical impossibility in many cases of being certain of this we give no undertaking that such Seeds Bulbs or Roots will correspond with the description under which they are sold and we make all sales subject to this condition. We further give no warranty expressed or implied as to their growth description quality or productiveness and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods sold to him on these terms they are at once to be returned to us and any money paid to us will be refunded.

BUY FROM the STOREKEEPER STOCKING YATES' PACKET SEEDS in YOUR OWN TOWN.

In every town and village of importance throughout the Commonwealth there is at least one leading retailer who stocks Yates' Reliable Seeds in sealed and dated packets. These packets are always fresh, as old stock is regularly destroyed by us and replaced with new season's packets. Note the name and date on every packet.

In most cases, the Local Distributors for our Packet Seeds will be pleased to have your orders for Yates' Bulk Seeds, Bulbs, and Plants. These are not, as a rule, carried in stock, but will be obtained promptly for your special order.

Packet Seeds sold out and other lines not regularly stocked can be obtained by them from us at short notice, and customers are specially requested to write to us if they have any difficulty in obtaining supplies of our seeds, etc. Look for the name "YATES" on every bag, label, and package. Write us for name and address of the nearest Distributor.

OR, IF PREFERRED, DIRECT FROM OUR MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT.

We have established a special department with all facilities for dealing carefully and expeditiously with this section of our business. The Order Blank accompanying this catalogue will be found convenient for customers, and its use will facilitate our prompt filling of orders. We make every effort to ensure the despatch of seed orders within 48 hours of receipt of letter, many orders going same day as received.

Orders for Plants have to be transmitted to our Nurseries, and the Plants then dug, packed and despatched, so these orders will take rather longer, and customers will greatly oblige by making allowance for this extra time, and especially so in wet weather, when nursery work is greatly hampered.

Customers dealing direct with us are especially asked to note the following:—

HOW TO ADDRESS ORDERS AND ENQUIRIES.

Letters Box 2707 C, G.P.O., Sydney
Telegrams "Seedsman Sydney"
Cables "Seedsman Sydney"
Telephone Calls . . MA 6771 (9 lines)

POST TOWN, STATE and SIGNATURE.

Please be sure that your order bears these particulars before posting. This is important, as we get many orders during the year which are delayed or cannot be forwarded through the omission of one or more of these particulars. Ladies will assist us in avoiding errors in addressing by prefixing Mrs. or Miss as the case may be.

REMITTANCES.

Except where customers have an account with us, all orders must be accompanied by remittance, which should be in postal notes, money orders, or small amounts in stamps. If country cheques are sent, 6d. for exchange must be added.

N.B.—When sending Bank Notes through the Post, or letters containing Coins or other valuables, they should always be registered. Postal Notes should be made payable to us, in Sydney, and a record kept by the sender of the numbers of the Notes, and the date of issue.

SUBSTITUTING.

On account of the difficulty in obtaining full supplies of many lines, and the failures of crops of others, we will, if unable to supply the exact variety ordered, substitute for it some other variety of a similar nature, which will, in our opinion, give satisfactory results.

Should customers wish us not to follow this plan with their orders, it is only necessary to state on the order: "Do not substitute."

METHOD OF FORWARDING.

Customers are requested to give full and careful directions with each order as to the method they wish goods forwarded, and we will do our utmost to comply with them. When no instructions are received we send according to our judgment.

We deliver all goods free on rail, wharf, post office, or carrier, Sydney, after which our responsibility ceases, but we take special care in packing so that our goods will carry well. We remind customers that all postal or carriage charges on Packet and Bulk Vegetable Seeds (except Peas and Beans), and on Flower Seeds, Bulbs (except where otherwise stated), and on certain special Collections of Plants (where stated) are paid by us through to destination.

PRICES, POSTAGE AND FREIGHT CHARGES.

Vegetable Seeds.—With but few exceptions all standard packets of Vegetable Seeds are sold at 6d. per packet, and are post free, except Peas and Beans (which are also specially quoted at post paid prices). We also offer in 3d. packets a range of varieties of the more popular kinds of vegetables (except Peas and Beans) for those who specially require them. Vegetable Seeds by weight (except Peas and Beans) are post free at our current rates.

Flower Seeds.—Popular and widely used varieties are offered in 6d. and 3d. packets, the 6d. size being the standard packet, with fuller sowings, and of choicer strains. Less common kinds are sold in 6d. packets only, while rare and expensive varieties and collections are priced at 1/- and up to 2/6 per packet and in some cases higher. Flower Seeds in packets and also by weight are post free at the prices quoted in this catalogue.

Plants, Agricultural Seeds, and Other Goods.—Postage or freight is to be paid by the purchaser on all these goods except where prices are specially quoted Post Free (or Paid) or Carriage Free (or Paid); and the goods are at purchaser's risk after we have obtained clean receipt from the Railways, Shipping Company, Carriers, or Post Office.

For postage and passenger train rates, see page 75.

Sydney Suburban Delivery.—Within the Sydney Suburban area, namely, that bounded by Watson's Bay—Botany—Sutherland (including Cronulla), Bankstown and East Hills District—Parramatta—Carlingford—Hornsby—Manly, delivery charges are, for each package, up to 14 lbs., 6d.; up to 42 lbs., 9d.; up to 1 cwt. or full sack lots, 1/-; over 1 cwt. or one sack, 9d. for each additional bag, case, or package. Deliveries to most of the nearby suburbs can be made twice daily. In addition to the above, we have made arrangements to deliver at the same charges to Camden, Penrith, Richmond and Palm Beach. If goods are damaged on arrival, they should be signed for as such, and a claim entered.

Goods Train Packages.—Will our customers please note that parcels under 14 lbs. cannot be sent by Goods Train on the New South Wales Railways, and that Passenger Train rates or postage should be allowed on "Carriage Extra" item.

TERMS OF BUSINESS (CONTINUED)

URGENT ORDERS.

If wanting Seeds urgently, wire "Seedsman Sydney." Telegrams so addressed reach us promptly, and have our immediate attention. Be sure to sign name in full and advise full forwarding instructions. Customers not known to us should wire remittance also, or give satisfactory Sydney business reference.

SEEDLINGS.

In response to many requests and in an endeavour to render complete service to our valued clients, we have now made arrangements to supply all the more popular varieties when specially requested. Every care will be taken with the packing and the orders will be despatched direct from the raiser, in order to prevent delay. Of course, we cannot guarantee the strains, but we have every confidence in the Seedling Grower, and all plants will be sturdy, well rooted, and of good quality.

We strongly advise our customers to buy the seeds and raise their own plants, for they will be sure of getting good strains which have been tested under our own strict supervision. Furthermore, the Seedlings can be transplanted on any favourable occasion, whereas if the plants are purchased as Seedlings they must be planted without any delay. However, if the Seedlings are preferred, either on account of the lateness of the season or for some other reason, then, as mentioned above, we shall be very pleased indeed to receive your order.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We are always pleased to advise customers, or assist them with any information at our disposal, but we ask that letters of enquiry and general correspondence be as concise as possible, and be written separately from orders to avoid confusion and possible delay.

We regret we cannot undertake the planning of whole gardens or grounds, but will always be pleased to suggest suitable varieties for some special conditions of soil, location, or purpose.

OVERSEAS ORDERS.

Overseas clients will oblige us by noting the special matter set out on loose sheet inserted with each catalogue posted overseas.

CASH-ON-DELIVERY MAIL ORDERS.

Customers for whom it is inconvenient to send a remittance by Postal Notes or other means, may instruct us to send seeds, etc. (not plants), by Cash-on-Delivery Post. Under this scheme the cost of the goods plus Postal Dept. commission charge is indicated on the parcel. The Postmaster will give delivery at the customer's post office (see below) on receipt of cash to the value indicated. The minimum postage on each package is the ordinary Parcels Post rate for 1 lb. Perishable goods such as plants and seedlings, and the cheaper "Packets, Samples and Merchandise" rate cannot be used for Cash-on-Delivery goods.

For New South Wales Clients.

Small parcels weighing under 14 lbs., not including perishable goods, can be despatched C.O.D. by Passenger Train, but not by Goods Train.

NOTE—Many small post offices have not the facilities for giving delivery under this scheme—see Postal Guide or refer to your Postmaster.

Postal Dept. Commission Charges.

Amount specified to be collected on delivery of Cash-on-Delivery Parcel.	Commission.	
	s.	d.
Not exceeding 10s.	0	9
Over 10s. but not exceeding £1	1	0
Over £1 but not exceeding £1 10s.	1	3
Over £1 10s. but not exceeding £2	1	6
Each additional £1 or fraction thereof	3d.	additional

Customers Outside Australia.

The above scheme cannot be operated outside Australia except in Papua, New Guinea, Nauru, and Fiji.

CARRIAGE RATES

A number of items in this catalogue are quoted carriage extra. To enable customers to ascertain the cost of carriage we publish below Current Packet and Parcel Post Rates, and Railway Passenger Train Rates.

PACKET POST RATES—1d. per 2 oz. or portion thereof. Maximum 1 lb.

PARCEL POST RATES FROM SYDNEY	NOT EXCEEDING.										
	1 lb.	2 lb.	3 lb.	4 lb.	5 lb.	6 lb.	7 lb.	8 lb.	9 lb.	10 lb.	11 lb.
To places within 30 mile radius of Sydney	s. d. 6 9	s. d. 1 0	s. d. 1 3	s. d. 1 3	s. d. 1 3	s. d. 1 6	s. d. 1 6	s. d. 1 6	s. d. 1 9	s. d. 1 9	s. d. 1 9
To places in New South Wales outside 30 mile radius, also Lord Howe Island, Norfolk Island	9	1 0	1 3	1 6	1 6	2 0	2 0	2 0	2 9	2 9	2 9
To Victoria, Queensland, Tasmania	1 0	1 6	2 0	2 6	2 6	3 6	3 6	3 6	5 0	5 0	5 0
To South Australia, West Australia, North Australia, Central Australia, Papua, and New Guinea	1 3	2 0	2 9	3 6	3 6	5 0	5 0	5 0	7 3	7 3	7 3

RAILWAY PASSENGER TRAIN RATES N.S.W. (Only).

Miles.	NOT EXCEEDING.																			Each 28 lb. after
	1 lb.	2 lb.	3 lb.	4 lb.	5 lb.	6 lb.	7 lb.	8 lb.	9 lb.	10 lb.	11 lb.	12 lb.	13 lb.	14 lb.	28 lb.	42 lb.	56 lb.	84 lb.	112 lb.	
25	d. 5	d. 5	s. d. 5 6	s. d. 6 6	s. d. 6 6	s. d. 6 6	s. d. 6 6	s. d. 6 6	s. d. 6 6	s. d. 6 6	s. d. 6 6	s. d. 6 6	s. d. 6 6	s. d. 6 6	s. d. 1 0 1	s. d. 1 3 1	s. d. 1 3 1	s. d. 2 2 2	s. d. 2 6 2	s. d. 8 8
50	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	1 3 1	1 9 2	1 9 2	3 1 4	3 1 4	1 1
75	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	1 3 1	1 9 2	1 9 2	3 1 4	3 1 4	1 1
109	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7	1 3 1	1 9 2	1 9 2	3 1 4	3 1 4	1 1
125	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	1 3 1	1 9 2	1 9 2	3 1 4	3 1 4	1 1
150	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	1 3 1	1 9 2	1 9 2	3 1 4	3 1 4	1 1
175	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	1 3 1	1 9 2	1 9 2	3 1 4	3 1 4	1 1
200	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	1 3 1	1 9 2	1 9 2	3 1 4	3 1 4	1 1
250	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	1 3 1	1 9 2	1 9 2	3 1 4	3 1 4	1 1
300	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	1 3 1	1 9 2	1 9 2	3 1 4	3 1 4	1 1
350	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	1 3 1	1 9 2	1 9 2	3 1 4	3 1 4	1 1
400	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	1 3 1	1 9 2	1 9 2	3 1 4	3 1 4	1 1
500	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	1 3 1	1 9 2	1 9 2	3 1 4	3 1 4	1 1
600	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	1 3 1	1 9 2	1 9 2	3 1 4	3 1 4	1 1
700	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	1 3 1	1 9 2	1 9 2	3 1 4	3 1 4	1 1

ARTHUR YATES & CO. PTY. LTD.

Letters : P.O. Box 2707 C, Sydney.

Wires : "Seedsman Sydney."

'Phone : MA 6771 (9 lines).

184 - 186 SUSSEX STREET, SYDNEY
(Between King and Market Streets)

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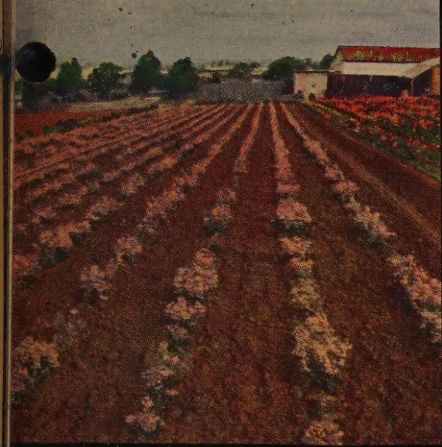
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Some more Yates' Colour-snaps

(Continued from inside front cover.)

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Top Row—The left hand picture shows a bed of Primula Malacoides, Dawkins Carmine Pink grown from seed saved from specially selected stock plants of the previous crop. The centre illustration is of Marigold Winter Delight—an Australian-raised strain which is outstanding for Winter blooms. Here too selection work is effecting great improvement. The right hand picture shows a nice even strain of Nemesia Blue Gem and here our constant "check testing" enables us to concentrate on just those stocks which are most even in habit and in colouring.

Centre Row—These three pictures are indicative of some

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Bottom Row—The centre picture shows Celosia Flame of Fire and we are very proud of our strain of this which we have selected and improved on our Trial Ground. The illustrations on the left and right respectively show Nemesia Compacta, a wonderful subject for massed bedding, and a lemon Calendula of which we now have some very fine strains. By constant test we find just which stocks are of best types.

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